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(Closing Stock Prices)

**

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HASTINGS CHARGES NRA DROPPED CASE TO MUDDLE ISSUE

Says Richberg Wants to
Delay Until Everything Is
So Mixed Up Law Will
Be Sustained.

LUMBER CODE TEST'S DISMISSAL ASSAILED

Senator Asserts It Shows
There Is No Honesty of
Purpose to Comply With
Constitution.

By the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Senator Hastings (Rep.), Delaware, issued a formal statement yesterday after the Government had dropped its case that presumably would have settled the question of the constitutionality of the NRA. He charged the administration with trying to confuse rather than clarify the problem (of prolonging the life of the NRA) now before Congress.

Hastings said the Attorney-General had delayed and handicapped Congress in its effort to comply with the President's request to tame and pass new NRA legislation to last two more years.

He said Attorney-General Cummins probably had acted at the request of Donald Richberg, NRA chief, after they had "reached the conclusion that the appeal could not be sustained."

Charges Attempt to Confuse.
Richberg: Hastings went on,
trying to confuse rather than
clarify the problem confronting the
nation. He hopes by the passage
of a new act to get rid of the many
problems in the lower courts holding
the NRA unconstitutional.

He hopes that by the time a
part of the new legislation can
be sent to the Supreme Court it
will be entangled with NRA
cases so that the Department of
Justice will be compelled to argue
that its confusion will follow a
decision of the Supreme Court.

The dismissal of the Belcher case
there is no honesty of purpose
in complying with the Constitution. It shows a determination
to set up a planned economy
and a huge bureaucracy in
the Constitution.

The dismissal of the Belcher case
does not make for progress,
but for confusion and delay
and the Congress leaves all law
and regulations conducting the
interests of the nation without pro-
tection. There should be enforce-
ment of the law. A successful enforcement
of the act is declared constitu-
tional.

Adverse Decision by Judge Grubb.

The decision was that of the NRA
against the authority against William E. Dickey, of Alabama, decided
against the Government by United States District Judge W. L. Dickey of Birmingham.

The Supreme Court yesterday
remanded the Government to drop
the case, granting the Justice Department motion to dismiss its
appeal.

Senator Hastings and Senator
Carroll, Sen., Missouri, had intro-
duced in the Senate a resolution
calling on the Attorney-General to
institute the Belcher appeal, but
it had not been filed when Stan-
ley Reed, United States Solicitor-
General, filed the motion to dismiss

case.

FRANCE TO MINT GOLD COINS

SWISS DEMAND GERMANS RETURN MISSING WRITER

Protest Says Sovereignty Has Been Violated
By Alleged Kidnapping of Refugee
At Masked Ball

By the Associated Press.

BERNE, Switzerland, April 2.—A demand for the return of the journalist, Berthold Jacob, alleged to have been kidnapped, and punishment for German officials allegedly involved was contained in a strong Swiss note of protest to Germany and would remain firm.

Threatens to Invoke Treaty.
"If the German Government continues to refuse satisfaction," said Motta, "we will invoke the treaty of 1921 drawn up between Switzerland and Germany. Our right seems obvious and will not permit weakening."

He said the German Foreign Office had promised a written reply to the Swiss note.

The Government ordered an investigation of the Nazi party in Switzerland. Officials indicated that the Swiss Nazis were suspected of participating in the kidnapping plot.

The Swiss Nazis, holding Fascist ideals, are organized on the exact pattern of the German Nazis. Led by Theodore Fischer, admittedly a follower of Reichsfuehrer Hitler, the "confederated National Socialists" fly the Swatika flag, use the Nazi salute and avowedly seek to drive all Jews from Switzerland. Fischer has said he believes all Switzerland's troubles would be solved by annexation to Germany.

ELECTED JURORS TRYING WOMAN ON MURDER CHARGE

Ancient French Law Used in
Criminal Cases on
Guernsey Island.

By the Associated Press.

SAINT PETER PORT, Guernsey Island, April 2.—A woman is being tried for murder by a jury chosen in popular election by the residents of this little channel island.

The quaint customs of medieval French law regulate the trial of Gertrude Elizabeth Delamare, 27-year-old housekeeper, charged with murdering Alfred Brouard, 76, a farmer, by cutting his throat, and forging his name to a will in her favor.

She is the first woman to be tried for murder in Guernsey's history and the first of 40 witnesses was summoned today.

After the trial opened yesterday, the defendant and the court made a six-mile trip to the farmhouse where Brouard lived with his housekeeper. The death scene was re-enacted as a husky Guernsey Constable lay in the victim's bed, playing the role of the farmer. Stenographers recorded every word uttered in the chamber.

In court the defendant faces a semi-circle of 11 purple-robed "jurats," elected to their positions for life. Each jurat must express his views on the case so that they may be heard by all in the courtroom. A majority vote is required for death sentence.

FRANCE TO MINT GOLD COINS

Premier Announces Plan to Show
Confidence in Finances.

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, April 2.—Premier Pierre Etienne Flandin announced today the army high command had decided to keep the French frontier ring of steel fortifications permanently garrisoned.

He confirmed reports of the movement of troops close to the Eastern border as part of precautionary defense measures. Referring to the rearment of Germany, he told the Chamber of Deputies:

"To face this powerfully organized army, France must organize her security—first, by having a strong army; second, by organizing military alliances for the organization of peace."

Stressing measures taken to guarantee French security, he continued:

"The Government must guard against sudden attack of any kind." He emphasized measures taken to organize anti-air defense, and announced that measures already taken had made it unnecessary to keep under colors the conscripts who finish their service this month.

Charging Germany's action in establishing a conscript army was "in violation of the treaty of Versailles" and the principles established by the League of Nations, he said:

"The whole edifice built up after the deaths of 1,500,000 Frenchmen during the war appears to have been destroyed and that is why we addressed our appeal to the League."

He said the military structure of France needed reorganization, in the light of the new German army and international agreements.

The chamber gave the Government a vote of 410 to 134 as an expression of its confidence. The Chamber adjourned to May 28.

Opponent of Death Penalty Drives
Back and Forth in Limousine
Haranguing Passersby.

LONDON, April 2.—Leonard Alford Brigstocke, a navy petty officer, who cut a shipmate's throat, was hanged in Wandsworth jail today while two airplanes, hired by an anti-capital punishment group, circled overhead.

The airplanes trailed large yellow banners reading, "Stop the Death Sentence." In the street in front of the jail trucks drove back and forth with the strains of "Abide With Me" blaring forth from loud speakers. Sandwich men distributed handbills to all who passed.

Brigstocke killed Chief Petty Officer Degan aboard the warship Marshal Soult Jan. 19 at Chatham.

Mrs. Violet Vanderelst, Kensington widow who is active in opposition to the death penalty, organized the demonstration. Arriving at the prison in her cream-colored limousine, driven by a chauffeur, she was soon in difficulty with the police. She took the chauffeur's place and drove back and forth shouting out of the window: "They are hanging an innocent man! We have last minute evidence to prove it!"

Seven Killed in Dynamite Explosion.

TURIN, Italy, April 2.—Twenty persons of dynamite exploded yesterday in a powder works in the nearby town of Avigliana, killing seven workmen and wounding several others.

Sunset 6:25. Sunrise (tomorrow)
5:42.



ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1935—32 PAGES.

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JUSTICE REBUKES FRAZIER-LEMKE HEARING LAWYER

McREYNOLDS REPRIMANDS
HIM FOR REFERENCE IN SU-
PREME COURT TO HUGHES'
PRIVATE PRACTICE.

MEMBERS QUESTION COUNSEL SHARPLY

BRANDEIS SAYS FARM MORT-
GAGE MORATORIUM LAW
TAKES AWAY "BOTH PROP-
ERTY AND DEBT."

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 2—Edwin A. Krauthoff, Chicago lawyer, was reprimanded by Associate Justice McReynolds during his argument on the constitutionality of the Frazier-Lemke farm mortgage moratorium act before the Supreme Court today.

The attorney had commented that Chief Justice Hughes, while in private practice, defended the Joint Stock Land Bank Law, which Krauthoff termed "a device to enable men with capital to lend money to farmers without paying an income tax."

He was asserting that the banks had "pressed loans" on farmers and then "oppressed them for payment" when Justice McReynolds interruped.

"Why do you address an argument like that to this Court?" he said sharply. "It seems to me that you are addressing an argument which this Court could not consider with any self respect."

Krauthoff, coloring under the rebuke, said: "I beg your pardon, but I feel that the question is whether bankers will be allowed to dispossess farmers, and make them peasants and tenants, or allow them to keep their farms."

JUSTICES QUESTION LAWYERS.

Earlier, several members of the court had questioned Harry H. Peterson, Minnesota Attorney-General, on a provision of the Frazier-Lemke law permitting farmers to clear mortgaged indebtedness by paying a sum fixed by appraisers, and taking away the right of mortgage-holders to take over the property in lieu of settlement of the mortgage.

"And you call that a bankruptcy act?" asked McReynolds.

Justices Brandeis, Stone, Sutherland and Roberts also took part in the interrogation.

Peterson said he thought the "principle of transferring the lien on farm property to the proceeds of a sale answers the question," adding: "If a creditor gets the full value of the property, he isn't deprived of anything."

Justices Brandeis commented: "But this is a case where they take away both the property and the debt."

Arguments were concluded today and the court took the case under advisement.

Law to Save Agriculture.

Arguments were opened yesterday with members of the court frequently asking questions of counsel.

John W. Davis, Democratic nominee for President in 1924, assailed the act as "arbitrary, capricious and unreasonable."

The law was defended by one of the authors, Representative Lemke (Rep.), North Dakota and Peterson, who successfully upheld his own State's moratorium law in a Supreme Court test a year ago.

President Roosevelt, who said when he signed the act a year ago that it was "loosely worded" and would "require amendment," was quoted by Davis as saying "it will prevent deficiency judgments, a form of liability which in the judgment of many thinking business men ought to be abolished entirely."

Davis commented that "I am constrained to say that notwithstanding what many thinking business men may hold, I think the abolition of that right is taking property without due process of law."

Lemke told the court that the statute "isn't an emergency law, but one dealing with an emergency." He said in some states 50 or 60 per cent of the farmers had lost their land since the depression. "This law was to save agriculture and prevent its collapse," he told the court.

Associate Justice Sutherland asked Lemke if he considered five years a "reasonable time for a moratorium in every case." Lemke responded that "except for truck farmers, it's not a long enough time unless Congress grants further relief."

Peterson was asked by Chief Justice Hughes if the moratorium procedure would not stay proceedings

LIGHT 'OFF-YEAR' VOTE BEING CAST IN CITY ELECTION

ESTIMATE OF \$1,000 UP TO
4 P. M.—14 ALDERMEN
AND PRESIDENT OF THE
BOARD TO BE CHOSEN.

POLLS WILL STAY OPEN UNTIL 7 P. M.

\$3,600,000 RELIEF BOND IS-
SUE BEFORE VOTERS—FOUR
PLACES ON SCHOOL BOARD
TO BE FILLED.

A comparatively light vote was being cast in today's "off-year" municipal election, in which the president of the Board of Aldermen, 14 Aldermen and four members of the Board of Education were being chosen and issuance of \$3,600,000 in public relief bonds passed upon.

A canvass of a sample precinct in each ward at 4 p. m. indicated a vote of about \$1,000 had been cast up to that hour. This was 22 percent of the registration of 37,151.

Chairman Waechter (Dem.) of the Election Board, disregarding the indicated light vote, revised his estimate during the day, to predict that 150,000 to 160,000 ballots might be cast. Earlier he had looked for 115,000 to 135,000.

Waechter said that interest in the bond proposal was responsible for bringing to the polls many voters from among the 14,000 St. Louisans on relief rolls, as well as others interested in the continuance of public relief funds. He thought the Democrats would gain a majority of about 40,000 over the Republicans. A vote of 150,000 would be 10 percent of the registration.

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MELLON TELLS OF "LOSS" SALES BETWEEN HIM AND FAMILY HOLDING COMPANY

SENTENCED TO BE BEHEADED



IO ARRAIGNED; NINE PLEAD NOT GUILTY IN BREMER CASE

PAUL KIDNAPING TRIAL SET
FOR APR

CONFEREES STILL UNABLE TO AGREE ON WORKS BILL

After Two Sessions Fail to Dispose of 'Direct Work' Clause Administration Opposes.

COMPROMISE BY GLASS REJECTED

Leaders Won't Say Whether Effort Is to Be Renewed or Disagreement Reported.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Congressional conferees failed at two meetings today to effect a settlement of differences over the one-third "direct labor" provision which is holding up final action on the \$4,880,000,000 work relief bill. The administration opposes the provision.

At the first conference, Senator Glass (Dem., Virginia), chairman of the Senate Committee, was reported to have proposed lowering the direct labor requirement in the \$900,000,000 state project provision from 33 1/3 to 25 per cent, but the House managers rejected this.

Senator McKellar (Dem., Tennessee), an advocate of the bill, said there had been no "adjustment or compromise."

Neither Glass nor McKellar would say whether another conference would be held or if the disagreement reported to the Senate and House.

Other conferees said they had adjourned session to call.

Republican House conferees asserted "it is a row between Democrats and we haven't had a chance to say anything or offer any compromise."

Conferees Won't Resign.

The meeting with the House group lasted about two hours, but Glass said "We have reached no agreement."

Senator Glass announced the five senatorial conferees had decided not to resign as a result of criticisms directed at them yesterday by the Democratic leader, Robinson, or Arkansas.

The amendment at issue requires that one-third of the \$900,000,000 for loans and grants to States be spent directly for labor.

The bill was returned to conference yesterday by the House after Secretary of the Interior Ickes with the support of President Roosevelt, had complained that the labor provision would prevent the carrying out of many projects, including slum clearance, rural electrification and certain housing construction.

Glass read to the Senate a letter he had sent to Ickes. He told Ickes, "In this particular instance I think you are clearly wrong and the conference report clearly right."

He said the direct labor amendment was "designed to prevent loans for purchase of existing plants with no appreciable amount of new and direct work involved and merely or largely to effect a change in ownership or management."

Purpose of the Bill.

After stating the purpose of the bill was to "provide relief, work relief and to increase employment by providing for useful projects," Glass wrote:

"Apparently you do not agree with this clear legislative purpose, but feel that the public moneys involved should be made available—first, for any social revision or upheaval determined upon by those selected to administer the legislation, and—second, for such employment as their social and economic program may permit."

"In my view, shared by my colleagues, any plan for accomplishing a marked change in our social structure, especially through Federal direction and uses of public moneys, should be considered by the Congress as such and not under the guise of merely providing work for millions of persons out of employment."

Glass told the Senate that without the direct labor requirement every dollar of the \$900,000,000 for loans and grants to states could be spent without employing a "single, solitary man now on the relief rolls."

Ickes Gives Out Reply.

Ickes later made available the text of his reply to Glass.

"I seriously doubt," Ickes said, "whether any real program of public works on a loan and grant basis can go forward under this qualifying amendment."

"Of course, as I said in my former letter to you, there is no restriction on giving the money away; it can be scattered to the four corners of the country as best serve a high wind."

"Every leaf can be carefully raked and every blade of grass assiduously trimmed, but the money cannot be loaned on useful self-liquidating public works, as I see it."

After discussing the difficulty of determining whether one-third would be spent for labor, he said:

"Even if we should go ahead in all good faith with a loan to a municipality for a school house or some other equally desirable project, it could not be determined until the project was finished whether or not it came under the act."

"In conclusion, may I say, with

Pleads Guilty of Insurance Plot



MRS. LUCILE HEY.
WOMAN who pleaded guilty at Hackensack, N. J., to charge she conspired with a friend to have her husband pushed over a cliff so she could collect \$50,000 insurance. Her husband was in court.

HORACE LORIMER GETS PWA JOBS PROMISED \$100,000 AS EDITOR FOR DEMOCRATIC VOTES

Securities Commission Reports Show U. S. Rubber Co. Head Receives \$125,000.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Salaries of \$100,000 or more annually were reported to the Securities Commission today by George Horace Lorimer, editor of the Saturday Evening Post, and Francis B. Davis, chairman of the United States Rubber Co.

Davis received \$125,219, an Lorimer \$100,000.

The reports were filed in connection with the application of United States Rubber, and the Curtis Publishing Co., which controls the Saturday Evening Post, for permanent listing on stock exchanges. The salaries represent either payments made in 1934 or in fiscal years ending in 1934.

The Pittsburgh Coal Co., in which the Mellon family has substantial holdings, reported that J. D. A. Morrow, Pittsburgh, president, received \$74,440.

A report by the Phelps Dodge Corporation, one of the largest mining companies, showed Louis S. Cates, New York, president, received \$76,440.

Frank W. Lovejoy, Rochester, vice-president and general manager, was reported of the Eastman Kodak Co., to have received \$90,903.

John C. Flinn, New York, president of the George W. Helme Co., received \$66,750.

Louis Blaustein, Baltimore, as president of the Pan American Petroleum and Transport Co., was paid \$65,250.

A. W. H. Jenders, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, vice-president of Pennick & Ford, Ltd., received \$52,175, and F. T. Bedford, New York, president of the company, was paid \$50,000.

JUSTICE REBUKES FRAZIER-LEMKE HEARING LAWYER

Continued From Page One.

of all creditors for five years. Peterson said he thought the section in question should be "construed in the light of the entire bankruptcy act" and apply only to the holder of the mortgage.

U. S. Appeals Court at Richmond Upholds Frazier-Lemke Act.

RICHMOND, Va., April 2.—The United States Circuit Court of Appeals upheld the constitutionality of the Frazier-Lemke act today.

In its decision the Court reversed a Maryland District Court which had declared sub-section "S" of section 75 of the act was violative of the "due process" clause of the fifth amendment.

The Circuit Court in its decision decided affirmatively on three questions:

Whether section 75 of the act, paragraph 7, is a constitutional exercise of the bankruptcy power of Congress.

Whether the Court of Appeals has jurisdiction under section 75 to stay proceedings for foreclosure of mortgages already pending in the state where relief is asked under section 8.

Whether jurisdiction may be exercised with respect to a foreclosure suit in Maryland where there has been a sale of mortgaged property under order of the Court but the sale has not been confirmed.

The court said in the course of its opinion that the act was designed to prevent the swelling of the "large army of unemployed and people on relief" by farmers who were thrown off their property by lien holders.

All due respect, that I am still of the opinion that the limiting language not only puts a premium upon waste and extravagance and deckless dissipation of public money; it practically requires that this money be so distributed.

"In conclusion, may I say, with

FEDERAL ACTION AGAINST RUBBER CODE AUTHORITY

Trade Commission Preparing Charges of Price-Fixing in Connection With Sale of Fire Hose.

By the Associated Press
WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Federal Trade Commission announced today it was preparing a complaint against the Rubber Manufacturers Association, Inc., NRA code authority, on charges of price fixing.

The complaint will deal particularly with alleged price fixing and other competitive methods in connection with the sale of fire hose. Until it is prepared, no other data concerning it's contents may be revealed.

Commission officials said it would be based on the recommendations of its investigating staff which yesterday reported its findings to the Senate Finance Committee, now holding hearings on NRA.

The complaint will represent the first time that an NRA code authority has been charged by a governmental agency with legal activities.

Proceedings in Case.

The complaint is expected to be issued shortly, calling upon the code authority to appear before the Commission for hearing. In this proceeding, which is much like a court case, the code authority may offer its defense.

The evidence is taken by a trial examiner, who reports to the Commission. The Commission then decides whether it will issue a "cease and desist order" against the defendant. Such an order would require the defendant to stop practices complained against. The code authority would have the right of appeal to the courts.

Report by Investigator.

The Senate Finance Committee investigating the NRA yesterday received a report from Harry Babcock, Federal Trade Commission attorney, of price-fixing by members of the Rubber Manufacturers Association. Babcock told the committee he had filed with the Commission a report charging members of the Association and the Rubber Code Authority with conspiracy in restraint of trade for fixing prices of fire hose. He said the price-fixing agreement was entered before the code became effective but was perfected under the law.

Babcock told the Committee he investigated the fire hose situation on complaint of the city of Milwaukee and others, who complained of identical bids. Subsequent to the time he charged the conspiracy was entered into, Babcock said his wife attributed the act to worry about his discharge. Coroner E. E. Smith returned a verdict of suicide. Mathews was 39 years old.

His body, with an .45-caliber army pistol beside it, would be found by the older of his two sons, Silas, 14, when he returned at noon from school. Mrs. Mathews, after returning from a morning automobile ride with her husband, had gone to visit a neighbor at his request.

"He seemed very much depressed of late," Mrs. Mathews said. "He worried about the deal he received from Gov. Davey."

INQUIRY IN FATAL POISONING

Police Questioning 140 Employees in Ford Plant.

DETROIT, Mich., April 2.—In an attempt to solve the fatal poisoning of Louis Sherry, 25-year-old automobile worker, officials began to question each one of his 140 co-workers at the River Rouge plant of the Ford Motor Co. early today.

Sherry died after taking two bites of a sandwich which contained poison. William P. Wicker, 22, a co-worker, is recovering from similar poisoning. Assistant Prosecutor John A. Mowatt and Carl A. Brooks, Dearborn police chief, were present when Sherry's co-workers reported for duty at midnight. One by one they were taken from their jobs for questioning.

Former Ku Klux Klan Leader Dies.

By the Associated Press
DENVER, Col., April 2.—Dr. John Galen Locke, 63 years old, former grand dragon of the Ku Klux Klan in Colorado and once a dominant figure in State politics, died last night of heart disease as he attended a political conference.

DAUGHTER SUES TO BREAK WILL

Alleges Charles A. Schwind Was Unduly Influenced.

Mrs. Edna Koch, 6133 Wanda avenue, filed suit yesterday contesting the will of her father, Charles A. Schwind, formerly assistant manager of the Ford Motor Company, who died March 10. Mrs. Koch alleges her father was unduly influenced and not capable of making a valid will. The instrument was drawn Oct. 18, 1924.

Schwind left his estate to his widow, and at her death, bequeaths the residence at 3949 South Grand Boulevard to two sons, Eugene and Ferdinand Schwind; \$1000 to a grandson, and \$500 to Mrs. Koch.

The value of the estate was estimated at \$40,000 by Robert C. Powell, attorney for Mrs. Koch.

CITY FIFTH IN FIRE PREVENTION

Wins Honorable Mention in 1934 National Contest.

St. Louis, ranking fifth among cities of more than 500,000 population, won honorable mention in the 1934 National Fire Waste Contest, according to an announcement received from Washington yesterday by the St. Louis Safety Council.

The per capita fire loss of the 366 competing cities was \$1.63 in 1934, as compared with an average of \$2.43 for the years 1922 to 1933.

The total fire loss last year was \$54,075,655. The average for the five-year period ending with 1933 was \$78,992,874.

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Enamel . . . and instead of the

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Phelan-Faust Paint Manufacturing Co.

SAINT LOUIS

Mellon Tells of 'Losses' in Family Deals

Continued From Page One.

about the sale of other stocks to Ascalot on which Mellon claimed deductions. He recalled only a block of 2500 Westinghouse, but on prompting by the attorney, said there was some United States Steel. Q. In November, 1933, Ascalot sold some shares of Southern Pacific? A. I recall it now. Mr. Bruce (David E. Bruce, his son-in-law) said he thought it would be a good idea for Ascalot to sell its holding in this concern. He may have given some reasons. The company was not paying any dividends and had no prospects of doing so. It would be better for Ascalot to sell and put the proceeds into something that would pay returns.

Q. When was this conversation?

A. I don't remember. But it was before the sale.

Talks With Aluminum Officers.

He asserted that while in Washington he several times had met and talked with Roy A. Hunt, president, and Arthur V. Davis, chairman of the Board of the Aluminum Co.

Mellon repeated several times, however, that he was not taking any part in the management of either concern, and referred to a Supreme Court decision which held that ownership of stock is not equivalent to trade and commerce, a pursuit denied the Secretary of Treasury.

Mellon also said a Senate committee had investigated his business activities and given him a clean bill of health.

Several times, the witness added, he went to the summer place of W. F. Rust, president of Koppers Gas and Coke, in Washington.

In these conversations with business men, Mellon said he merely asked them "how things were" and they said "all right" he was confident they were all right.

JURY TOLD ABOUT WOMEN'S LETTERS TO NATHAN FRANK

Some of Them Formed Basis for Claims, Attorney for Estate, Declares in Will Contest.

SAYS NOTES WERE ORDERED DESTROYED

But, Lawyer Points Out, Secretary Did Not Carry Out Request of Wealthy Ex-Congressman.

A collection of letters from or about women, which the late Nathan Frank ordered to have destroyed, but which were preserved, formed the basis for several claims against his estate, William R. Gentry, attorney for the estate, told the will contest suit of Mark Frank, a nephew, now on trial in Circuit Judge Kirkwood's court.

"Mr. Frank was a lover of women," Gentry said in his preliminary debate to the jury yesterday. "He was given to associating with women, and it seems that he had a lot of letters in his desk concerning women."

"Some time before he died Mr. Frank told Miss Estelle Sennsenger, his private secretary, to burn these letters and destroy them. She violated his trust, and did not do as directed. Later these letters turned up, and as a result, a whole mess of litigation started. The witness deposed that such was the case. Dr. Gallinson is now attached to the Veterans Hospital at Dayton, O."

Once a \$4,000,000 Estate. Daniel Bartlett, Charles M. Rice and Milton H. Tucker are co-counsel for the claimant, Mark Frank.

At one time he was the sole owner of the estate, which was left to his son, Paul Mellon, and his wife, A. W. Mellon, and their two sons, Henry A. Phillips, the attorney agent of Andrew Mellon, and his brother, the late president, the late Andrew Mellon, whose treasurer was H. H. Frank. The suit was on trial in January at Judge Hartmann's court, but a mortal resulted.

Mental Fitness Is Issue. In resuming the case yesterday, Attorney Gentry, for the estate, said it would be shown that Frank's mind remained clear up to the time when death was approaching. His wife, Mrs. Frank, was dismissed by Probate Judge McFarland, O., April 2. Three indictments against seven former officers or directors of the closed Standard Trust Bank were dismissed by Common Pleas Judge George P. Baer yesterday on motion of County Prosecutor Frank T. Cullinan.

In the same case Alvaney Johnston, grand chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and former director of the bank, and James H. Cassell, the Brotherhead's secretary, and a former bank director, were accused of misapplication of the bank's funds and false entries in its books.

Cullinan said the recent reversal in Court of Appeals of Johnston's conviction in the case, on the ground of insufficient evidence, made the dismissal advisable.

In the same case C. Stirling Smith, the bank's former president, was convicted in the trial court. He is now in Ohio penitentiary. The jury in that trial disagreed as to Cassell on counts and acquitted him of others.

In another case, Smith, Johnston and F. E. Wright, W. E. Telling and J. J. Kilma, former directors, were charged with misapplication of bank funds. The third case charged Smith and Adrian G. Newcomb, the bank's former counsel, and a director, with false entry. A fourth case in which Smith was charged with false entry, is pending.

Robert Birch, chief counsel for the plaintiff, outlining what he promised to show, said witnesses would testify that Frank was vain and egotistical, cared nothing for religion, and lived an immoral and scandalous life.

"His mental failing was manifest as far back as 1928," the lawyer said, "when Mr. Frank, then 76 years old, ran in the Republican primary for the nomination for United States Senator, and was beaten by Roscoe C. Patterson. He seemed unable to believe that the people of Missouri had not chosen him."

"He thought he was going to be President's Hoover's cabinet, but sometimes, his memory slipping, he would say 'President McKinley' instead. He thought he was going to be appointed an ambassador, and that he would be made a member of the Wickesham Commission."

The Republicans obtained firm control of the important State administrative board; retained a six to two membership in the Supreme Court; assumed control of the Department of Public Instruction and ousted a Democratic regent of the University of Michigan.

The Republicans lost a seat in the State House of Representatives, where a bare Republican majority of 51 to 49 has been maintained.

Frank called "Brilliant." Morris J. Levin, attorney, who was one of the witnesses to Frank's will, signed in Victor Packman's office, testified in behalf of the estate that at that time, in November, 1930, he considered Frank not only of sound mind, but brilliant.

He told of having read articles prepared by Frank for legal publications, and of a book by Frank on bankruptcy law, which developed was written in 1898.

Frank and his personal peculiarities, the witness said, one of them being that he wore a red carnation on his buttonhole. The witness said Frank told him that this was in memory of his brother, August Frank, and that he mentioned the fact that the carnation was the favorite flower of President McKinley, whom Frank had known when in Congress.

Asked by Mark Frank's lawyers if Metropolis Tornado Survey.

Young 'Cop Killers' on Way to Death



CONVICTED of killing a New York policeman in a holdup, four young men were taken to Sing Sing Prison yesterday under sentence of death. Left to right, they are AMERIGO ANGELINI, 20 years old; NEWMAN RAYMOND JR., 21; RAY K. ORLEY, 21, and THOMAS GILBRID, 20. In the seat behind them is a court officer. The execution of the four in the electric chair was set for the week of May 13.

Frank was not subject to fits of temper, Levin replied. "No, he was always a gentleman." He denied having seen any evidence that Frank was "slipping" mentally in the last year of his life.

Dr. Sim Gallinson, who was an interne at Jewish Hospital during Frank's last illness, testified that Frank at that time was still in possession of his faculties. Cross-examination was devoted to an effort to show that Frank was not dead, and that his system was toxic.

The witness deposed that such was the case. Dr. Gallinson is now attached to the Veterans Hospital at Dayton, O.

Daniel Bartlett, Charles M. Rice and Milton H. Tucker are co-counsel for the claimant, Mark Frank. Jacob M. Lashly representing the Community Fund, Jewish Charities and Temple Shaare Emeth, to which bequests were made, is assisting Gentry in defending the will.

CHARGES AGAINST EX-BANKERS IN CLEVELAND DISMISSED

One of Seven Affected by Court's Order Is Grand Chief of Mechanical Engineers.

By the Associated Press.

CLEVELAND, O., April 2.—Three indictments against seven former officers or directors of the closed Standard Trust Bank were dismissed by Common Pleas Judge George P. Baer yesterday on motion of County Prosecutor Frank T. Cullinan.

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MAN'S CONFESSION SOLVES KILLING OF WOMAN AND GIRL

Prisoner in New York Says He Caused the Death of Mother-in-Law and Her Granddaughter, 18.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Thomas McFarland, 39 years old, confessed last night that he killed his mother-in-law, Mrs. Nora Kelly, 68, and her granddaughter, Miss Florence McVeay, 18, in the Kelly home in Brooklyn. District Attorney William F. X. Geoghan of Brooklyn announced.

Mrs. Kelly and her granddaughter were found dead yesterday. The body of Mrs. Kelly hung from a beam in the basement of her home. Miss McVeay lay dead on the floor.

McFarland broke under the strain of questioning by police when he heard his three daughters calling to him from an outer room.

"I'll tell you the truth and get it off my mind," he said.

His Story of Killings.

McFarland, Geoghan quoted him as saying, went to the home Sunday night. He was half drinking, and a dispute started over the custody of his children, Marion, 14, and Anna and Edith, 11-year-old twins. Mrs. Kelly picked up a chair, McFarland said.

Then "I saw black. I don't know what happened. I must have done it."

Both women had been criminally attacked. McFarland admitted he might have attacked them but could not remember.

late last night, McFarland was taken to the Kelly home where he reenacted the scene as he remembered it. He told of choking both women into unconsciousness and of dragging Mrs. Kelly to the cellar.

Political leaders representing each ticket estimated nearly 7000 workers were out in the 83 precincts, and that the total campaign expenses would amount to more than \$2,000,000, including billboard advertising, handbill distribution, newspaper advertising, rent for meeting places and payment of workers to day.

About half of the 7000 workers will receive payment, precinct leaders said. The others were volunteers. The number of workers for both sides averaged 40 in the smaller precincts to 150 in Negro precincts.

Candidates for Commissioner on May 13, 1935, were Albert P. Laumann and Thomas Corrigan, Martin T. Flynn, clerk of the Levee Board, and Joseph W. Ganschnitz, contractor.

John T. English, Levee Board member, was opposing Crow for Mayor. On his ticket for Commissioner were Commissioner John T. Connors, Herman E. Zierlitz, former Commissioner; Dr. Stanley A. Wynn, dentist and Park Board member, and Leo J. Dougherty, tavern owner.

A Police Magistrate and two members of the Park Board also will be elected.

'BOOT HILL' DECORATOR DIES

Dr. O. H. Simpson Reconstructed Pioneer Cemetery at Dodge City.

DODGE CITY, Kan., April 2.—Dr. O. H. Simpson, 74 years old, medical Examiner, was pronounced dead yesterday morning. Mrs. Kelly died from a crushed chest, the physician said. He said Miss McVeay was suffocated.

The grand jury returned two first degree murder indictments today against McFarland.

CARELESS DRIVING CHARGE AGAINST DEPUTY SHERIFF

John J. Schwepple Hits Another Machine, Causing Damage to Five Cars.

John J. Schwepple, a Deputy Sheriff assigned to Circuit Judge Dickerman's court, was charged with careless driving early today, after his car hit the rear of another automobile going north on Grand Boulevard. He furnished bond pending application of a warrant charging him with driving an automobile while intoxicated.

Schwepple, who is 39 years old and gave his address as 905 Market street, was said by City Hospital physicians who treated him for lacerations, to have been drinking. The careless driving case against him will be heard in Police Court next Monday.

Schwepple's machine, going north in the 1000 block of North Grand boulevard, rammed the rear of a car driven by Ivory Rook, a Negro, of 4338 West Belle street, causing it to hit three cars parked along the curb. All five automobiles were damaged. Rook was not hurt.

"Detailed scenarios" for two of the plays have been completed and outlines for the other five, the guild disclosed. O'Neill hopes to have one, or perhaps two, ready for the season of 1936-37.

O'NEILL CYCLE OF 7 PLAYS

Object Is to Portray History of Family From 1829 to 1932.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Eugene O'Neill, American playwright, is at work on a cycle of seven plays, the theater guild announces. Each, it was said, will be complete in itself but related to the others. The cycle portrays the history of a family through five generations, from 1829 to 1932, in New England, New York, the Pacific Coast and the Middle West.

"Detailed scenarios" for two of the plays have been completed and outlines for the other five, the guild disclosed. O'Neill hopes to have one, or perhaps two, ready for the season of 1936-37.

KENTUCKY DERBY FRENCH LICK SPRINGS "SECOND ANNUAL FROLIC"

Leave Friday Night, 11:00 P. M., May 3

Return Monday Morn., 7:15 A. M., May 6

—Via Baltimore and Ohio Special Train—

All Pullman, Club, Saloon, Dining Cars

—Buffet Service—Midnite to Daylite—

"A Gala Select Party—Strictly Deluxe"

HURRY—MAKE RESERVATIONS NOW—

WHILE WE STILL HAVE CHOICE SEATS

If You Go to Louisville—You'll Surely Want to Spend Saturday Night and All Day Sunday at French Lick Springs.

(Applicable only where local dealer service is available.)

Daily and Sunday, one way.....\$10.00

Daily, without Sunday, one year.....5.00

Rental, either by postpaid, express money order or St. Louis exchange.

Order to St. Louis exchange.

TWO SCOTTSBORO NEGROES OBTAIN RETRIALS AGAIN

Supreme Court Finds Color Discrimination in Juries Which Tried Condemned Men.

By the Associated Press
WASHINGTON, April 2.—Once again the Supreme Court intervened yesterday to save two Negroes sentenced to death in the Scottsboro, Ala., cases. In effect, the tribunal ordered new trials for both Clarence Norris and Haywood Patterson.

Chief Justice Hughes in his opinion said the constitutional rights of Norris and Patterson were violated because Negroes were excluded from jury service at their trials.

"We think the evidence that no Negro has been called for jury service in Jackson County (where the trials were held) for a generation established there had been discrimination," the Chief Justice said.

Intense feeling has been aroused by the Scottsboro cases, which followed alleged assaults on two white women by a group of Negroes near the little Alabama town in 1931.

Court's Opinion in Part.

Chief Justice Hughes said that "the testimony . . . tended to show that in a long number of years no Negro had been called for jury service in that county."

The court added that direct testimony was "that specified Negroes, 30 or more in number, were qual-

Winner of \$15,000 Alienation Award



MRS. MAUD KIMBELL
Associated Press Wirephoto

IN what Supreme Court Justice Kenneth O'Brien said was perhaps the last lawsuit of its kind in New York State, Mrs. Kimbell, wife of Edward Kimbell, radio singer, won a \$15,000 award today in her \$100,000 alienation of affections action against Charles Severy, manufacturer, and his wife, Edna. She alleged that Mrs. Severy, aided and abetted by Severy, alienated the affections of her husband.

Mrs. Severy, known as Claire Wilson, is the partner of Kimbell in a radio singing team, "Sweethearts of Song." While this suit was being tried, the New York legislature passed a bill outlawing suits for alienation of affections.

fied for jury service. Among these were Negroes who were members of school boards, or trustees of colored schools and property owners and householders. It also appeared that Negroes from that county had been called for jury service in the Federal court."

"We think that the definite testimony as to the actual qualifications of individual Negroes . . . showed there were Negroes in Jackson County qualified for jury service," the decision said.

"Testimony leads to the conclusion that these and other Negroes

AUTO FINES INCREASE IN TWO POLICE COURTS

Last Week Judge Simpson Had No Defendants Listed "Absent and No Penalty."

Statistics of the Police Courts on the handling of traffic cases during the week ending last Saturday were characterized today by City Counselor Hay as marking an improvement over preceding weeks. Last week was the first in which Judges Simpson and Vest operated under the Mayor's order that all cases must be heard in open court.

The statistics showed that during last week in Judge Simpson's court no cases fell under the classification "defendant absent and no penalty imposed." During the preceding week 78 cases were carried under this classification.

In Judge Vest's court last week, four cases were carried under the notation "defendant absent and no penalty imposed." In the preceding week, in the same column 13 cases were noted as disposed of in that manner. Mayor Dickmann, in his order to the judges, had ruled that only in the cases of out-of-town violators could cases be heard in chambers.

Other Statistics on Court.

Judge Simpson's record for last week shows a total of \$806 in fines assessed against 86 violators in open court. In the preceding week it showed a total of \$542 against 141 violators.

In Judge Vest's division for the past week \$752 was assessed against 74 violators. In the preceding week 43 violators were fined a total of \$342.

Under the heading, "Continued generally or dismissed for want of prosecution," the figures were: Judge Vest, last week 53, preceding week 42; Judge Simpson, last week 44, preceding week 49.

Under the heading "Discharged or fines stayed on promise of good behavior" the figures were: Judge Simpson, last week 230, preceding week 110; Judge Vest, last week 15, preceding week 65.

Collection of Fines.

During last week, Judge Simpson handled 1351 traffic cases. Of a total of \$542 in fines, all was collected. Judge Vest heard \$39 cases. Of \$752 in fines, only \$174 was collected. Violators unable to pay at the time the penalty is entered, the amount is carried in arrears.

Traffic Bureau fines increased last week, apparently because violators preferred to pay the penalty for minor offenses, rather than have their cases heard in open court. During the week a total of \$1417 was collected from 776 violators. In the preceding week \$1100 was collected from 657 violators.

Improvement in Record.

Traffic Engineer Gonter reported a distinct improvement in the accident record for last week, the first of the Mayor's safety campaign, although five persons died as a result of motor vehicle accidents, as compared with one for the corresponding week of 1934.

He based his statement on these statistics: Accidents last week, 127; in the same week last year, 154; injuries last week, 59; in the corresponding week of last year, 68; hospital cases last week, 57, for the corresponding 1934 week, 72; cases of alcoholism and acute alcoholism among drivers last week, 19; for the corresponding week last year, 27.

Last week nine drivers were recorded as driving away from the scene of an accident. In the corresponding week of last year a total of 13 was recorded.

TRIAL FOR CODE VIOLATION

Springfield (Mo.) Jury to Hear Charges Against Two Truckers.

By the Associated Press
SPRINGFIELD, Mo., April 2.—Selection of a jury to try Jewell and Harry Powell, operators of a truck line, accused of violating a wage and hour provisions of the trucking code, was begun today.

Federal Judge Reeves overruled a motion to quash the information, filed yesterday by the Powells' attorneys, who attacked the constitutionality of the code. The case is the first of its kind to be heard west of the Mississippi. Witnesses have come from as far away as New York City. Government counsel told the court.

ALICE CANFIELD LOSES \$1,100,000 ESTATE SUIT

Instructed Verdict Returned in Favor of E. W. Scripps and His Associates.

By the Associated Press
LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 2.—Because the case already had been adjudicated in the State of Washington, Superior Judge Walter S. Gates instructed a jury yesterday to find for the defendants in the suit of Alice L. Canfield, administratrix of the estate of B. H. Canfield, publisher, for \$1,100,000 against E. W. Scripps and associates.

Judge Gates held that in view of the Washington decision the plaintiff was not entitled to recover on other legal grounds. Miss Canfield charged the defendants illegally sold stocks of the Canfield estate. The defense contended the stocks were sold legally to satisfy promissory notes for which they were given as security.

Miss Canfield's attorneys said Judge Gates' decision would be appealed.

ACTRESS INHERITS ESTATE

Marie Prevost Gets Show Place in Scotland.

By the Associated Press
HOLLYWOOD, Cal., April 2.—Marie Prevost, screen actress, disclosed today she had inherited the Gunn-McDonald estate, one of the show places in the Province of Caithness, Scotland.

The actress said the estate reverted to her from her great-grandmother. Miss Prevost and her attorney, Claude Parker, conferred with the British Consulate yesterday in preparation for a trip to Scotland to claim the legacy. Miss Prevost said she would continue her stage and screen career.

Chicago Saloon Keeper Murdered.
CHICAGO, April 2.—Sam Tornabene, 38 years old, suburban saloon owner, was shot and killed here early today as he sat at a kitchen table sipping coffee with three relatives. Police were without clews to the identity of the killers.

BOYD'S SUBWAY—DOWNSTAIRS

We Invite You to Compare!

NEW SPRING SUITS

\$1935

Even if you can buy suits for less you won't when you see these! Fine Worsted packed with so much quality, so much style and excellently tailored that \$19.35 is good to them like mighty tall order. They're better than other clothes anywhere near this price can't possibly tempt you. Plenty of sport models, as well as all regular styles—in blue, oxfords, grays, tan and light shades. Extra trousers \$4.35. Ideal for Easter!

NEW SPRING TOPCOATS

\$11.85

All are standard makes. Large selection of whites and patterns from three fine makers. Samples, special lots and seconds in all the important collar styles. Buy your spring supply now at this exceptionally low price.

\$1.65, \$1.95 and \$2.50 SHIRTS \$1.10

All are standard makes. Large selection of whites and patterns from three fine makers. Samples, special lots and seconds in all the important collar styles. Buy your spring supply now at this exceptionally low price.

50¢, 65¢ and \$1 Neckwear....44¢

Large selection, new Spring patterns and colors. Majority handmade. Some are seconds.

\$3.50 Men's Spring Hats....\$2.15

Special purchase. Spring styles and colors. Many are lined. Large selection.

50¢, 75¢ Shorts and Shirts....37¢

Broadcloth Shorts—Knit Athletic Shirts.

\$2.50, \$3 Sweaters

All wool—large selection.

1.95, \$2.50 Pajamas

Seconds and samples. \$1.45

Large selection, new Spring patterns. Irregulars.

21¢

siduously trim'd

Josery

Blacks and new Spring patterns. Irregulars.

50¢ Shoes

Seconds of a fine make. Blacks and tans. \$3.77

Every item is a value. Raked and ev'nly siduously trim'd

Boyd's

SONS & OLIVE AT SIXTH

After discussing the determining whether would be spent for labor, "Even if we should go all good faith with the school no participant for the school no one equally desirable, it could not be determined until the project was finished with it."

"In conclusion, may I say, w."

ST.LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Kline's
606-08 Washington Ave., Thru to Sixth Street

incredible but true!

Kline's never "makes" sales . . . never gathers together odds and ends and offers them under the guise of new, just purchased fashions. Only when conditions in the dress-making industry are such as to allow real values to be offered . . . really smart fashions at a price . . . do we label the offering "Sale". The values in this event are great! Almost incredible — they're so unusual . . . It's just another proof . . . that . . .

When Kline's Dress Shops Hold a Sale... You Know That It's a Really Big Event!

dresses

Made To Sell For \$29.75, For \$22.75
For \$19.95, For \$17.95 . . . and we are offering them for . . . Imagine It--only

\$10.

One and Two Piece Dresses
Jacket Dresses
Cape Dresses

Styles for Street
Afternoon . . .
Dinner . . .
Sportswear!
Matelasses . . .
Smooth Tone
Crepes . . .
Sheers . . .
Sheer Crepes
Printed Crepes

Don't think for a minute these are just \$10 dresses even that they're the highest priced quality, but not fashionable. Kline's doesn't offer sort of sale! Here are values! Fashion Values! kind you've often wished could get. Well, here's opportunity!

BLACK . . . BROWN . . .
PRINTS . . . PASTELS
Sizes 14-20: 36-44

ELIAS & S—Boulevard Shop

FRANKIE Tolok

The Details:

Plaid Taffeta
Accents!

Pique Collars and
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Wide Belts With
Huge Buckles!

Fine Lingerie Trims!

GRADWOHL
JEWELRY CO.
621-23 LOCUST ST.

SAVING YOUR EYES!
GLASSES
on
WEEKLY
TERMS!
Consult Dr. Proest, our optometrist
50c Weekly!

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STIX, BAER & FULLER

GRAND-LEADER



Just Arrived From England!
5000 Lbs. of Prime's
Rum and Butter Flavor

Toffee Candy
29c
Lb.
A Luscious Treat
for the Entire
Family! Regu-
larly 39c,
Sale Priced at . . .
3 Lbs. for 85c

The first bite will tell you the delightful difference between this imported toffee . . . and ordinary toffee. Give the whole family a thrill by taking home a big box.
(Street Floor.)
Shipping Charges Extra Outside Our Regular Delivery Zone.
For Telephone Orders . . . Call Central 9445

WEDNESDAY IS THE LAST DAY TO
MEET GEORGE RECTOR AT THE
HOUSEWARE SHOW
AND SALE



This World Renowned Chef of the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Company Is Here in Person, Preaching the Gospel of Good Eating to the Housewife. Wednesday at 2:30 P. M. In the G. E. Shop.

For Wednesday, Mr. Rector is featuring "Big Moments in Previous Sessions at the Chicago Fair." Just read over this tempting list of specialties, Canape of Crabmeat and Mushrooms, Onion Soup, Lamb Hash (Cafe de Paris), Chiffonade Salad and Crepe Suzette.

Thursday & Friday On Saturday Only

Bring your husbands to hear and see "Cooking Hints" Von Hirsch, general host of the hotel Mayfair Bookseller, when he tells you in secrets of the art of mixing drinks—1 P. M., G. E. Shop.

Many Other Interesting Demonstrations:

The Art of Frozen Cooking, Demonstrated by Miss Thomson, Home Economist of the Frigidaire Co.

See the \$2500 Working Model of the Original Quick Meal Oil Stove

Learn How to Make Wash Day a Pleasure . . . the THOR Way

Sit Down and Get a Thrill Out of Seeing the APEX Ironer Working for You (Fifth Floor.)



MIXMASTER
The Kitchen Maid That
Serves in Silence.
Mixes cakes and batters . . .
juices oranges . . . beats eggs . . .
in fact does anything you ask . . .
complete with bowls \$21
See It Demonstrated
(Fifth Floor.)



NESCO ROASTER
Cooks a Complete Dinner
An entirely Automatic Cooker
(requires no watching); it roasts . . . it bakes pies and cakes; all porcelain enamel (easy to clean); 11-quart size.....\$14.95
See It Demonstrated
(Fifth Floor.)

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING BEGINS OUTDOORS

Beautiful Turf Is Produced by Good Seed Combined With Good Fertilizer

SCOTT LAWN SEEDS

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY HERE IN ST. LOUIS

	1 Lb.	3 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
Mixed Lawn	.60c	\$1.75	\$2.75	\$5.25
Shady Mixture	.75c	\$2.15	\$3.50	\$6.75
Creeping Bent	\$1.65	\$4.70		
White Dutch Clover	1/2-Lb. 45c		1 Lb. 70c	

Scientifically Mixed Grass Seeds
1 Lb. 2 Lbs. 3 Lbs. 5 Lbs.
Mixed Lawn . . . 40c 70c 95c \$1.40
Ky. Blue Grass . . . 45c 85c \$1.20 \$1.95
Shady Mixture . . . 45c 85c \$1.25 \$2.00
Red Top . . . 30c 55c 80c \$1.30
Rye Grass . . . 15c 30c 40c 60c
Bent Mixture . . . 90c \$1.60 \$2.25 \$3.75
Seaside Bent . . . \$1.75 \$3.40 \$5.00 \$8.25
White Dutch Clover, 1 lb. 50c; 3 lbs. \$1.45; 5 lbs. \$2.25
For Telephone Orders—Call CEntral 9449.
Shipping Charges Extra Outside Our Regular Delivery Zone. No C.O.D.s



OM SCOTT & SONS CO.
MARYSVILLE OHIO

Vigoro
A complete plant food for lawn and garden.

5 Lbs. 50c 10 Lbs. 85c
25 Lbs. \$1.50
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100 Lbs. \$4.00

Sheep and Cattle Fertilizer

10 Lbs. 30c
100 Lbs. \$1.20

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10 Lbs. 55c

25 Lbs. \$1.15

50 Lbs. \$1.75

100 Lbs. \$2.75

Peat Moss

10 Lbs. 39c

1/2-Bale \$1.95

Full Bale \$3.25

(Fifth Floor.)

lawn and garden.

5 Lbs. 50c 10 Lbs. 85c
25 Lbs. \$1.50
50 Lbs. \$2.50
100 Lbs. \$4.00

Sheep and Cattle Fertilizer

10 Lbs. 30c
100 Lbs. \$1.20

Bone Meal

10 Lbs. 55c
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50 Lbs. \$1.75
100 Lbs. \$2.75

Peat Moss

10 Lbs. 39c
1/2-Bale \$1.95
Full Bale \$3.25

(Fifth Floor.)

Flowers and Veils
on Easter Hats

A band of tiny flowers almost encircles this ban, with a big veil.....\$7.50
(Third Floor.)

Here's "Shorty", the New Doeskin Glove

A new Brief Glove that fastens at the wrist with one button. Washable . . . chamois-color. \$2.98
(Street Floor.)

Lizard Handbags Are Popular Again

The front flap is of real lizard . . . the rest of gray leather... \$2.98
(Street Floor.)

ST.LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

COPELAND WINS POINT ON DRUG BILL IN SENATE

Amendment to Permit Regulation of Diagnosis Preparations and Devices Passed 45 to 22.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Friends of stricter regulation of foods, drugs and cosmetics won the first test vote in the Senate today on the Copeland bill to tighten up existing law. By a vote of 45 to 22, the Senate adopted a committee amendment to permit regulation of substances, preparations and devices intended for use in the diagnosis as well as the cure of disease.

Senator Clark (Dem.), Missouri, led the opposition, contending it was "putting the Senate in an asinine position" to classify "devices" as drugs.

Senator Copeland (Dem.), New York, author of the bill, insisted the language was necessary to outlaw "humbug" devices such as electrical machines which were represented to tell patients their ailments when they took hold of two handles and watched a needle indicator. He also mentioned radium belts, which when worn were claimed to prevent appendicitis and other internal troubles.

Clark conceded they should be outlawed, but said it was "bad legislation" to classify such devices as drugs.

Copeland Opens Debate.

Opening debate yesterday, Copeland, a physician, talking informally as though he were in a classroom, exhibited bottles and packages of foods and drugs which he said were either fakes or dangerous. He said the public had been exploited under the 28-year-old Pure Food and Drug Act.

Copeland told the Senate the bill he was presenting was one "which will make for safety of the citizens and protect them from harmful foods and drugs, protect the honest manufacturers, and will not interfere with the honest expression of opinion in publications." He added it would give "a degree of safety to women, babies and children and go far to eliminate the evils now existing."

Copeland showed a bottle containing a fake diabetes medicine, a horse liniment advertised to cure almost anything, a candy which he said had killed many children and several packages which he said did not contain as much as they seemed to.

He passed around a picture of a woman he said was "very beautiful" and then another picture of her after she had used a preparation which he said made her permanently blind.

Copeland said experience had shown weaknesses in the original pure food and drug law by which the Government had been "thwarted" in efforts to control the situation. Copeland's bill would extend the pure food and drug law to include cosmetics, several examples of which were in the "chamber" he displayed before the Senate.

Administration of Bill.

Copeland said he would oppose an attempt which he expects to be made on the floor to lodge administration of the advertising section of the proposed law with the Federal Trade Commission rather than the food and drug division of the Department of Agriculture.

"The trade commission deals with trade practices," he said. "It would have to get its information from the food and drug division before it could act."

Copeland said the bill would strengthen and extend the present food and drug act, passed in 1906. He said it "retains everything that's good in the present law, meets the problems arising from changes in manufacturing and selling these products in the last 30 years, covers the fast-growing field of cosmetics, and is designed to give the public the protection it deserves from harmful and deceitful advertising as well as labeling."

Recalling the controversy over the bill of two years ago, which was drafted by Rexford G. Tugwell, Copeland said that was "a little too drastic."

Section of Present Measure.

Copeland cited one section of the present bill which forbids the advertisement of drugs purporting to cure Bright's disease, cancer, tuberculosis, infantile paralysis, social diseases and heart disease. "It is in these diseases that the public has been exploited by quacks," he said, "and it is these which are likely to prove fatal if proper treatment is delayed. Tuberculosis can't be cured out of a bottle."

"In the old bill, though, we included everything from asthma to zymosis. Now we have restricted it to the six diseases where proper treatment is required promptly, and where such treatment might be postponed by persons led to believe that the drugs alone would effect cures."

In addition to defining what shall be considered adulteration, misbranding and false advertising, all of which are prohibited, the bill provides for inspection of factories and records, and provides fines of not more than \$1000 and imprisonment for not more than a year for violations, and fines of not more than \$10,000 and imprisonment for not more than 10 years for "willful" violations.

Publishers, radio stations and advertising agencies are not to be held liable for the dissemination of false advertising, but the penalty instead is to fall on the manufacturer.

turer, packer, distributor or seller of the food, drug or cosmetic so advertised.

The bill would establish a five-member committee of public health, and a seven member committee on food standards to aid and advise the Secretary of Agriculture in promulgating regulations. Approval of a majority of such a committee would be required before any such regulation would become effective.

In addition, the Secretary of Agriculture would be authorized to appoint advisory committees from the food industry, the drug industry, the cosmetic industry, creators and disseminators of advertising, and the public to consult with him in formulating general administrative policies.

Provision is made for a review in the Federal courts of regulations set up by the secretary and for relief by temporary or permanent injunction.

\$500 TAKEN IN ROBBERY OF BAGO DRUG CO. STORE

\$300 Worth of Whiskey, Drugs, Cosmetics and Cigars Also Stolen.

The Bago Drug Co. store at 4264 Manchester avenue was broken into last night, the thieves obtaining \$300 from a desk drawer besides a quantity of merchandise.

The loot included \$300 worth of whisky; drugs and cosmetics valued at \$50; and \$100 worth of cigarettes and cigars. Entrance was obtained by forcing a back door.

Clark conceded they should be outlawed, but said it was "bad legislation" to classify such devices as drugs.

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UTILITY INVESTORS 'NOT GOING TO BE PUT ON THE BLOCK'

Assurance Inserted in Rec-
ord by Pettengill at Hear-
ing on Holding Company
Legislation.

INDUSTRY'S PROBLEM DUE TO ITS 'PONZIS'

Congressman Cites Eight
Billion-Dollar Loss in Se-
curities 'Before This Bill
Was Proposed.'

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, April 2.—A state-
ment that utility investors "are not
going to be put on the auction
block" by Congressional considera-
tion of holding company legislation
was put into the record by Repre-
sentative Pettengill (Dem.), Indi-
ana, a member of the Interstate
Commerce Committee, yesterday.
There was no objection.

Pettengill, asserting the "light
and power industry needs the light
of publicity and the power of pub-
lic opinion," answered complaints
that investments would be wiped
out by observing:

"The responsibility for the past
rests on other shoulders. If the key
men in the industry had been indus-
trial statesmen and not, as in some
cases, Ponzi financiers, there would
be no problem before the industry
and Congress today. An attempt
will be made by some of the Ponzi's
of the industry to deposit their il-
ligitimate offspring on the door step
of Congress."

Cites Economist's Figures.
Pettengill emphasized that fig-
ures given the committee by Dr.
David Friday, economist represent-
ing the utilities, showed that utility
securities shrank more than \$8,
000,000,000 from Sept. 1, 1929, to
June, 1932, or 83 per cent of their
market value—"before this bill was
even proposed."

Pettengill also indicated he might
offer an amendment to extend the
bill over the Tennessee Valley Au-
thority's accounting practices as
well as those of private utilities
must.

"I think," Pettengill said, "the
Government has a part to play, but
it should make definite the bound-
aries of its program. If private
business is to be asked to play the
game, it must be assured it still will
have a game to play."

"The TVA is not in the bill—
private industry is required to observe
uniform accounting; TVA is not;
private companies must come under
state and Federal regulation; TVA
claims exemption from both."

"Frankly, I think the utilities
have a case to that extent, with the
TVA handling electric appliances,
and all."

Pettengill is author of a plan
limiting the abolition feature of the
bill to intermediate holding compa-
nies instead of all holding compa-
nies.

"Trying to Ascertain Facts."
"I would like for the country to
know," Pettengill said, "that a
group of fair-minded men is trying
to ascertain the facts. They are
proceeding with patience and with-
out passion. They are hearing ev-
ery side of the question."

"Despite excited statements that
the bill as first drafted would be
'railroaded' through with only 12
hours for the utilities industry to
present its case, the committee already
has given the industry 48 hours and still more will be given.
The defense has already exhausted
more time than the proponents."

"This brief recital ought to as-
sure anxious investors that the case
will be heard before it is judged
and that judgment will be the re-
sult of reason—not emotion."

Willkie Offers Plan.

A utility executive, Wendell L.
Willkie, president of Commonwealth
& Southern, sent to the House
committee a draft of his suggestions.
The draft was in extenso of oral
testimony given by him recently.

Willkie's suggestions included the
following proposals:

Extend the Securities Exchange
Act to all holding companies by
requiring special registration where
needed.

Require that a majority of direc-
tors of holding and operating com-
panies and principal officers of the
latter be residents of territory
served.

Prohibit officials of holding com-
panies or an operating subsidiary
unit from owning more than 1 per
cent of the voting stock of any
company furnishing services or ma-
terials to such operating subsidiary.

Require that services to a sub-
stantially wholly owned operating
subsidiary to be rendered at cost;
and to an operating subsidiary not
so owned, at a reasonable profit.

Prohibit the use of operating com-
panies in the sale of holding
company securities.

For Supervision by SEC.

Willkie said the SEC to investigate
would spend a state commis-

"Even if we shadored of hold-
all good faith with a low service
nicipality for a school may re-
some other equally desir-
est, it could not be determined
til the project was finished wh-
er not it came under the act.
In conclusion, may I say, *

RELIEF IN CITY IN '34 COST \$11,454,189

96 Per Cent from Public Funds;
St. Louis Eighth in Ex-
penditures.

St. Louis ranked eighth among 11
large American cities last year in
per capita expenditures for relief,
according to data received by Irvin
Weissman, local supervisor of the
United States Children's Bureau.

The figure for St. Louis was
\$11.02, compared with \$25.65 in
Boston, which led the list, and
\$6.89 in Kansas City, which was the
lowest. Figures for other cities
were: New York, \$23.68; Buffalo,
\$21.22; Milwaukee, \$17.60; Chicago,
\$16.26; Cleveland, \$13.52; Denver,
\$12.91; New Orleans, \$10.50, and De-
troit, \$8.85.

The total expenditure for relief
in St. Louis last year, Weissman
said, was \$11,454,189, not including
administration costs or welfare
services such as those provided by
hospitals and children's institutions.

Ninety-six per cent came
from public funds, either Federal,
State or local. The percentage of
public funds spent in other cities
ranged from 89 in Kansas City to
nearly 100 in Denver.

WOMAN GETS FIVE YEARS ON COUNTERFEITING CHARGE

Paroled Convict Sentenced After
Being Found Guilty; Also
Fined \$500.

Theresa Gallagher, paroled con-
vict who was found guilty of pos-
session and passing of counterfeit
money Saturday by a jury, was sen-
tenced by Federal Judge Davis to-
day to five years in the Federal
Woman's prison at Alderson, W.
Va., and fined \$500.

Miss Gallagher and a woman
who was accused were arrested last
May 30 at St. Charles as they were
driving back to St. Louis from the Leavenworth peni-
tentiary where they had visited
friends.

She has served two workhouse
sentences for shoplifting and in
1919 was paroled from the bench
after being sentenced to two years in
prison for complicity in a holdup of
the State Bank of Florissant.

Closing Time for Foreign Mail.
Closing time for trans-Atlantic
foreign mails, announced today at
the Main Postoffice, Eighteenth and
Walnut streets, are 9 p. m. tomorrow,
for parcel post sent to Great
Britain and for full European
mails; 9 p. m. Thursday for full
European mails.

**A FASHIONABLE
FUR CAPE \$7**
Made From Old Furs for as low as.....
Bring in Your Old Cape, Stoak, Coat and Get Our Estimate
Landers-Pearlman Fur Co.
Dependable Furriers for 18 Years
312 N. 6th St., 2d Fl., Opposite Famous-Barr

MORE STRATOSPHERE TESTS

Third Series of Balloons to Be Sent
Up From Lambert-St. Louis Field.

Word that the Massachusetts In-
stitute of Technology would make
further stratosphere tests here was
received yesterday by Milton Gir-
ton, manager of Lambert-St. Louis
Field.

According to a letter received at
the airport, Chris Harmantas, re-
search assistant, will arrive Thurs-
day to conduct the third series of
tests with small free balloons car-
rying delicate instruments for re-
cording atmospheric changes. The
previous tests were conducted in
February, 1934, and last November.

Gored to Death by Bull.
ELGIN, Ill., April 2.—A bull that
had been regarded as a pet gored
Frank Cryste, a farm hand, to
death.

**NOW I EAT
HOT DOGS**
Upset Stomach Goes
in Jiffy with Bell-ans
BELL-ANS
BELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION

Now being presented! See it today!
At the nearest Hudson and Terraplane dealer.

Finds \$2500 on Street.
MILWAUKEE, April 2.—A bank
book, with edges of green peeking
from its covers, lay on the side-
walk yesterday. Many pedestrians
passed it by thinking the book was
an April fool joke. Ernest Morris,
executive secretary of the Milwau-
kee County Boy Scouts, hesitated,
but when he learned Miss Florence
Brandt, secretary for a motor
company, had lost the book on the
sidewalk, he reached for the book. Opening
the book, Morris found nearly \$2500 in
cash and checks. At the Detective
Bureau where he left it, refusing
a reward, he learned Miss Flo-
rence Brandt, secretary for a motor
company, had lost the book on the
sidewalk several hours before.

HAVE YOU DRIVEN

the great new Hudson Six?

Unequalled at its price, for size, power,

performance and smoothness

A big car, with small-car economy

Priced just above the lowest

\$695 and up
f. o. b. Detroit

4 out of every 5 miles you drive

are within this
25-mile circle

This "Stop-and-Go" wastes
your money if your gasoline
hasn't these Three Kinds of Power

WHEN you pull out the choke, raw gasoline is
sucked into your cylinders . . . often wasting
enough to carry you a mile!

No wonder your short trips—with their frequent
starts—"EAT UP" GASOLINE!

Unless your gasoline has three distinct kinds of
power—IN PERFECT BALANCE—your daily shop-
ping, social and business trips waste your money.

Super-Shell, the first truly balanced gasoline, saves
you money in 3 WAYS:

Can save up to a cupful of gasoline on every "Cold" Start. In
summer or winter, Super-Shell starts instantly, often warms up in half
the time of ordinary gasolines. So there's less choking
and you use less gasoline. 16 cupfuls saved, remember,
mount up to a whole gallon!

**Can save up to a cupful of gasoline in 10 minutes of Hard
Pulling.** Because of its even volatility, you can accelerate rapidly or race
your car up steep hills in high gear—on less gasoline! And what's more, you avoid that knocking which in a few
minutes can waste up to 10 per cent of your power.

**Can save up to a cupful of gasoline in one hour of Steady
Running.** Every drop of Super-Shell vaporizes more completely at every
engine temperature. In addition to saving on short trips,
many motorists report mileage increases on long runs
equal to a saving of a cupful every hour.

THESE THREE SAVINGS of gasoline from this super-
performance naturally result in more mileage per
tankful—a big yearly economy! Super-Shell is on sale
from Coast to Coast AT NO EXTRA COST at more
than 30,000 neighborly Shell stations.



SUPER-SHELL

Saves on today's stop-and-go driving

SEE THE PROMENADE OF EASTER FASHIONS IN VANDERVOORT'S APPAREL SHOPS

SCRUGGS VANDERVOORT BARNEY

FOR MORE THAN EIGHTY-FIVE YEARS THE QUALITY STORE OF ST. LOUIS

Our Best Young People Know What They Want

"We're Fanatics About Simplicity"

Fads may come and go! Vandervoort's holds a place in the heart of our best families for cleaving to the tradition of clean-cut, well-made simplicity in children's clothes . . . true workmanship—and superior materials. Our smart, always correct fashions and our usual low prices make our Infants' Wear Shop headquarters for smart young St. Louis.

FROCKS

To Make "Her" Look Like a Spring Flower

2.98



Exquisitely dainty frocks of sheer white lawn, cunningly styled with touches of blue or red piping. Hand hemmed with fine stitches. Sizes 2 to 6.

3.98



5.98

Navy cheviot coat and jaunty feather trimmed beret . . . the coat set off with brass buttons and detachable white pique collar. Sizes 2 to 6.

10.98

Middy blue wool tweed coat and hat in herringbone weave. Coat is slightly fitted with inverted pleat and belt at back. Sizes 3 to 6.

12.98

Classic double-breasted, belted-at-back, herringbone weave tweed coat . . . matching stitched brim hat. Gobelin blue or green. Sizes 2 to 6.

Vandervoort's Infants' Wear Shop—Third Floor

--And They Find It at Vandervoort's

Essential for a Trim Easter Silhouette

SINGLETES
BY
VAN RAALTE

Your vest, your "bra," your panty—all in one . . . shaped to hold your figure . . . and to give you that willowy, graceful silhouette so important to the effect of your entire Easter Costume. Fashioned of Strips cloth. 34 to 38.

2.00

Vandervoort's Knit Underwear Shop—Third Floor

See Our New "Charm Corner" and These Good Luck

CHARM
Bracelets

Charm bracelets are the rage! Every kind of little trinket dangling from a wrist chain is the fad of the moment. These are handmade in China from coin silver; sterling silver chain with five charms (choice of twenty styles).

3.00

Additional Charms 50c

Vandervoort's Jewelry Shop—First Floor

Four-Day Special!

Monogram
'Kerchiefs

Women's or men's linen handkerchiefs complete with two or three names or three initials in all white or three colors to the half dozen.

Women's 'Kerchiefs

6 for 1.10

Hemstitched hems on lovely linen handkerchiefs.

Men's 'Kerchiefs

6 for 1.50

Of fine linen hand rolled with corded borders. All white.

Men's 'Kerchiefs

6 for 2.00

Corded borders with narrow hemstitched hems or plain linen with $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch hem.

Delivery in Two Weeks

No C. O. D. or Phone Orders

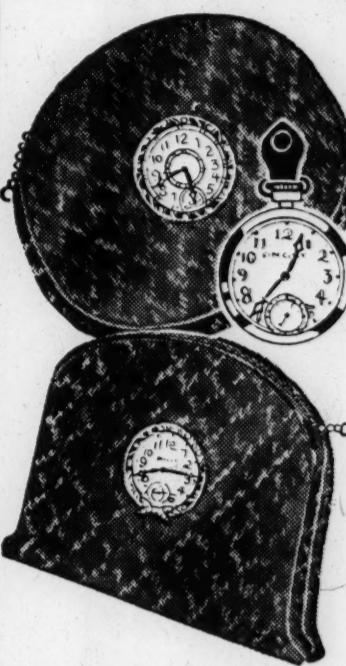
Vandervoort's Handkerchief Shop—First Floor

With Your
Easter Suit
a Natural**Chamois**
HAT

You'll feel new and exciting . . . and certainly "different" if you choose a smart little Chamois Hat as your Easter bonnet. It's a charming color accent with brown, navy or black and doubly so when carried out with gloves, bag or chamois posy on your lapel.

7.50

Vandervoort's Millinery Salon—Third Floor

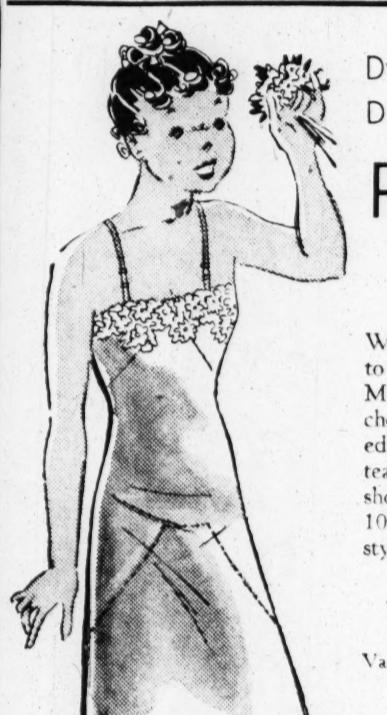
**"Timed" Right for
the Easter Parade!
WATCH**
Handbags

Right on the face of fashion these smart bags boast their own little watches (guaranteed for one year). Both models are made of new "Aqua-sec" novelty crepe which will not water spot.

Black, Brown or Navy.

2.98

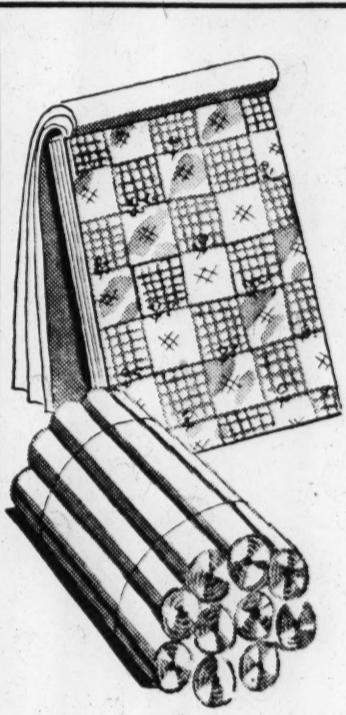
Vandervoort's Handbag Shop—First Floor

Dainty Easter Frocks
Deserve Lovely Silk**PRINCESS**
SLIPS

What little girl doesn't love to wear lovely silk undies? Many attractive models to choose from, including tailored and lace-trimmed styles in teardrop or white. Built-up shoulder models—sizes 4 to 10 and straightline or V-top styles for girls 12 to 16.

1.98

Vandervoort's Junior Underwear Shop—Third Floor

Complete Room
Lots Washable
WALL
PAPER

Regularly 4.25 3.50

10 rolls wall, 16 yds. border and 6 rolls ceiling. Sunfast papers.

At 29c Roll
Pastels, dots, stars, diagonals, checks and florals.At 39c Roll
Scenes, scrolls, tapestries, color, nials and plain papers.

Vandervoort's Wall Paper Shop—Fourth Floor

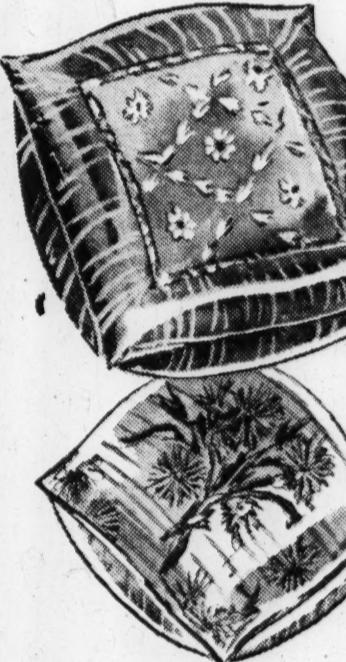
Highlight Your
Easter Suit With the**Ascot**
SHIRT
BLOUSE

It's one blouse that everybody likes! It's so practical . . . so easy to keep fresh . . . and so very smart! In soft crepe or linen. Sizes 32 to 40.

... An Original Design*

1.98

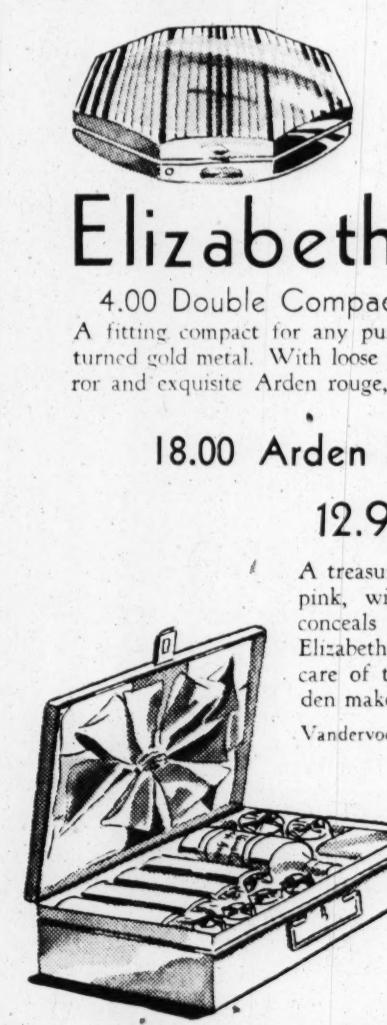
Vandervoort's New Blouse Shop—First Floor

Living and Sunroom,
Veranda and Boudoirs
Boudoir
Pillows

Brocade Pillows in Large Assortment 1.00

Glazed Chintz Pillows in Fresh Designs 50c

Six-Way Pillows for reading, for resting. Glazed Chintz, Jaspe Cloth and Brocade.

1.00 to 2.00
Vandervoort's Art Needlework Shop—Second FloorTrue Beauty for
Easter Gifts . . .**Elizabeth Arden**

4.00 Double Compact Ardenette

A fitting compact for any purse . . . of engine-turned gold metal. With loose powder section, mirror and exquisite Arden rouge, fine and adherent.

1.69

18.00 Arden Beauty Box

12.98

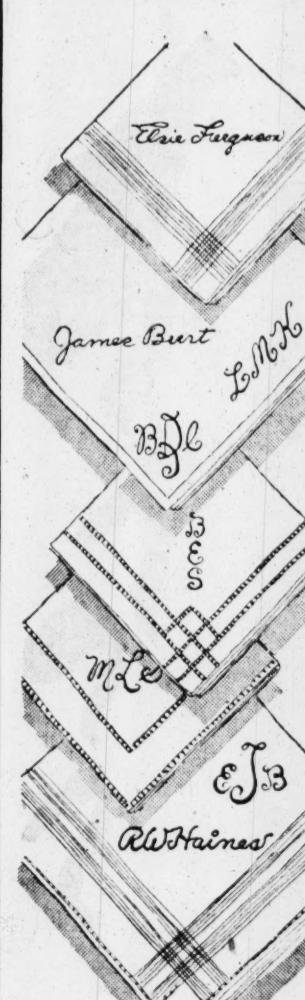
A treasure chest in delectable Arden pink, with amusing little lock. It conceals 17 of the more important Elizabeth Arden preparations for the care of the skin and distinctive Arden make-ups.

Vandervoort's Elizabeth Arden Salon—First Floor

Attend the
FLOWER SHOW
Open Until April 7th

Visit the Arena . . . witness one of the world's largest and most brilliant flower displays in a galaxy of color and beauty.

See the Special Kruse Display!

St. Louis' Low Rates
Make It Economical
to Operate**Electrical**
Appliances1.98 Electric Iron
1.75Sandwich Toaster
1.98Magic Maid Mixer
20.95G. E. Kitchen Clock
2.98G. E. Lamp Bulbs
20c Size, New Price.
15cVandervoort's Electric Shop—
Fourth Floor**Monogram**
'Kerchiefs

Women's or men's linen handkerchiefs complete with two or three names or three initials in all white or three colors to the half dozen.

Women's 'Kerchiefs

6 for 1.10

Hemstitched hems on lovely linen handkerchiefs.

Men's 'Kerchiefs

6 for 1.50

Of fine linen hand rolled with corded borders. All white.

Men's 'Kerchiefs

6 for 2.00

Corded borders with narrow hemstitched hems or plain linen with $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch hem.

Delivery in Two Weeks

No C. O. D. or Phone Orders

Vandervoort's Handkerchief Shop—
First Floor

DISPUTE OVER \$48,000 FEE IN FRANZ ESTATE

Mississippi Valley Trust Counsel Says It Paid Lawyers Although It Knew of Heirs' Objections.

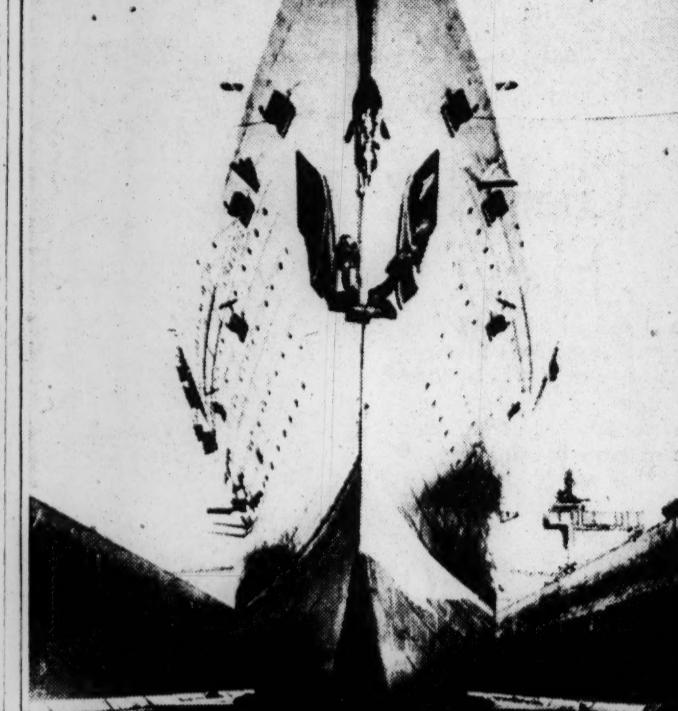
The Mississippi Valley Trust Co., as ancillary administrator of the estate of Ernst Franz of California, paid \$48,000 to Thomas M. Pierce and Samuel H. Liberman for legal services last autumn although it knew the Franz heirs opposed the payment and the attorneys had withdrawn their formal court claim. A. Holt Roudabush, vice-president and counsel for the trust company, testified under questioning in a deposition filed today in Probate Court. The attorneys already had received \$12,000.

The deposition was taken last December by former Circuit Judge J. Hugo Grimm, representing the Security First National Bank of Los Angeles, trustee of the Franz estate of about \$300,000, which had filed objections to allowance of the \$60,000 in legal fees as excessive.

Grimm inquired whether the trust company had made the allowance notwithstanding withdrawal of the formal claim by the attorneys in the spring of 1934. Roudabush replied that the payment had been made the following autumn.

Tales Why Fees Were Paid.

"Well, why did you make the payment in spite of all the opposition you knew there was to it?" Grimm continued. "We owed a fee to the attorneys in some amount," Roudabush answered, "and we had made strenuous efforts to get you and Mr. Pierce together on some middle ground. Mr. Pierce had produced evidence of various lawyers that their services were worth \$50,000 to \$150,000 and attorneys con-



VIEW of the "Normandie" from the deck of the drydock where the finishing touches are being put on the vessel.

sented us on the outside placed it at \$60,000. We were discussing bringing the estate to a close, making a distribution, and the only way we could do it was by paying the attorneys' fees. Sixty thousand was the best fee we could make."

"Why didn't you just reserve \$60,000 or \$80,000, distribute the rest and let the attorneys bring suit for their fees instead of paying them voluntarily?" Grimm asked.

"This was done on advice of counsel" (Charles P. Williams), was the reply. "A suit by the attorneys would have been a long drawn-out affair, postponing settlement of the estate, and we were desirous of bringing it to a early close."

In response to a question concerning whether he had authorized the payment, Roudabush said it had been "a matter of general discussion," and had been made while he was away from the city, although he had agreed to it.

Milton R. Stahl, another vice-president of the trust company, testified he had taken care of the payment in the absence of Roudabush. He said Pierce and Liberman endorsed the check and purchased with it a certificate of deposit which was put up as security in the event of any surcharge against the trust company by reason of overpayment.

Trust Company's Commission.

Grimm then switched to an attack on the trust company's commission as administrator, asking Roudabush whether the trust company had not taken credit for a commission of about \$23,000 when it made final settlement of the estate.

He had "discovered that," Roudabush replied, whereupon Jacob M. Lashly, representing the estate, objected with the statement that an amended settlement had been filed, reducing the amount from \$21,000 to \$15,000.

In 1932, when the estate was ready to be wound up, you figured your commission at \$15,000 and were willing to accept \$15,000?" Grimm continued. "As soon as I discovered a mistake had been made I took measures to correct it, although the agreement to take \$15,000 was wholly voluntary," Roudabush responded.

Grimm's Contention.

Grimm sought to establish that the ancillary administration in Missouri was unnecessary and had been brought about through the efforts of the Mississippi Valley Trust Co.

Roudabush said that in a conversation in 1933 with S. Maynard Wallace, attorney for Ehrhardt W. Franz, brother of Ernst Franz, he had discussed the possibility that the trust company become ancillary administrator for the estates of Ernst and Walter Franz, another brother, also deceased, and had gone to California.

The next year Ehrhardt W. Franz, one of the 10 children of the late Ehrhardt D. Franz, St. Louis wholesale grocer, filed suit in Federal Court here for an accounting from trustees of his father's estate and to establish the children's position as remaindermen or potential heirs. The estate, established through a \$21,000 "flyer" in 1896 in stock of a concern which was later absorbed by the Burroughs Adding Machine Co., was left by the father to his wife, Mrs. Sophie Franz, for her life. At the top of the 1929 boom the estate was valued at \$27,000,000.

Following the filing of this suit, there ensued eight years of litigation, involving numerous appeals, in which Pierce and Liberman participated as attorneys for the Mississippi Valley Trust Co.

In his examination of Roudabush, Grimm brought out that Pierce had been on retainer for the Mississippi Valley Trust Co. before his appointment in the Franz litigation and had remained on retainer until 1929.

Unsuccessful Appeal.

Another point on which Grimm dwelt at length in his examination concerned an unsuccessful appeal by the trust company from Federal Court decisions denying requests for removal of the trustees of the mother's property.

Grimm contended that the Mississippi Valley Trust Co. went on with the appeal after the death of Mrs. Sophie Franz in April, 1930, despite opposition by the heirs of Ernst Franz.

Roudabush said the appeal was already pending at the time of the mother's death and the United States Circuit Court of Appeals had indicated its decision would be favorable to the appellants.

In response to a question, Roudabush testified he recalled that an officer of the Pacific Southwest Bank & Trust Co. of Los Angeles, which was domiciliary administrator of the Ernst Franz estate, had written him in June, 1930, stating he hoped it had been found advisable to dismiss the appeal. The appeal, Roudabush explained, had been initiated by the Walter Franz estate and the Mississippi Valley had decided to "go along."

THE POSTMAN HAS AN important PACKAGE FOR YOU



WITHIN the next few days the postman is going to deliver a very important package to you. Although you won't have to pay a single penny for this package, it may be one of the most valuable things that has ever been delivered to your home.

It's a free sample of Ex-Lax, the chocolate laxative—America's biggest selling laxative. As a matter of fact, 46 million boxes were bought last year.

But the makers of Ex-Lax think that every man, woman and child in America who takes a laxative ought to know how perfect Ex-Lax is through his own personal experience. So we want you to try Ex-Lax at our expense. Next time you need a laxative, take this Ex-Lax according to directions. See for yourself how pleasantly, how painlessly, how thoroughly it relieves constipation. Ex-Lax has its own way of working. Notice that it does not cause stomach pains—that it doesn't leave you feeling weak afterwards. You will hardly know you have taken a laxative, except for the wonderful relief you get.

A most important thing for you to know is that Ex-Lax is not habit-forming...you don't have to keep on increasing the dose to get results.

And notice how delicious Ex-Lax is to take...it tastes just like fine chocolate.

AND, THAT "CERTAIN SOMETHING"

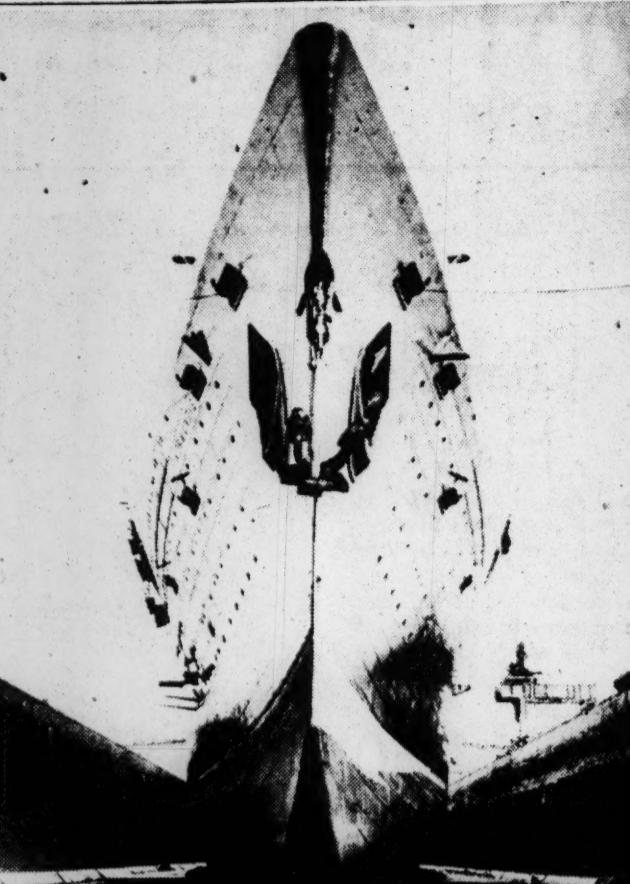
So many imitators have tried to produce a chocolate laxative that would equal Ex-Lax. But they couldn't. Why? Because Ex-Lax is more than just a chocolate laxative. Because the exclusive Ex-Lax process gives Ex-Lax a "certain something"—a certain ideal action that words just can't explain and that NO OTHER LAXATIVE HAS. But once you try Ex-Lax, you'll know what we mean, and nothing else will ever do for YOU.

Watch for your sample. Try it when you get it...and enjoy the most delightful relief from constipation that you've ever known.

When Nature forgets—remember

EX-LAX
THE CHOCOLATED LAXATIVE

Prow of Huge New French Liner



VIEW of the "Normandie" from the deck of the drydock where the finishing touches are being put on the vessel.

ALTON MAN SHOT AND KILLED IN FIGHT WITH WIFE

Otis L. Boyd, Railroad Fireman, Fatally Wounded in Struggle for Possession of Shotgun.

Otis L. Boyd, 44 years old, fireman for the Big Four Railroad, was shot and killed yesterday afternoon in his home in Alton in a struggle with his wife during a family row, for possession of a pistol-grip shotgun.

Mrs. Boyd said her husband had been drinking and that she had grabbed him when he said he was going to shoot their son, Leo, 14-year-old high school student. Leo and another brother, Kenneth, 16, who witnessed the death of the father, gave the same account.

Boyd had a day off Sunday, his wife told Deputy Coroner Klunk, and was drunk most of the day. Yesterday he decided not to go to work, and continued his drinking. There was a row at noon over his condition, she said, and he left the house, taking some of his clothing with him.

"He returned several times during the afternoon, always quarreling," she continued. "He was not at home when the boys came from school, but he got there about 4:30. He came in very angry, turned over some furniture and knocked a bird cage down.

"Leo said, 'Please, dad, don't an-

ger my mother that way.' This made Otis even angrier, and he chased Leo out of the house. Later I let Leo in quietly through the back door. I thought Otis had gone upstairs but as I entered the kitchen we met him in the dining room.

"He had the shotgun, a small one made like a pistol that he and the boys use for hunting. He said he was going to shoot Leo. I ran between them and grabbed Otis. Somehow the gun went off and he fell."

A physician who arrived within a few minutes found that the charge from the .410-gauge barrel had struck Boyd in the chest. Deputy Coroner Klunk, who was then called, heard the statements of Mrs. Boyd and her sons, and ordered an inquest.

The Boyds, who live at 2428 Judson Avenue, have been residents of Alton for 13 years, moving there from Mattoon, Ill.

RUSSIA CONTINUES TO SHIP GOLD ORE TO TACOMA, WASH.

Soviet Maintains Policy of Building Up Financial Reserves in United States.

TACOMA, Wash., April 1.—Soviet Russia, building up a vast gold reserve in the United States, is shipping ore to a giant smelter here.

The smelter, a plant of the American Smelting and Refining Co., is a haven for Russian ore because it is the only smelter on Pacific coast tidewater, and is particularly adapted for reduction of Soviet minerals.

The ship Elmworth brought the first spring shipment yesterday—7300 tons of gold, silver and copper ore—from Odessa. The shipment marked continuation of the Soviet policy of building up financial reserves in the United States despite difficulties that followed American recognition and failure of trade negotiations.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH ORPHANS' CHICKENS STOLEN QUARRY STRIKERS ARRANGED

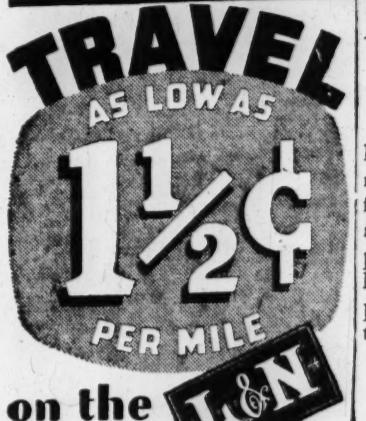
11 Hens Were for Easter Dinner at Home.

Six Charged With Contempt for Alleged Violation of Injunction.

CARTHAGE, Mo., April 2.—Six striking Carthage marble quarry workers charged with contempt for hearing Thursday.

More than a score have been ac-

cused at various times in the past three weeks in connection with the strike which began from a dispute over enjoining interference with union recognition.



ALWAYS A BARGAIN
IN SAFETY, SPEED
AND COMFORT

Railroad travel via L. & N. is now a money saver, too. Before you make your next trip ask about L. & N. fares. Compare them with the cost of highway travel. You'll be surprised how far so little will take you on the L. & N.

**SPECIMEN ONE-WAY FARES
FROM ST. LOUIS**

Louisville	.....	\$4.23	\$8.45
Nashville	.....	5.06	10.10
Birmingham	.....	7.50	14.99
Mobile	.....	9.98	19.95
New Orleans	.....	10.58	21.15
Chattanooga	.....	7.34	14.67
Atlanta	.....	9.40	18.78
Jacksonville	.....	14.07	28.14

No surcharge between points on L. & N. Pullman space (parlor or sleeping cars) extra, but reduced one-third by the elimination of the surcharge.

Ask Any L. & N. Passenger Representative For Further Details
TRAVEL IN COMFORT BY TRAIN

ANNOUNCING

The amazing new soap
that makes dish washing

QUICK
AND EASY
for thousands
of busy housewives



SILVER DUST has come to town! The soap that has made dish washing quick and easy for the women of Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, New York and other cities, is at your grocer's now!

If you hate to wash dishes, here is the soap you've been waiting for. The instant Silver Dust touches water, it bursts into a mountain of soft cleansing suds that whisk dirt and grease off dishes in no time. And best of all, it is kind to tender hands.

Because we want you to try this soap at once, your grocer makes this generous offer: With each two boxes of Silver Dust you buy, you get the great big Silver Dust Dish Towel packed in the handy carton. This towel dries many more dishes than an ordinary towel and leaves no lint. Remember, this is not a cheap premium towel. It's a real high quality dish towel that you'll be delighted with.

So here is your opportunity; you can make dish washing a quicker and easier job than ever before and you get a wonderful big dish towel as a gift.



RADIO PROGRAM—Listen to the O'Neill's every Monday, Wednesday and Friday on Station KMOX, 9:30 to 9:45 P. M.

FREE
DISH TOWEL

comes packed right
with two boxes of Silver Dust
in a handy carton

MADE IN ST. LOUIS by ST. LOUIS PEOPLE for ST. LOUIS PEOPLE

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MANCHOUKUAN RULER BEGINS TRIP TO TOKIO

Emperor Kang Teh's Departure Made Occasion for Display by Japanese Army.

Associated Press.
HSINKING, Manchoukuo, April 2.—Kang Teh, the 30-year-old emperor of Manchoukuo, departed early today on his first trip abroad to Tokio, where he will thank Emperor Kirohito for Japan's part in the establishment of the "Empire of Manchoukuo." Kang Teh has been on the throne since March 1, 1934.

Soldiers of the Japanese army, which "protects" Kang Teh's empire were mobilized to add to the splendor of his departure. He went by train to Dairen.

Troops lined the streets between the Emperor's palace and the railway station. No efforts were spared to enhance the magnificence of the scene, for the purpose of Kang Teh's state visit to the Mikado is to impress the peoples of the orient as well as others, with the prosperity of Manchuria under Japan's protection.

Emperor Kang Teh and his suite, 14 high officers of his court and government, traveled on a special train of the Japanese-owned South Manchuria Railway.

At Dairen the imperial party boarded the Hiyel, flagship of the Japanese Emperor, for the voyage to Yokohama. Kang Teh will reach Tokio April 6, remain nine days in the Japanese capital, spend another week sightseeing in western Japan and begin his return voyage about April 21.

The nominal head of the Emperor's suite is Shen Hui-in, Minister of the Imperial Household, but the real director is Ryusaku Endo, a portly Japanese who holds the powerful office of Director of General Affairs in the Manchukuo government. Along with the Emperor are Hsich Shih-shih, Foreign Minister; Yuan Chin-kai, Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal; and Gen. Chang-Hai-peng, chief military aid to the Emperor.

Killed in Row Over 72 Cents.

STORYVILLE, ILL., April 2.—Ernest Beaman, 24 years old, died this morning at the St. Vincent Hospital from bullet wounds inflicted yesterday morning by his uncle and employer, Carroll A. Berry, 35. Berry, proprietor of the Berry Building & Material Co., and Beaman had fought Saturday evening over 72 cents in overtime pay which Beaman alleged was due him. Beaman was a truck driver for the company.

Crows Killed by Bombs in Oklahoma



THOUSANDS of crows killed when Oklahoma game rangers discharged 50 dynamite bombs in a crow roost in Greer County, Oklahoma. Western Oklahoma is being over-run by the birds, driven from their usual haunts in the eastern part of the State by similar blasts.

STREET RAILWAY ROADMASTER WITH SYSTEM 50 YEARS

William Finn to Be Guest of Public Service Co. Executives at Banquet.

William Finn, general roadmaster for the Public Service Co., completed 50 years of service with the St. Louis street car system yesterday.

Finn, who lives at 4211 Flad avenue, will be the guest of officers of the company at a banquet Saturday night at Hotel Chase. Henry W. Kiel, trustee for the company; Samuel W. Greenland, general manager; Thomas E. Francis, general counsel, and other executives of the company will attend.

As roadmaster Finn has charge of track construction and maintenance. Foremen and subforemen who work under him called at his home last night to congratulate him.

KILL COCKROACHES ALSO RATS MICE Now in tubes ELECTRIC PASTE USE STEARNS PASTE

"ELECTRIC EYE" FOR BLIND

Russian Said to Have Invented Reading Device.

MOSCOW, April 2 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—Prof. A. G. Goldman of the Soviet Ukraine is said to have invented an "electric eye" by means of which the blind will be able to read ordinary printed books with their fingers.

The apparatus, equipped with

MAN WHO ESCAPED FROM JAIL CAUGHT

County Prisoner Held in Mobile, Ala., on Charge of Robbery.

Ray Carter, who escaped from the St. Louis County jail last Feb. 9 while awaiting grand jury action on three charges of second degree burglary and larceny, is under arrest at Mobile, Ala., where he was reported to have confessed to six burglaries.

Carter, 28 years old, fled from the county jail when Night Jailer Walter Maschmidt left the keys in the main door and went to the basement, not knowing that an inner door to the exercise area was unlocked. The prisoner, arrested last Nov. 7, was charged with robbing University City homes. He had served a term in the Pontiac (Ill.) Reformatory.

According to the report from Mobile, Carter surrendered when police found him breaking into a home and opened fire. He gave his name as Gerald Barnes, but was identified through fingerprints and photographs on file at the National Bureau of Identification, Washington, D. C. County authorities will place a hold order against the prisoner pending the outcome of the Mobile charges.

Elliott Roosevelt Buys Farm.

By the Associated Press.

FORT WORTH, Tex., April 2.—Elliott Roosevelt, son of the President, has bought a farm—250 acres

on the outskirts of Fort Worth.

MOVE TO BAR NOISY SENATORS FALLS FLAT

Sergeant-at-Arms Can't Be Found to Oust Them—Galleries Cleared.

Post-Dispatch Bureau, 201-208 Kellogg Building.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Senate was enlivened by an unusual and amusing episode this afternoon, when noisy members were threatened with ejection from the chamber, but were saved from that ignominious experience when all efforts to find Sergeant-at-Arms Chesley Journey failed. The Senate finally resumed its business without the infliction of any except verbal indignities.

A few minutes later, however, by order of the presiding officer, Senator Key Pittman (Dem., Nev.), the public galleries were cleared. It has been years since such an order has been given. Hundreds of spectators fled reluctantly out under the vigorous urging of the doorkeepers.

Borah First to Complain.

The incident occurred in the debate on an amendment to the food and drug bill. The galleries were crammed with visitors, as is always the case in cherry blossom time, and the attendance on the floor was exceptionally large. Senator Borah finally complained that the confusion was so great he literally could not hear a word of the heated debate between Senators Copeland and Clark.

Democratic Leader Robinson, exhibiting even greater annoyance, arose and moved that the Sergeant-

at-Arms be summoned to the Chamber and directed to remove Senators responsible for the disorder. The motion was carried, and a messenger was sent for Journey.

Long and Robinson Jar.

As the minutes ticked off and no Sergeant-at-Arms appeared, the Senate looked more and more sheepish, and the galleries were more and more tickled. The greatest deliberative body on earth had stalled its engine, and couldn't get it started again.

"I think we're being a little severe with our erring brothers here," remarked Huey Long.

"I suggest that we forgive them, and trust them to sin no more."

"It's all very well to be facetious," Robinson replied angrily, "but those of us who are serious about getting the country's business transacted must insist on order."

"I move that the chair name a committee of three to search for the Sergeant-at-Arms," interposed Senator Neely (Dem., West Virginia).

Robinson called for a deputy sergeant-at-arms but none could be found.

"A parliamentary inquiry—do I have the floor?" asked Barkley of Kentucky. "The Senator has," Pittman replied.

"Will the chair suggest anything that I can do with it?" "The Senator can hold it."

Robinson scathingly suggested that since "there seems to be no sergeant-at-arms in the Capitol, we proceed without deliberations."



Helps COLDS and COUGHS DUE TO COLDS

STOUT WOMEN

Reduce!

Without Exercising or Dieting by Wearing

LANE BRYANT'S

REDUCING FOUNDATION

\$4.95



Just tighten the laces as the inches roll away! The all-in-one laces in back and streamlines the whole figure. The girdle, for the figure with larger thighs, takes inches off the hips! Of perforated rubber, for cool comfort. \$4.95

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LANE BRYANT

SIXTH and LOCUST

I'm your best friend
I am your Lucky Strike

- to anxiety---I bring relief
- to distress---I bring courage
- to achievement--I bring content
- to loneliness--I bring companionship



LUCKIES USE ONLY CENTER LEAVES... CENTER LEAVES GIVE YOU THE MILDEST SMOKE

LONG'S AID ON TRIAL FOR U. S. TAX Evasion

Louisiana State Legislator Bases Defense on Losses in Gambling Business.

By the Associated Press.
NEW ORLEANS, April 2.—State Representative Joseph Fisher of Jefferson Parish, first of nine associates of Senator Huey P. Long called to trial on Federal income tax charges, contended through counsel yesterday that he had been in the gambling business and suffered losses he understood were deductible from his returns.

Fisher, a member of Long's political machine, was placed on trial in Federal District Court before Judge Wayne G. Borah over the strenuous objection of his counsel, Hugh M. Wilkinson.

Fisher is accused of seven counts of evasion or attempting to evade or defeat the tax payments for the years 1929-1932, inclusive, during which the Government charged his income was about \$122,000, much of which was unreported on his returns.

The jury was selected from a panel of 63.

Rene Viosca, Federal District Attorney, said the Government would try to show that Fisher was guilty on four counts of "wilfully attempting to evade" income tax payments, two counts for not filing returns in 1931 and 1932 and one count for assisting in preparing a "fraudulent document" in which his wife's income liability for 1932 was protested.

Attorney Wilkinson said the defense would show there was no willful or criminal intent, that his client had lost in the gambling business in Jefferson Parish during

Former St. Louisan at Nassau



MR. AND MRS. JOHN B. JOHNSTONE

OF Greenwich, Conn., on the sun deck of the British Colonial pool, Nassau, Bahamas. Mrs. Johnstone was formerly Miss Jessie Carr, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peyton T. Carr, 62 Vandeventer place,

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TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1935

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BARUCH OWNED SHIP FIRM STOCK, WITNESS SAYS

L. H. Korndoff Contradicts Financier, but Cannot Recall Source of Information.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Testimony that Bernard M. Baruch was once interested in New York Ship Building Corporation—contradicting the financier's recent denial—was given today to the Senate Munitions Committee.

Lyon H. Korndoff, president of the Federal Shipbuilding & Drydock Co., told the committee he had information that Baruch was interested in the New York Corporation and confirmed a letter he had written Aug. 4, 1933, giving the same information.

"I am reliably informed," said the letter, addressed to W. A. Irvin, president of the United States Steel Corporation, "that Mr. Baruch and his associate, Mr. Ben Smith, are interested in the project. This is quite interesting in view of Mr. Baruch's reported relations with the present administration."

The Federal Co. is a subsidiary of United States Steel.

Korndoff told the committee he could not recall where he received the information regarding Baruch's alleged interest in the New York Ship Building Corporation at a time when large Federal appropriations for naval buildings were being made from PWA funds.

On the stand last week, Baruch

Shirley Gives the Clowns a Treat



SHIRLEY TEMPLE, with the clowns at the opening of the circus in Los Angeles. Shirley is having her pulse taken by Dr. Hukom.

SENATE ORDERS INQUIRY INTO VIRGIN ISLANDS RULE

Committee of Five to Be Named for Investigation of Administration of Gov. Pearson. By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The administration of the Virgin Islands in the Caribbean by an appointee of President Hoover was ordered investigated by the Senate yesterday.

In a letter to Irvin, United States Steel president, Korndoff wrote on Sept. 20, 1934, that the Assistant Secretary had visited the Federal company's plant and "seemed quite impressed with what he saw" of the plant's facilities.

Further correspondence was in-

duced by the committee to indicate that Assistant Secretary Henry L. Roosevelt of the Navy, favored building a "larger percentage" of naval vessels in private yards than in navy yards.

In a letter to Irvin, United States Steel president, Korndoff wrote on Sept. 20, 1934, that the Assistant Secretary had visited the Federal company's plant and "seemed quite impressed with what he saw" of the plant's facilities.

"He expressed himself," the letter added, "as feeling that the navy would be better off and would get better ships if they were in a position to give a larger percentage of their work to the private yards because of the more varied and wider experience of private yards due to their handling merchant as well as naval work.

"As a matter of fact, the designs for practically all the ships being built in navy yards today are being developed by the private shipbuilders."

Korndoff denied there was collusion among the yards in bidding on naval work.

On the other hand, he told the committee the smaller yards, including his own, were forced to stiff competition to get naval business and had as well to face adverse "propaganda" he asserted was put out by the larger yards to block smaller competitors.

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FINISH 10 LB.
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Round Trip in Coaches
1st St. Louis - 10:45 a.m. Saturday
Returning, 1st Cincinnati 2:50 p.m.
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Write or phone for details. All-Expense
Tours, Washington, Atlantic City, New
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Phone Central 0500—Garfield 6600

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STEAK Porterhouse, Tenderloin, Sirloin, Lb. 15c
CHUCK Center Cut 12c
VEAL Leg Lb. 15c
Breast, Veal Shoulder Lb. 11c
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The brandy to use for
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and other mixed drinks.

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PORTIERES, DRAPES Any Kind... 2 PAIRS FOR \$1.00

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CLARK GABLE CLAUDETTE COLBERT
"IT HAPPENED ONE NIGHT"
CAROLE LOMBARD CHESTER MORRIS
"GAY BRIDE"
Starting Friday...
"SEQ UOIA"

UPTOWN 4900 DELMAR
25th 6:30 p.m. 7:00

CLARK GABLE CLAUDETTE COLBERT
"IT HAPPENED ONE NIGHT"
CAROLE LOMBARD CHESTER MORRIS
"GAY BRIDE"
Starting Friday...
"SEQ UOIA"

DOWN-TOWN LYRIC 6th & Pine
13th Adm.
WARNER BAXTER-MYRNA LOY
"BROADWAY BILL"
FRANK McHUGH, "MAYBE IT'S LOVE"

Anything of value may be sold
through the Post-Dispatch For Sale
Columns.

'POLITICAL PRISONERS' FREED IN E. ST. LOUIS

Judge Borders Says Precinct Workers Were 'Shanghaied' by Police.

Declaring that two Negro precinct workers supporting the ticket headed by John T. English, candidate for Mayor in the East St. Louis election today, were "political prisoners shanghaied by the police department," City Judge Borders today ordered their release after detectives told them the Chief of Police wanted to see them.

The prisoners, Walter Summerhill, laborer, 209 East Broadway, and Babe Hill, checker at the Federal transient bureau, 203 East Broadway, said they were arrested last night after detectives told them the Chief of Police wanted to see them.

They said they had "lined up" the 50 qualified voters at the transient bureau for the English ticket and charged the police department, supporting Mayor James T. Crow for re-election, had attempted to prevent their working at the polls.

No one appeared before Judge Borders to oppose release of the prisoners. The policeman accompanying them to court said he knew of no charge against them. Acting Chief of Police Murphy was not in court but when questioned by a Post-Dispatch reporter said he did not know why the men were arrested.

These two men are political prisoners shanghaied by the police department which should not participate in politics," Judge Borders said angrily after brief hearing.

"This is something which could happen only in East St. Louis. It is a vicious thing and there'll be a lot of hell raised if it happens again."

They conferred with Presiding Judge Thatcher of the County Court and Dr. Edwin L. Sheehan, superintendent of St. Louis County Hospital. Dr. Foard said a preliminary study would require about two weeks.

The scope of the survey will be determined at a meeting of municipal school and relief organization officials with the County Court at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. A committee of the St. Louis County Medical Society will also attend.

Chairman Tydings of the Territorial Committee obtained approval of a \$2,000 fund for the investigation by a committee of five Senators.

While the committee is expected to visit the islands next summer to make the investigation,

the decision on how it will proceed was left to its discretion. Members of the committee will be named by the Vice-President.

Korndoff denied there was collusion among the yards in bidding on naval work.

On the other hand, he told the committee the smaller yards, including his own, were forced to stiff competition to get naval business and had as well to face adverse "propaganda" he asserted was put out by the larger yards to block smaller competitors.

Chief of Republican Guards on Trial in Connection With Rebellion of February, 1934. By the Associated Press.

VIENNA, April 2.—Alexander Eifler, World War major of the Austrian army and peace-time chief of state of the Socialists, Republicans, today, pleaded not guilty of high treason in connection with the rebellion of February, 1934.

Testifying in a trial of 21 Socialist leaders, he said the Republican guards was legally organized to defend the republic and that its aims always remained "the defense of the republic and the Republican Constitution."

Major Eifler said the Republican guards originally conceived their mission as a patriotic defense of the republic against foreign foes.

The 21 on trial were jailed prior to February hostilities but the prosecutor charged they participated in the deliberations in late January, 1934, in which the Socialists decided on armed resistance rather than surrender.

Lindeman's lecture, the first of a 15-day series he will make in St. Louis, was given before a group of leaders in civic, religious, and social organizations. He called attention to the transition from large to small families, a characteristic of nearly all countries today.

E. C. LINDEMAN LECTURES

New York Social Worker Opens 15-Day Course.

The wide divergence between technical advancement and social progress requires leaders aware of the significance of present-day trends, Edward C. Lindeman of the New York School of Social Work said in a lecture yesterday at Sheldon Memorial.

Lindeman's lecture, the first of a 15-day series he will make in St. Louis, was given before a group of leaders in civic, religious, and social organizations.

He called attention to the transition from large to small families, a characteristic of nearly all countries today.

Police Say Traffic Lights Were in Favor of Driver.

Mrs. Anna Lampe, 55-year-old widow, 2296 Minnesota avenue, suffered a fracture of the left shoulder and lacerations when struck by an automobile today at Grand Boulevard and Arsenal street. She was taken to City Hospital.

According to police, Mrs. Lampe walked in front of a bus into the path of an automobile driven by Edwin Ford, 70-year-old laborer of Belleville. The traffic lights at the corner were in his favor, they said.

691,535,000 in Krueger Claims. By the Associated Press.

STOCKHOLM, April 2.—Claims lodged in personal bankruptcy against the late Ivar Krueger total 2,342,000,000 kronor (about \$696,535,000), it is announced. The term fixed by a court order for filing such petitions has expired.

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EQUAL TREATMENT IN FOREIGN TRADE DEMANDED BY U.S.

Roosevelt States Policy of
Withholding Benefits
From Countries Not
Granting It.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, April 2.—President Roosevelt, in a letter to Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau outlining foreign trade policy, said yesterday that unless nations grant equality of treatment to the United States they will be denied benefits of reciprocal trade now being negotiated with 12 countries.

The President proclaimed a new reciprocal treaty between Belgium and the United States and made known that the Government is studying the question of ending existing trade pacts with Germany, Italy, Denmark and Portugal.

The President's letter did not go into the details of alleged "discrimination," but economists long have noted a multiplicity of devices to channel trade, including tariffs, exchange controls, quota systems and sanitary restrictions.

Germany, trying to increase German exports, advocated forced bilateral trade balancing—a system whereby goods and services exchanged between two countries would balance. The State Department, in a statement yesterday, rejected this idea. It held that allotment of foreign exchange, instead of being used to work toward such bilateral balancing "should be adjusted to the natural flow of trade."

Italy controls imports by a highly centralized system. Some officials hold that the limitations discriminate against American foreign trade.

Three Classes of Nations.
Dividing the trading nations into three categories, the President directed the Treasury Department to

A Prince Kisses His Royal Fiancée



CROWN PRINCE FREDERICK of Denmark greeting PRINCESS INGRID of Sweden, on his arrival in Stockholm for the official announcement of their engagement.

extend all tariff reductions and other concessions granted in the Belgian-American pact—which becomes effective May 1—on this basis:

1. Canada, the Netherlands and its colonies, Spain, and Switzerland and Liechtenstein, which are now negotiating trade pacts with the United States, are to be given advantage of the reduced rates for six months, despite the fact that they now are granting less favorable treatment to American trade than to other countries. If the present negotiations are not completed within that time, or if any of them fail to discontinue discriminations, the minimum rates accorded them will be automatically withdrawn.

2. Germany, Italy, Denmark, and Portugal and its colonies—which are considered as unjustly discriminating against American goods—are granted the reduced duties and concessions pending a decision as to whether trade pacts now in force should be terminated.

3. Other countries will receive all benefits arising from the pact without time limit, but with a warning that some "slight discriminations" just be removed.

State Department Statement.
The State Department's statement said: "Equality of treatment is the keynote of the foreign commercial policy of the United States. The United States neither seeks nor accords preferential discriminatory treatment—it asks only that a foreign country treat American commerce no worse than it treats the commerce of any third country, and, in turn, accords equality of treatment to the commerce of foreign countries."

Government monopolies should, the statement declared, accord American producers "a fair and equitable share of the market as nearly as can be determined by price, quality, etc., similar to a private commercial transaction."

In extending all tariff rates of the Belgian pact to 64 countries and their possessions, the State Department warned that those "slightly discriminating" against American products were on good behavior. "Acts and policies will be studied," the announcement declared, "and, if at a later time, it should appear that the discriminations against American trade are substantial, or if they should be increased substantially, consideration will be given to the withdrawal of our minimum duties from such countries."

Mutual Reduction of Barriers."

The State Department, in announcing the policy of this Government concerning generalization of tariff concessions under trade agreements, declared that "the commercial policy of the United States must, in the interest of our foreign trade, be designed to accomplish mutual and reciprocal reductions in trade barriers, and the removal or prevention of discriminations against American commerce."

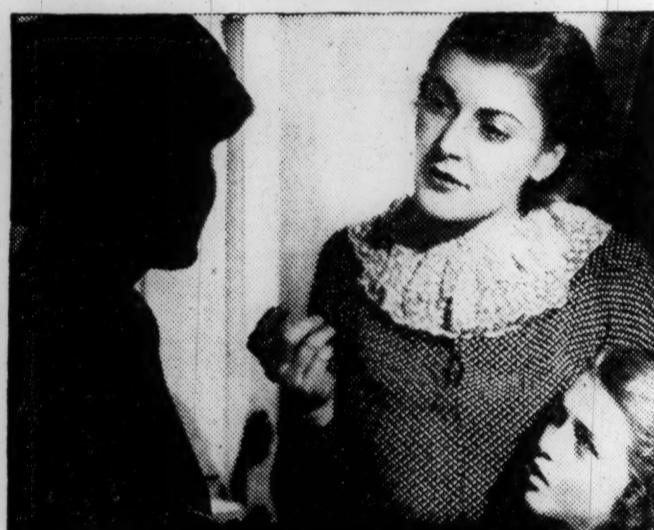
Referring to Germany, Italy and other countries considered as discriminating against American products, the State Department said:

"In the case of countries in this group, it is expected that notices of termination of existing treaties or agreements will be given in accordance with their terms, with a view to clearing the way to the conclusion of agreements covering explicitly both modern and old trade control measures."

It is hoped that such agreements, either separately or as part of comprehensive trade agreements, will be reached before the existing most favored nation treaties or agreements expire, in order that it will not be necessary to withdraw our minimum rates from any of the relatively few countries in this group."

Many of the restrictive trade measures imposed in recent years, the department said, were employed when the treaties were signed, and the most favored nation pledges contained in them are broadly worded and do not deal with the problems as explicitly as might be desired.

Madame X investigates:



the truth about laxatives as told to Madame X, the Ex-Lax reporter

THIS is Madame X, the inquiring reporter on assignment for Ex-Lax, the world famous chocolate laxative.

The Ex-Lax Company said to me: "Pack a bag... hop a train... go here, there and everywhere. Get the real folks of this country to tell you what THEY think about Ex-Lax. We want the plain facts. Go into any town, walk along any street, ring any doorbell. Get the story." Here are a few jottings from my notebook:

"EFFECTIVE"... "I used everything but nothing relieved me until I took Ex-Lax." Frank H. Port, 118-48—154th Street, Jamaica, Long Island.

"GENTLE"... "It is, therefore, very important when I take a laxative that it be one that is not harsh, yet it must be effective." Mrs. Anna E. Stadt, 7401—4th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

"EASY TO TAKE"... "I prefer Ex-Lax to all laxatives because it's easy to take and I like the taste." Pilot William Warner, Floyd Bennett Field, Brooklyn, New York.

"NON-HABIT-FORMING"... "I don't think one should take laxatives all the time, but only when one needs it. With Ex-Lax I get the desired result and don't believe it forms a habit." Miss Bessie M. Bean, 5657 Hub Street, Los Angeles, California.

"THRIFTY"... "I find Ex-Lax no trouble at all to give the children and it is the least expensive laxative there is." Mrs. Mary Callinan, 457 West 28th Street, New York City.

"CHILDREN"... "There are twelve children—from 14 to 38 years old, and everyone, including mother and father use

When Nature forgets—remember

EX-LAX
THE CHOCOLATED LAXATIVE

FEDERAL RELIEF FUNDS FOR WEEK GIVEN TO STATE

This Will Help Situation Temporarily But There Is No Chance of Early Legislative Action.

By CURTIS A. BETTS,
A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 2.—Instructions received last night by Missouri Relief Administration officials to resume expenditures for relief for one week served to ease temporarily the crisis which had developed as a result of Federal Relief Administrator Hopkins' refusal of further aid to Missouri, but the situation at the end of the week will be unchanged unless Hopkins agrees to further advances of Federal money.

There is no prospect of Missouri legislative action within the week to meet Hopkins' demand that an actual appropriation of \$500,000 a month for one year be made.

Senator Donnelly of Lebanon, president pro tem of the Senate, said today that the Legislature would not complete work on the sales tax bill this week, and probably not next week, and that no big appropriation bills would be taken up until after action was taken on the sales tax. He said appropriations could not well be made until it was known with reasonable definiteness that amount of money which would be available for expenditure.

Sales Tax Situation.

The sales tax bill which has passed the House is now in the Senate Ways and Means Committee. A public hearing will be held tomorrow and there is little likelihood that it will reach the floor of the Senate before some time next week. If it is amended in the Senate committee or on the floor of the Senate it will go back to the House for concurrence in or rejection of the amendments, and it is more than likely that it will have to go to a conference committee. All of that takes time and there is a disposition in the Senate to devote all the time to it that such an important matter should have.

"Our appropriation necessarily

will be governed by the amount of money we have appropriated and, as the sales tax is expected to provide a very considerable sum, we cannot authorize the expenditures until the tax rate is fixed and that will not be until the bill finalizes."

Authorization of \$1,000,000.

After an all-day visit by Gov. Park and other State officials for a final decision by Hopkins, Peter Kasius,

field representative of FERA, was authorized by Aubrey Williams, Hopkins' assistant, to make commitments on the usual basis for relief expenditures for this week.

This is understood to mean that relief activities to the extent of slightly more than \$1,000,000 are authorized.

On receipt of the instructions, State Relief Administration Crossley

began sending out instructions to county relief administrators in conformity with the authorization from Washington.

Kasius said Hopkins had not re-

versed his decision to withhold funds from Missouri until such time as the \$500,000 a month appropriation had been made, and that nothing was known at the Missouri office as to any plans beyond the present week.

Telegram to Governor.

Williams notified Gov. Park of Hopkins' decision in the following telegram:

"Mr. Hopkins has authorized the extension of aid to Missouri for one week period with understanding that in the meantime the Legislature will act upon legislation now pending in the Legislature."

Earlier in the day the Governor had told Hopkins in a telephone conversation that an immediate appropriation was impossible and urged upon him that unless temporary provision were made by FERA there would be actual suffering in the State.

It is virtually certain that Hopkins will be disappointed in his expectation of an appropriation this week. The Governor is considering the submission of a special message to the Legislature Wednesday urg-

ing the passage of a special relief appropriation, separate from the regular appropriation bills. This could but probably will not be done.

The Governor today sent a telegram to Williams informing him that he could give no assurance of legislative action.

"Replying to your wire of yesterday relative to relief for Missouri," the Governor said, "can give no more definite assurance than pledge heretofore made by Legislature and me."

Donnelly and State.

Senator Donnelly said he had talked to many Senators during the day and that he thought the general opinion was that the Senate should adhere to its regular program and should not be hurried into passage of an appropriation.

"I greatly doubt that a relief ap-

propriation will be made in less

than two weeks," the Senator said, "and it may be three weeks."

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Senate Ways and Means Committee. A public hearing will be held tomorrow and there is little likelihood that it will reach the floor of the Senate before some time next week. If it is amended in the Senate committee or on the floor of the Senate it will go back to the House for concurrence in or rejection of the amendments, and it is more than likely that it will have to go to a conference committee. All of that takes time and there is a disposition in the Senate to devote all the time to it that such an important matter should have.

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PART TWO

**SELIGMAN & CO.
MADE \$632,000
ON FRISCO DEAL**

Second Banking Firm to Take Part in Stock Purchase in Which Speyer & Co. Cleared \$2,000,000.

SAME CONCERN IN 1916 REORGANIZATION

Co-Trustee's Counsel Asks if There Wasn't \$39,500,000 Write Up Then—Cycle of Receiverships.

By WILLIAM J. COURN, A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Profits of \$632,000 to J. and W. Seligman & Co., in addition to the \$2,000,000 already shown to have been made by Speyer & Co., were disclosed yesterday as result of the purchase in 1925 and 1926 by the Frisco Railroad and its two banking firms of 275,000 shares of Rock Island stock.

The Frisco lost \$10,000,000 through depreciation in the market value of the two-thirds of the stock, for which it paid cash and securities.

Seligman & Co., which received one-fourth of the 91,667 shares represented by Speyer & Co., got \$63,257 in commissions paid by the Frisco in its 183,333 shares, as shown in testimony by Frederick Strauss, a partner in the Seligman firm.

Then, while the Frisco held on to its Rock Island stock, Seligman sold 22,917 shares at a profit of \$23,522, a transaction which Strauss stated had nothing to do with the Frisco.

Other Seligman Profits.

Still another gain of \$50,081 accrued to Seligman as its one-fourth share in the profit realized from the sale of 50,000 shares of Frisco taken over by the railroad as part payment for its Rock Island stock.

The more profit to Seligman, as developed by Frank A. Thompson of St. Louis, counsel for John G. Long, co-trustee of the Frisco, was 75% Seligman's share in the profit made by bankers in the sale to the public of \$5,000,000 in Frisco receivable notes also given as part payment for the Frisco's Rock Island stock.

Presumably, Speyer's share in the profit was \$17,145, on this basis, although it was not shown whether Speyer split with any other.

After establishing that Speyer and Seligman had been reorganization managers for the Frisco following its receivership of 1916-17, Thompson sought to show that the railroad's assets were "written up over night" by \$39,500,000 in the 1916 reorganization, but Strauss said he had no knowledge of any such increase.

Surplus and Dividend.

Thompson's objective, which was not reached, was to establish that if assets were overvalued by that amount then the Frisco never had a surplus to support dividends, which began in 1925 at five per cent, increased to eight per cent, the last two per cent quarterly dividend having been declared in 1932.

Speyer and Seligman, it was brought out, received compensation as reorganization managers in 1916, but the extent of the compensation was not established.

Thompson inquired whether it had not been necessary to increase the asset figure by \$39,500,000 in 1916 to meet new securities issued. Strauss said he had no recollection of this.

Previously Thompson had brought out that the Frisco had been in receivership in 1896, showing a cycle of receiverships recurring about every 20 years, but had not been able to elicit testimony from witnesses to support this contention that there had been a \$10,000,000 "write up" of assets in 1896.

Cause of 1916 Receivership.

Jack Lewis Kraus, representing the Gans bondinghouse interests, took over the examination, questioning Strauss in an effort to prove the causes of the 1916 receivership were in great measure the same as the causes of the railroad's present difficulties—that is, in his opinion, an unwise expansion policy, involving purchases of other railroad securities and increase of debt. However, he obtained little satisfaction from the witness.

Reverting to the Frisco's purchase of 183,333 shares of Rock Island in 1925 and 1926, Kraus brought out that the shares amounted to 25 per cent of the total Rock Island common issue and that the entire number of 275,000 shares amounted to about 37 per cent, which Strauss conceded virtually amounted to working control of the Rock Island common stock. The witness added that holders of Rock Island preferred also had voting power.

Witnesses turned then to Seligman's one-fourth interest in Speyer's one-third of the 275,000 Rock Island shares, renewing efforts to show that the bankers, instead of taking

DIPLOMAT'S WIFE**CAPT. EDEN BEGINS
DISCUSSIONS WITH
POLISH LEADERS**

British Lord Privy Seal Confers With President Moscicki and Dictator Pilsudski in Warsaw.

By the Associated Press.

WARSAW, April 2.—A hint that Polish statesmen may propose strengthening of the League of Nations in their talks with Capt. Anthony Eden, British Lord Privy Seal, was contained today in the Gazeta Polska, whose information is regarded as officially inspired.

The visit of Eden, the paper said editorially, comes at a time when the European system based on the Geneva organization "begins to shiver."

"One must either modify and fortify the league or create a new system," Gazeta Polska said. "The latter proposal is very difficult because such a new plan would have to be general and elastic to prove effective."

Day of Conferences.

A full day was outlined for Eden, beginning with preliminary conferences with the British mission. He lunched with President Ignace Moscicki and joined Marshal Joseph Pilsudski, the Polish dictator, for tea in the afternoon. There were cordial discussions for which he came to Warsaw, it was said.

Tonight Eden was to dine with Burgomaster Adolph Max.

Preceding the luncheon a two-hour conference was held at the Foreign Office. The Polish Ambassador to London and Director of the Ministerial Cabinet attended.

Eden was reported reliably to have outlined his findings in Berlin and Moscow and to have reported that the Soviet feared Germany and Poland had aggressive intentions against Russia.

A Foreign Office spokesman said the reply to this fear would be that Poland's willingness to sign a non-aggression declaration with both of its big neighbors amply proved its pacific policy.

Indications in competent quarters are that Joseph Beck, Foreign Minister, and Marshal Pilsudski feel inclined to make some specific proposals to Eden although the conversations are called "purely exploratory."

Eden, whose effort in the cause of peace has carried him so far on a 2500-mile trip from London to Paris, Berlin and Moscow, appeared fatigued when he stepped from his railway coach last night. The entire foreign office staff was on hand to welcome him.

A Note of Cordiality.

"There is a close bond between Polish and British foreign policies," Gazeta Polska said. "Both countries are correctly concerned with stabilizing peace. Both are against groups opposing one another."

"Their methods are also similar in that they are quiet and pointed. Poland is confident that Great Britain wants to have European questions settled fairly and logically. We hope Eden's visit will greatly help clarify present conditions."

Reports circulated in some quarters that Eden was bringing with him from Moscow a suggestion that the proposed Eastern security pact be split into Baltic and Danubian agreements.

Such a procedure, it was suggested, might tend to moderate Polish opposition to the security pact, which has been based on fear that the country might become the battleground of Eastern Europe in the event of hostilities between Russia to the east and Germany to the west.

Mussolini, Simon and Laval to Confer on Italian Island.

ROME, April 2.—Statesmen of Great Britain, France and Italy will hold their conference of German rearmament April 11 in Borromeo Palace, on the Isle of Isola Bella, in Lake Maggiore, it was announced yesterday.

In this secluded spot Benito Mussolini, Sir John Simon and Pierre Laval will talk things over. Most members of the foreign delegations, however, will stay at the Hotel Borromeo in Stresa, a few hundred yards away on the mainland.

ROOSEVELT AS A SALESMAN

"Best in U.S. Selling Electricity," Utility Man Says.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—House Interstate Commerce Committee members asked B. W. Kerr, representing the National Electrical Manufacturers' Association, in hearings on the utility holding company regulation bill today, if there was any doubt that there was a market for electricity.

"None whatever," was the reply. "Why, we have the best salesmen in the United States selling electricity—the President."

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Admirals Who Got New Assignments in U. S. Fleet

Associated Press Wirephoto
FROM left, VICE-ADMIRAL H. V. BUTLER, Commander Fleet Air Force; ADMIRAL HARRIS LANING, Commander, Battle Force; ADMIRAL J. M. REEVES, Commander, U. S. Fleet; VICE-ADMIRAL THOMAS T. CRAVEN, Commander, Battle Ships, and VICE-ADMIRAL A. J. HEPBURN, Commander, Scouting Force. Photograph from Los Angeles.

**REPORTED LITHUANIAN REPLY
TO POWERS ON MEMEL ISSUE**

Government Expected to Say That Violation of Statute Is Fault of Germany.

By the Associated Press.

KAUNAS, Lithuania, April 2.—The Lithuanian Government, well-informed sources said today, will inform Great Britain, France and Italy that any failure on Lithuania's part to abide by the Memel statute is solely the fault of Germany.

Diplomatic circles avoided excessive optimism, since they had learned through many previous efforts the difficulties of arranging a general formula acceptable to both belligerents. The fact that Argentina and Chile called in the other nations, however, indicated there was some hope of attaining the goal.

Informal sources said Chile had informed the other nations that Paraguay and Bolivia had given assurance new mediation would be accepted.

U. S. Already Has Taken Part in Several Mediation Efforts.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The United States has participated in several of the efforts that already have been made in South America or the League of Nations to settle the hostilities between Paraguay and Bolivia over the Chaco.

Secretary of State Hull has declared on several occasions that the United States would welcome any feasible plan which would assist in ending the war.

Ethiopia Charges Italians Ambushed, Killed Subject

Reply to Rome Note That Band Crossed Eritrea Border and Attacked Detachment.

By the Associated Press.

ADDIS ABABA, Ethiopia, April 2.—The Ethiopian Government in an official statement today accused the chief of an Italian frontier post at Omager, Eritrea, of ambushing and killing an Ethiopian with whom he had negotiated for the purchase of two rifles.

The statement was Ethiopia's report to a note from the Italian Minister at Addis Ababa protesting against an incident the night of March 23 in which it was charged a band of 300 Ethiopians crossed the Eritrean boundary, provoking a skirmish with an Italian detachment.

The Memel statute was put into effect under League of Nations auspices. While placing the territory under Lithuanian sovereignty, the statute extended to it a clearly defined degree of administrative and financial autonomy.

CHINA OPENS TRACT OF LAND TO DEPRESSION SUFFERERS

Nationals Coming Home From Other Lands Found "Overseas Village of Happiness."

By the Associated Press.

NANKING, China, April 2.—Driven out of the United States and other countries by the depression, scores of overseas Chinese have returned to China to make a new start on farms provided for them by the Chinese Government.

A tract of 1000 acres of waste land in Anhwei province, 80 miles south of here, is being colonized by the destitute, repatriated Chinese. They have founded a new town, which they call "Overseas Village of Happiness." About 200 families have been settled on the tract by the Government. They are receiving Government loans to tide them over until crops are harvested and sold.

The bulk of the indebtedness is owned by Great Britain, France and Italy in the order named, or respectively, \$4,793,186.319; \$4,000,927.286, and \$2,011,067.001.

Germany is indebted to the United States for \$1,227,969.892 on account of the costs of the American Army of Occupation and the wards of the Chinese Government.

The Chinese Government got the idea for the scheme from a similar project started 22 years ago by Jung Kwei-Chan, a Chinese who had returned to his homeland from Panama. Jung's colony has grown steadily and today has a population of 900, nearly all of whom are repatriated citizens.

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
December 12, 1878
Published by
The Pulitzer Publishing Company
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 10, 1937.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

SAYED Herbert Hoover to the California Republican Assembly: "We stand on the threshold of a great forward economic movement, if only the paralyzing effects of mistaken governmental policies and activities may be removed."

What a familiar ring these words have! Prosperity is again "around the corner," as Mr. Hoover told us several times during the last years of his administration!

But, as the paralysis in question began during Mr. Hoover's administration, the logical assumption is that the debris of his party's policies has not yet been completely removed; hence our forward economic movement is still delayed.

No individual in the United States is under such a political and moral obligation to be silent as is Herbert Hoover. No man ever had a greater chance to prove the "stuff" of which he was made than did he. He had the reputation of a Moses made to order for the purpose of leading his people out of any wilderness. And when the crash came and we looked for the light of the great leader—well, there just wasn't any light.

The mess that Herbert Hoover dumped into the lap of Franklin Roosevelt when the latter took office was the worst that any President ever left to his successor, and nobody in the United States knows that better than Herbert Hoover.

If his attack on the present administration has its roots in an ambition again to seek the presidential office, then some of his personal, and not his political, friends should take him aside and in all kindness tell him that he is politically dead.

J. E. MOLYNEAUX.

Unfair to Bond Owners.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

IT is reported that the Little River Drainage default has been settled with an RFC loan of \$290 for every \$1000 bond outstanding. While this may be called a loan (which it is to the original borrower), to the bond owner it is a foreclosure, pure and simple. It is not a recovery of the money on the borrower for he retains his land.

The bond owner is compelled to accept a fixed loss of \$710 on each \$1000 bond, with no recovery whatsoever. He is hooked plenty, and to stay.

I consider such a plan unfair and one-sided because the bond buyer had no voice as to the conditions or the decline in values, and yet must stand all of the loss. The RFC becomes a tool of the borrowers to cheat those who helped improve the farmers' land. H. W. D.

Society Girls Who Work.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

GEOERGE BERNARD SHAW had something to say about the Eddie Cantor girl squabbling:

The general idea of rich people do not know what to do with themselves, they have to join a round of social duties and pleasure mostly manufactured by West End shopkeepers, humbugged by their doctors, pilaged by their tradesmen and forced to snub the rich by snubbing poorer people. . . . We have conferred on these people (the rich) the coveted privilege of having nothing to do. And what do they do?—we find that we have made them wretched and unhappy. . . . An attempt of a rich woman to do a work of charity, for instance, the care of her health, would be bitterly resented by the poor, because, from their point of view, a poor woman out of a job.

It is unfortunate that these society girls—the better ones trying to escape their cushioned boredom and to make a place for themselves in the world of affairs—do not strive higher than the shop. Certainly there are many places where ambitious, well-educated, cultured young women could serve in the social fabric without treading on the toes of poor guys who need work to keep body and soul together. They should not waste themselves in such home-making competition. Our decaying political parties could use such caliber. And what about art, literature, exploration, research, floriculture, etc., to mention but a few things on which their energies might be expended?

PELEBEIAN.

Advocates Coal Stokers.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I HAVE solved the smoke problem, so far as I am concerned, by installing underfeed stokers in my plant and home.

Coal is the cheapest fuel for St. Louis and, when burned in the proper equipment, smoke can be eliminated.

To make a wholesale switch from coal would add a large number to the unemployed and hurt business in many lines. But to install the proper coal-burning equipment would add to employment, and the savings on fuel would pay for the investment in a few years.

A. G. ACKERMANN.

A Reply to Senator Robinson.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

IN his recent radio address, Senator Robinson is quoted as saying that the Townsend pension plan is unsound and the tax which would provide the money would be burdensome; that business would stop altogether in many instances.

The Senator certainly cannot blame the Townsend pension plan for the business stagnation we have endured for the past five years. He must know that business cannot stop when there is enough buying power circulating. In our national body, as in the human body, decay sets in when circulation is lacking, and to get well will require more than mere shots in the arm.

JOSEPH DELABAR.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH, TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1935.

THE BELCHER CASE.

By its action in the Belcher lumber case, the Government has deferred indefinitely a Supreme Court interpretation of most phases of the National Industrial Recovery Act. It has exposed itself to the charge of being unwilling to face the issue on the grave constitutional questions involved. It has deprived Congress, which is now being asked to extend the act for another two years, of the guidance of a Supreme Court decision.

William E. Belcher, Alabama lumber mill owner, was charged with violating the wage and hour provisions of the lumber code. His attorneys argued the unconstitutionality of the NRA and were sustained by Federal District Judge Grubb, who held that NRA violated the commerce clause of the Constitution, that it constituted an unlawful delegation of power by Congress and that it violated constitutional guarantees of right to speedy trial and against infliction of unusual punishment.

Despite the fact that 22 NRA cases are on their way through the courts, the Belcher case was the only one that had reached the Supreme Court stage. It was set for argument April 8. On March 26, the Department of Justice announced it would ask for dismissal of its own appeal. This decision was reached after a three-hour conference between Attorney-General Cummings and Solicitor-General Reed.

Their stated reason for this unusual action is that the lumber code "contains administrative provisions peculiar to itself with respect to the extension of discretionary powers to non-governmental agencies—a fact which was emphasized many times in the recent Senate committee hearings and which sets this code in a class by itself." It was pointed out that other cases not possessing this peculiarity are being pressed for early decision.

The explanation is neither wholly clear nor wholly convincing. If the Belcher case was a "peculiar" one, it would seem that the Department of Justice might have discovered the fact prior to the eleventh hour. Indeed, under the department's view, the case should never have been appealed from Judge Grubb's decision. On the other hand, if it be true that the Belcher case possesses characteristics not applicable to other NRA cases, the Supreme Court might have been depended upon to recognize its peculiarity and decide it accordingly.

Regardless of the merit of the department's explanation, the dismissal of the appeal has created the impression that the Government lacks confidence in the ability of NRA to withstand a Supreme Court test. It has given Huey Long the opportunity, in racy language, how the Government "ducked" the issue. It has created confusion in the lumber business, whose code authority has asked for suspension of the code on the ground that the Government has "incapacitated" the agreement by withdrawing the Belcher appeal.

Further mystification is added by a statement of Donald Richberg, NRA chairman, in which he specifically dissociates himself from the Department of Justice's action. Says Mr. Richberg: "I would like to make it clear that the decision (to withdraw the Belcher case) was made by the Department of Justice. I am not expressing any disagreement with the Department of Justice, but I don't want it understood that withdrawal is made because of pressure by NRA."

In fairness to the country, the Department of Justice should have proceeded with the Belcher case.

BENEATH GRANADA'S STARS.

Romantic imagination and historical fact have written many a splendid page to the Alhambra, and a century has passed since Washington Irving pronounced the valedictory, but "time's great volume" seemingly has no finis. The Alhambra stirs again in what we must believe is its uneasy sleep. A Spanish mining engineer, peering into the workings of the old Roman mines, reports that the Alhambra "is built on an alluvium of gold." What a "storied urn" it all is: "Poems of stone beneath Granada's stars"; a Moorish civilization, so it has been said, finer than achieved by Spain; architectural splendor blighted by the spleen of vandalism of Charles V; the elms of Wellington which tourists look upon and hear; perhaps, the drumbeats of the destiny fast closing in on the career of the Corsican.

Faded long ago the roses and the myrtle, and gone the purple galleons of Philip, but still a chapter of wealth to be indited for a world more economically bewildered than were the days of laces and jewels when Columbus sought the shorter route to India.

TYPICAL SHOWING.

The Citizens' Budget Commission of New York City, scanning municipal statistics, offers some facts that are typical in showing how harassed taxpayers all over the country go that way.

Between 1918 and 1932, says its report, New York City's population increased 31½ per cent. The total number of city employees increased 77½ per cent in the same time. Average salaries of city employees rose 83 per cent. And the city payroll went up 224 per cent.

THE FLOWER AND GARDEN SHOW.

Twenty thousand people saw the Flower and Garden Show at the Arena Sunday, a fact which indicates the popularity of this great annual event.

The Flower and Garden Show is far from being merely commercial. The Missouri Botanical Garden alone would lift it into another category. The garden displays orchids as orchids have never been displayed anywhere. Thanks to the benefice of Henry Shaw, who left St. Louis this rich heritage, the garden has a collecting staff in the tropics, where, in the phrase of Charley's Aunt, the orchids come from. The setting of its exhibition shows the Andes, in the deep shade of which these exquisite parasites are loveliest.

In addition to its own exhibit, the garden displays a \$250,000 loan exhibit of odontoglossums, or so-called yellow orchids, from the conservatories of Sir Jeremiah Coleman of England. This is the only collection of its kind anywhere. There are 30,000 plants in the garden exhibit. The garden collects orchids in the tropics, nurtures them at its greenhouses in Panama, propagates them in the greenhouses at Gray Summit and at last exhibits the matured flowers at Shaw's Garden. Rarely since Alexander the Great gave Aristotle the equivalent of \$4,000,000 has natural science been so favored by philanthropy. In a sense, the orchid display at the Flower and Garden Show is nature's own monument to Henry Shaw.

In 1933, the National Flower Show was held at the Arena. It gave added impetus to a movement which has this year made the local show one-third bigger than the national event two years ago. To see seven acres of blossoms, many of them forced

before their time, and all of them veritably merging the four seasons into one, is a great privilege. Small wonder that it draws great crowds.

A BUSY DAY IN THE SUPREME COURT.

The news dispatches from Washington bore striking testimony yesterday to the important place of the United States Supreme Court in American government and life. In an opinion delivered by Chief Justice Hughes, it set aside death sentences imposed on defendants in the famous Scottsboro cases on the ground that the systematic exclusion of Negroes from jury service in Jackson County, Alabama, had deprived the defendants of plain constitutional right. In an opinion prepared by Justice Cardozo, it held invalid a delinquent-assessment moratorium set up in Arkansas—a moratorium which the court was at pains to distinguish from that of Minnesota, upheld last year.

Discriminating between general elections and primaries which are conducted by parties, the court in an opinion of Justice Roberts upheld the exclusion of Negroes by the Democratic party in Texas, on the theory that a party has a right to determine its own membership. In a case involving the reorganization of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, the court, speaking through Justice Sutherland, decided that Federal courts which are administering railroad reorganizations have a right to prevent the RFC and other railway note holders from selling collateral to realize on the paper in their hands.

These four cases involved human rights as well as property rights, and they arose from both state and Federal jurisdictions. Decided as they were at one sitting of the court, they are a notable reminder of the Supreme Court's great powers as umpire.

THE ANTI-DIPHTHERIA CAMPAIGN.

Diphtheria, once a frequently fatal disease of infancy and childhood, now is comparatively rare where modern methods of control are applied. Their use has brought down diphtheria mortality in St. Louis from 70 per 100,000 population in 1900 to 4.5 per 100,000 last year. But these methods have not yet been applied widely enough. While St. Louis had 961 cases and 38 deaths in 1934, Baltimore, with virtually the same population, had 108 cases and seven deaths, or a rate of about .85 per 100,000 population. Chicago, with more than four times as many inhabitants as St. Louis, had 327 cases and 41 deaths.

It is to remedy this situation and to call public attention to the need for utilizing more widely the preventive measures contributed by modern science that the Health Division of the Department of Public Welfare has launched its anti-diphtheria educational campaign. The desirability of immunization will be urged upon parents. By arrangement with the city, physicians will administer the preventive toxoid at reduced fees where necessary, or free of charge. Cooperation of all entrusted with care of children will mean a saving of lives in St. Louis from the inroads of this disease.

NOTABLE HISTORICAL WRITING.

It can be said without danger of contradiction that no teacher of American history has had greater influence on the writing of this generation than the late Frederick Jackson Turner, for many years professor at Wisconsin and Harvard. As the "discoverer," some 40-odd years ago, of the part the frontier played in the making of America, he first called attention to the fact that from the earliest settlements the meeting of the new and the old at the wilderness' cutting edge produced a central force in the development of American methods and policies and ideas. In turn, hundreds of his students have applied this thesis to the writing and interpretation of the national past and present.

Yet when Turner died three years ago, he left only a meager store of published writings. He had given himself over so completely to research that he had found but little time to record his findings. For this reason, the posthumous publication of the only full-length piece of writing which he undertook—"The United States: 1830-1850"—is all the more noteworthy. To read it is to realize how much Americans of a century ago were undergoing experiences like our own—acquiring new social and political ideals, turning from old leaders to new ones, finding it necessary to readjust their lives to changing conditions. Theirs, too, was a time of trial and experiment, stress and strain. Manifestly, the appearance of a study of their era by the scholar who showed this thesis to the writing and interpretation of the national past and present.

Building operations, postal receipts, bank clearings and department store sales go up. But so do relief-roll figures. Telephones, electric power consumption, new car registrations, real estate transfers and air travel increase. But the number on relief keeps right on rising.

That's the picture in Chicago, as it probably is in most large cities. Business is better. Everything, right down to the manufacture of what economists call durable goods—which they tell us will feel the pick-up in the spring—is doing better than at any time since 1929. And yet more and more people need public help just to exist.

Contradictory, though, as the two parts of the picture may appear, there's a logical answer. At least the apparent lack of consistency can be explained.

Chicago, though it still has one eye on Congress and figuratively keeps its fingers crossed, is elated over the unmistakably brighter business tone. There's a decided lack of agreement on just what's caused it, however. Democrats, in control of things political here now, hail it as proof of New Deal effectiveness, particularly the industrial program. But the press generally, and Old Guard business heads, say it's come "in spite of" the New Deal.

Nobody, not even those who say Mr.

Roosevelt is directly responsible, seems to

consider the farmer, without whom Chi-

cago couldn't exist. The farmer, it should

be pointed out, with prices of his products

high, has found in his pockets, recently,

more money than he's seen for a long time.

All he's spent it. And much of it, as always, has trickled into Chicago.

This money, if it could be marked and

checked, would be found playing a

most important part in helping to move

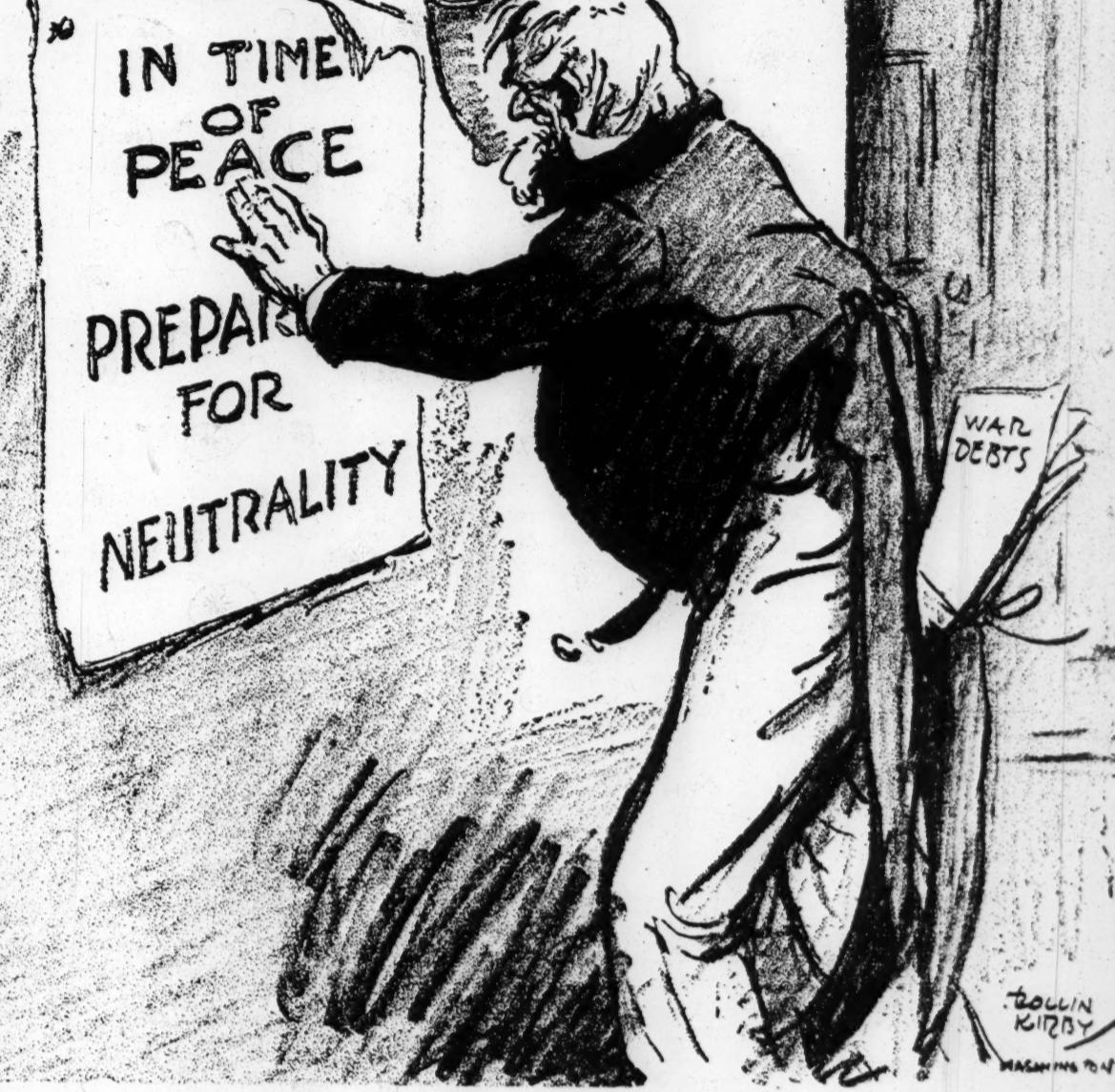
other goods, to put other money into cir-

ulation and to start things going genera-

tively. Chicago has the farmer to thank,

as much as anyone, for its good fortune.

• • •



REVISING A SLOGAN.

—From the New York World-Telegram.

Chicago's Recovery Paradox

While figures show business improvement, number of persons on relief in Chicago is steadily increasing, as in most other large cities; seeming paradox is explained by writer as caused by exhausted resources of group previously self-sustaining; trade upturn takes many off the rolls, but new recruits at present are more numerous.

Ralph W. Cessna in the Christian Science Monitor.

CHICAGO.

her added over the number dropped is slowing down. And it's reasonable to expect, as things continue back to normal, that the topsy-turvy picture will right itself.

But in the meantime, even though it's nicer to reflect that pig iron production has climbed, car loadings have increased and street car passengers multiplied, it's still necessary to think of that top-heavy relief load. That it hasn't responded to the business revival exactly as the rules say it should is no reason, as has been shown, for discouragement. It is, however, a tangible proof of the continued existence of an emergency.

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be

Gen. Johnson's Article

Father Coughlin's Radio Preaching "An Absolute Menace of Civil War" and "Fear of Him Is Bringing on the Country a Greater Danger Than Any We Have Ever Faced."

By GEN. HUGH S. JOHNSON

WASHINGTON, April 2.—HAVE been panned for raising Ira the radio rumpus with Huey Long and Father Coughlin and doing it in undignified English.

It is said that they ought to be given the silent treatment and hushed out of court. I agree that there has been too much epithet, and as far as I am concerned, it is an end.

But the idea that they ought not to be debated is 10 years behind the times. You might as well try to give the silent treatment to a thunderstorm or high-hat machine gun nest.

In February, he proved that he can build enough of a fire under many Congressmen to make them jump through hoop. That would be all right if what he proposed, however radical, were possible. It is not possible. Therefore his threat to overthrow this Government if he cannot control Congress is an absolute menace of civil war. It is like no other movement ever started in this country, because his whole appeal is to emotion and his sole sanction is religion. He openly calls it a crusade and his constant word is "God wills it." If we are going to sleep with our finger in that mouth we ought to have our heads examined.

Carnations to Be Judged.

Two classes of carnations, each exhibit consisting of 50 to 100 blooms, will also be judged today.

More than 20,000 school children from St. Louis and vicinity visited the show yesterday. An equal number will be permitted to see the displays today. The attendance, since the opening Saturday, not counting the children, totals 44,007. Sunday the attendance was 22,107.

Concerts are scheduled at 2 p.m. and 8 p.m. today in the main building. A special concert will be given by the University City High School band in the main building from 5 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Organ recitals in the west building are scheduled for 3:30 and 8:30 p.m.

A varied selection of exhibits in the amateur and garden club section in the west building continues to attract much attention. The Associated Garden Clubs of Kirkwood have presented an educational display in proper pruning of trees and shrubs.

The exhibit explains that by pruning a plant can be made an exceptional specimen, can be ruined if一味地剪枝, or can be ruined by improper pruning. Examples are shown in trees and shrubs, and the part of the plant to be pruned is painted white.

The Lead Belt Garden Club has an exhibit showing spring in St. Francois County. It is considered one of the most natural displays in the show, and includes nothing that is not found in the Ozarks. Practically all specimens were gathered in the woods. It includes dogwoods, pines, cedars, redbud, ferns, the much-admired bluebell, pussytoes, anemone, and hundreds of other wild plants, all clearly identified.

Other amateur exhibits are an attractive outdoor fireplace with kettles and stone bench, designed by the Webster Groves Home Garden Club. The Ferguson Garden Club has an exhibit of a bird-feeding station. There are a number of landscape models, one of a street of five houses, showing pools, propane foundation plantings, effective screening of unsightly fences and garages, hedges pruned correctly, and the proper placing of vegetable gardens, mulch bins, or other unsightly necessities for the complete garden.

There are countless cut-flower displays, table decorations, lighted displays and others, many of which might compete favorably with professional exhibits.

Prizes Awarded Yesterday.

In 13 classes of cut roses judged yesterday, the Hill Floral Products Co. of Richmond, Ind., won nine first prizes; the Amiling Rose Co., Pana, Ill., a first prize and four seconds; the National Rose Co., Pana, Ill., one first and one second; J. F. Ammann, Edwardsville, a first and two seconds; the Woodlawn Gardens, Edwardsville, and C. C. Wonnemann & Son, Mexico, Mo., a second each.

It was announced at the time that the President would soon pay a visit to the place.

But, though it is only a few hours distant from the Capital and though his quarters have been kept ready for instant use, he has given no sign of going there.

A guest visiting the island last week-end reported caustic comment on the Pres't's slighting of the club's invitation.

"I wonder why he doesn't want to come here," one member remarked. "Maybe it is because there are too many Democrats around," observed another.

Merry-Go-Round.

THE last day of the eight-week battle over the work-relief bill brought Senator Carter Glass, floor leader of the measure, a gracious compliment. He received a letter from Secretary Harold Ickes warmly thanking him for sponsoring the amendment to the measure that extends the life of the PWA for another two years.

To Connecticut goes the prize of issuing the first special stamp to be issued this year in honor of a State. The stamp will commemorate Connecticut's tercentenary and will bear a likeness of its famous Charter Oak.

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Huey Long has been the consistent champion of Paraguay against Bolivia. In the former country, a fort is named in his honor. But when four giant Condor planes were sneaked out of the United States to aid Bolivia, they left from Huey's home town—New Orleans.

(Copyright, 1935)

ROSE JUDGING TODAY AT FLOWER SHOW

Class of Cut Blossoms Includes Displays Covering 300 Square Feet.

One of the most important classes of cut roses will be judged today at the Greater St. Louis Flower and Garden Show at the Arena. It includes displays covering 300 square feet and containing not less than 500 blooms.

The display may be judged the best roses in the show. Exhibitors are allowed unlimited development in this class of a single bloom on one plant, which usually means that the entire energy of one plant is devoted to making a single fine rose. The roses have stems from six to 10 feet long as a result of this process. In order to get a selection of 500 good roses, the grower likely raised three times that many and picked the best. They were trained on steel rods and grown in greenhouses. The first prize is \$400 and the second, \$200.

The displays will be judged on three points: artistic arrangement and effect, quality of blooms, and suitable labeling. Many of these roses have been in development for a year.

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(Copyright, 1935)

Snapshot of the Big Bridge Tourney



MRS. ELY CULBERTSON AND P. HAL SIMS.
AS Sims ponders a bid in the bridge "Battle of a Century" in New York.

SIMS AND WIFE CUT CULBERTSONS' LEAD

Win Nine of Thirteen Rubbers but Are Still 5940 Points Behind.

By the Associated Press
NEW YORK, April 2.—P. Hal Sims is confident today that all is not lost in his 150-rubber bridge tussle with Ely Culbertson, the new bridge rules notwithstanding.

In the face of pessimistic predictions that the new scoring would make it difficult to overcome a Culbertson lead of nearly 10,000 points, Sims and his wife, Dorothy, proceeded to win nine of the 13 rubbers played yesterday, reducing the Culbertson advantage to 5940 at the end of 52 rubbers.

As has been the case almost every night since the match started, Culbertson and his wife, Josephine, rallied late in the evening, winning the last two rubbers and bolstering the lead that had dwindled to 3160 at the end of the fifty-first rubber.

The fact that the new rules were in effect for the first time in the match yesterday did not seem to make any change in the bidding, and those who looked for sensational bids were disappointed.

Two small slams were bid during the day, both by the Culbertsons.

The Simses accounted for their success during the afternoon and early evening by making the most of a good run of cards and avoiding, for the most part, any dangerous contracts.

Of the 52 rubbers already played, the Culbertsons have won 29 and the Simses 23, with a total point score of 46,000 to 40,060.

The honor count shows the Culbertsons leading in aces, 646 to 634, trailing in kings, 623 to 657, and ahead in queens, 689 to 591.

Miss Mary Ellen Noland, Washington U. senior, weds

Bridegroom is William P. Morgan Jr.

Jr. of Clayton. Graduate of School of Business.

Miss Mary Ellen Noland, a senior in the College of Liberal Arts at Washington University, and William P. Morgan Jr., 308 Edgewood drive, Clayton, disclosed to friends that they were married last Saturday night.

Instead of going to a dance given by Delta Gamma Sorority, the pair went to the Clayton residence of the Rev. George H. Tolley, pastor of Second Baptist Church, and were married. They will temporarily make their home with Morgan's parents.

The romance began two years ago at Washington University, shortly before Morgan was graduated from the School of Business and Public Administration.

Morgan, 23 years old, is assistant credit manager of the Goodyear Service Co. here.

The bride, 20 years old, is a ward of Masonic Home, 3531 Delmar boulevard, where she resided. She will be graduated from Washington University in June.

Because of the leadership of the St. Louis Council, it would be a calamity if this campaign should fail.

The amount sought is a small price to pay to finance the effort of a volunteer movement which makes men better citizens and better Americans. Your success in this financing campaign will demonstrate that Americanism in the St. Louis area is a practical, not sentimental thing.

Walter W. Head, campaign chairman, presided. Others introduced were: Charles Nagel, Col. H. D. McBride, Will Doctor, Sam Plant, John S. Leahy, David Wohl, Frank Agnew, L. W. Baldwin, Lee Johnston, C. McNay, C. E. Duke, Frank Mayfield, Richard Baldwin, C. L. Hein, Felix Gunter, Loftin White, Ed Greenfield, George Camp, Phil Ziegendorf and P. C. Harnett, leaders in the campaign for funds.

team composed of Max Librach, Edward J. O'Neill and Joseph Schramm, will meet a team from New York University tomorrow evening at 9 o'clock at the Y. M. H. A. Y. W. H. A. Union boulevard and Euclid avenue. The New York team will defend the negative on the subject: "Resolved, That the Nations Should Agree to Prevent the International Shipment of Arms and Munitions."

At the Children's Theater Guild will repeat the performance of "The Sleeping Beauty" Saturday at 2:30 p.m. in the Webster Groves High School Auditorium. The play is being staged and directed by Mrs. Harry G. Weiss. Incidental dances will be arranged and will be directed by Miss Olga R. Bates, dance director for the guild.

Members of the Webster Groves High School orchestra will furnish music for the performance under the direction of Clarence J. Best, music director for the guild.

Miss Margaret Flynn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Flynn, 5330 Delmar boulevard, returned home last week from a visit in Belair, Cal., with her brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Flynn of St. Louis, who took a house below for the winter season.

Miss Frances Blayney, chairman of the shut-in committee of the Junior League, and Mrs. Doon Zentay, manager of the Open Door Bookshop, will leave April 14 for New York where they will purchase toys and materials to be used in the Occupational Therapy Workshop and by the shut-ins. They will do their shopping at the annual Toy Fair, which will be held at the McAlpin Hotel, where they will stop while in New York. Mrs. Zentay and Miss Blayney plan to be entertained at supper at the Gibbons home.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Gale Barstow, 414 North Union boulevard, are expected home Monday or Tuesday of next week from a prolonged visit in Miami, Fla. Mrs. Barstow's mother, 115 Orchard avenue, Webster Groves, will arrive in New York to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Behr, 3002 Humphrey street, returned from a visit in Chicago last week-end to resume her studies at Maryville College.

The St. Louis University Debate

team composed of Max Librach, Edward J. O'Neill and Joseph Schramm, will meet a team from New York University tomorrow evening at 9 o'clock at the Y. M. H. A. Y. W. H. A. Union boulevard and Euclid avenue. The New York team will defend the negative on the subject: "Resolved, That the Nations Should Agree to Prevent the International Shipment of Arms and Munitions."

At the Palmer House

GOOD LIVING IS A TRADITION

P.

Since 1871, the Palmer House has been the very symbol of good living. Rooms spacious, finely appointed. Meals are famous among travelers the world over. New low rates make the Palmer House undeniably first choice of Chicago's fine hotels.

SIX FAMOUS DINING ROOMS

DELICIOUS MEALS AT MODERATE COST.

DOUBLE \$5 ROOMS FROM

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PALMER HOUSE

STATE-MONROE-WABASH-CHICAGO

EDWARD T. LAWLESS - MANAGER

Spring Clearance

COATS • SUITS • DRESSES

1/2 PRICE OR LESS

A Wide Variety of Types and Sizes

Madeleine et Cie.

NEWSOM IS POUNDED AND BROWNS LOSE TO BROOKLYN, 8 TO 1

Fay Thomas Pitches Two Innings, Allows No Hits and No Runs

By a Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

ORLANDO, Fla., April 2.—The Browns lost to the Brooklyn Dodgers this afternoon in the first game of a series of two. It was the second defeat for the Browns in six games played against major league clubs, and the Dodgers' seventh victory in 10 games against big league teams. It was the Browns' next to last game in Florida.

The score was 8 to 1.

It was the Browns' next to last exhibition of the Southern season.

Dazzy Vance, just released by the Cardinals, reported here today for a tryout with the Dodgers, with whom he did his greatest pitching until a few years ago.

The umpires were Magerkurt and Kober.

FIRST INNING—BROWNS

West was safe on Cuccinello's wide throw. Burns popped to Cuccinello. Cliff flied to Koenecke. Burnett walked. Garms grounded to Cuccinello.

BROOKLYN—Boyle lined to Strange. Frey grounded to Burns. Strange walked. Leslie flied to West.

SECOND—BROWNS—Bell fouled to Leslie. Heath flied deep to Boyle. Strange singled to center. Strange went to second on a passed ball. Newsom rolled to Frey.

BROOKLYN—Cuccinello tripped to right. Taylor flied deep to West. Cuccinello scoring after the catch. Stripp flied to West. Phelps singled to center. Babich looked at a third strike. **ONE RUN.**

THIRD—BROWNS—West flied to Taylor. Burns flied to Koenecke. Cliff grounded to Frey.

BROOKLYN—Boyle struck out. Frey popped to Strange. Koenecke flied to Garms.

FOURTH—BROWNS—Burnett walked. Garms forced Burnett. Frey to Cuccinello. Bell singled to right, sending Garms to third. Heath hit into a double play. Frey to Strange to Leslie.

BROOKLYN—Leslie singled to center. Leslie had all the way to third on wild pitch. Cuccinello grounded to Cliff. Taylor singled to right, scoring Leslie. Stripp singled to center, sending Taylor to third. Phelps beat out a hit to Burns. Taylor scoring and Stripp stopping at second. Babich sacrificed. Burns unassisted. Boyle tripled down the right-field line, scoring Stripp and Phelps, and Boyle scored when Burnett fumbled the throw. Frey rolled to Burnett.

FIVE RUNS

SIXTH—BROWNS—Strange struck out. Hensley batted for Newsom and doubled to center. West struck out. Burns walked. Cliff drove deep to Koenecke.

BROOKLYN—H. Mills went to pitch for the Browns. Koenecke doubled down the right field line. Leslie was hit with a pitched ball. Cuccinello grounded to Burnett. Taylor flied to West. Koenecke scoring and Leslie reaching third. Stripp singled to left. Leslie scoring. Phelps struck out. **TWO RUNS.**

SIXTH—BROWNS—Stops went to left field. Bordagray to center. Reis to right field for Brooklyn. Burnett walked. Garms popped to Cuccinello. Bell hit into a double play. Frey to Cuccinello to Leslie.

BROOKLYN—Babich struck out. Reis fouled to Burns. Frey walked. Bordagray tapped to Mills.

SEVENTH—BROWNS—Heath grounded to Frey. Strange flied to Bordagray. Mueller batted for Mills and doubled to right. West walked. Burns flied to Stripp.

BROOKLYN—Thomas went in to pitch for the Browns. Leslie rolled to Strange. Cuccinello scoring and Bell stopped at second. Strange forced Heath. Stripp to Cuccinello. **ONE RUN.**

BROOKLYN—Stripp flied to Gams. Phelps grounded to Burnett. So did Babich.

NINTH—BROWNS—Bettencourt batted for Thomas and tapped to Babich. West walked. Burns flied to Stops. Cliff forced West. Frey to Cuccinello.

BROWNS MAKE 20 HITS, DEFEAT BALTIMORE, 24-6

By drubbing Baltimore, 24 to 6, at Kissimmee yesterday, the Browns improved their spring record to 12 triumphs in 15 exhibitions. It was their third victory over the Orioles, whom they beat twice by one-run margins two weeks ago. Their third decision over Baltimore was by far their most one-sided. They piled up 20 hits, which were good for 41 bases, as they included six home runs and three doubles.

Pepper, West, Cliff and Burns accounted for the circuit hits, the two outfielders each slammimg a pair. Pepper hit over the left field fence in the first inning and over the center field wall in the fifth. West connected for both of his four-baggers in the fifth, driving in five of the 10 runs amassed by the Browns. That inning off the first-white Cub right-hander, Sheriff Fred Blake.

Previously, the Browns had pounded Blake for three runs in the first, and they wound up scoring with seven runs in the sixth off Beryl Richmond, ex-Cincinnati left-hander; with three off a local kid in the eighth and one off John Witig in the ninth.

Ten of the Browns hit safely and 13 of the 14 who played scored at least one run. Cliff crossing the plate four times. West, Burns and

SCORE BY INNINGS

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
BROWNS	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
BROOKLYN	0	1	0	5	2	0	0	0	X	8

Browns Box Score

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
West cf.	3	0	0	4	0	0
Burns 1b.	4	0	0	10	0	0
Clift 3b.	5	1	1	0	1	0
Burnett 2b.	1	0	0	4	1	0
Garms 1f.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Bell rf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Heath c.	4	0	1	5	0	0
Strange ss.	4	0	1	2	1	0
Newsom p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Mills p.	0	0	0	1	0	0
Thomas p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hensley.	1	0	1	0	0	0
Mueller.	1	0	1	0	0	0
Bettencourt d.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.....	32	1	6	24	7	1
BROOKLYN.						
Boyle rf.	3	1	1	1	0	0
Stopa f.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Frey ss.	3	0	0	1	8	0
Koenecke cf.	2	1	1	3	0	0
Bordagray cf.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Leslie 1b.	3	2	1	8	0	0
Cuccinello 2b.	4	1	1	8	3	1
Taylor lf.	3	1	1	0	0	0
Reis rf.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Stripp 3b.	4	1	2	1	1	0
Phelps cf.	4	1	2	0	0	0
Babich p....	3	0	0	1	0	0
Totals.....	32	8	9	27	13	1

Bell each had three hits to pace the Browns in their greatest hitting and scoring spree of the spring.

Easy for Pitchers.

They thus made the day an easy one for the two veteran right-handers, Dick Coffey and Paul Andrew, off whom Baltimore got eight hits, two of which were home runs. Not only are the Kissimmee Park fences fairly close to the plate, but a tail wind helped along the drives.

EXHIBITION BASEBALL

PHILADELPHIA (N)

3 0 0 1 0 0

ROCHESTER (IL)

0 0 0 0 0 0

NEW YORK (A)

0 2 0 1 0 0 1

BOSTON (N)

0 0 0 1 0 1 0

CINCINNATI (N)

0 0 1 2 0 0

Detroit (A)

0 0 0 2 0 1

CLEVELAND (N)

0 0 0 0 0 0

DETROIT (N)

0 0 0 0 0 0

CHICAGO (N)

0 0 0 0 0 0

DETROIT (N)

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DETROIT (N)

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OF CARDS
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ONTESTS
SES FRISCH

GARDEN ORDERED TO SIGN A FOE FOR BRADDOCK BY APRIL 16

CHICAGO OFFER
TO MAX BAER OF
4-ROUND BOUT
WITH JOE LOUIS

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, April 2.—The New York State Athletic Commission today gave the Madison Square Garden Corporation until April 16 to produce a signed contract for a heavyweight match between Max Schmeling and James J. Braddock, or between Braddock and Max Baer, the present champion.

The commission also awarded dates for the outdoor season. The Garden was given Thursday nights while Wednesday nights were assigned to the newly-formed Twentieth Century Sporting Club, which plans to stage a lightweight title bout between Barney Ross and Lou Ambers and a heavyweight contest between Primo Carnera and Joe Louis, the new Negro sensation.

In ordering the Garden to come through with a contract for a heavyweight fight in two weeks, the commission likewise informed the Twentieth Century Club it expects the signed papers for the Ross-Ambers battle to be delivered by that time. The contract for the Carnera-Louis fight has been filed with the commission.

New York Club Contract Stands In Way of Chicago Date.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Discussion of the complicated question of when, where and with whom Max Baer will defend his world heavyweight championship, proceeded to-day, but with no special prospect that it would be solved right away.

Most of the bidding and counter-bidding was being done by the Twentieth Century Sporting Club of New York, a recently formed organization, and the Chicago Stadium, but New York's Madison Square Garden, apparently held the ace of trumps. The Garden has Baer tied up at least until the end of June, and the champion's manager, Ancil Hoffman, says he can make any dates for fights until the Garden contract is fulfilled. The Garden, however, so far has not been able to get a suitable opponent for a title bout with Baer.

The Chicago promoters, Jim Mullin and Nate Lewis, appear more concerned with the immediate future than with championship bouts later in the year. However, one of their latest proposals—a four-round exhibition between Baer and Joe Louis, the Detroit Negro sensation, might interfere with the Twentieth Century Club's plans.

Is Not "Exactly True."

Mike Jacobs, matchmaker for the latter group, announced from New York last night that he had reached an agreement with Hoffmann for a meeting next September at the stadium.

Jacobs, who was the winner of the Bruno-Carnera-Louis battle, a four-sounder between the champion and the Negro star might, or might not, do the Twentieth Century Club's plans, if they go through, well.

Shows Well.

Shows against the Yankees—Paul Dean ready to meet the season six innings against him, he held the powerful attack of Joe McCarren, bats and two hits in six innings he performed a wild throw by Martin, Dean, probably come up with a 10-deal the New Yorkers.

Looked Lefty Gomez

on his first time at the game. It was the pants and pants standing up. Then up things for him.

Yankees came to bat. The first followed with a tap Martin came up with him and set himself to hide to first base. As he was the pants and pants standing up. Then up things for him.

Hoffman said Jacobs' announcement was not "exactly true," again citing the contract with Madison Square Garden. However, he said he was interested in the proposition if it could be arranged. At the same time, he had not definitely turned down the Chicago Stadium's four-round exhibition offer.

The Stadium would hold the exhibition April 15, but prefers a 10-round non-title match April 12, if a suitable opponent can be rounded up.

Joe Jacobs, manager of former champion Max Schmeling, also had dealt himself a hand. He is after a championship bout for the German, to be held in Chicago next June. Hoffman answered that one with the Madison Square Garden contract obstacle.

Ready "Loan" Braddock.

The New York end of the problem showed signs of clearing up when Mike Jacobs said he would be willing to loan James J. Braddock the New York State Athletic Commission's No. 1 contender, who is under contract to the Twentieth Century Club, to the Garden for championship bout. The "loan" however, would be made only with the understanding that Braddock should win the title, he handed back to the Twentieth Century Club for a return bout with Baer in September.

Baer, weighing 220 pounds, got down to business yesterday to prepare himself for a proposed exhibition tour through the Middle West. This angle of his activity was expected to be settled today.

Jimmy Johnston, New York Garden matchmaker, refuses to say whom he will name as Baer's opponent, but he must name some contender by April 15, according to Baer's contract with the Garden. Incidentally, that contract calls for Baer to get 42½ per cent of the gate.

COACH—M. H. Haile.

Normandy.

LETTERMAN—None. PROSPECTS—None. KIRKWOOD.

LETTERMAN—Elwood Rudder and Bill Smith, outfield; Bob Wagner, Bill Thurman and Lee Schaper, infield; Joe Fahey, pitcher.

PROSPECTS—Bill Cawdor, outfield; John Raymond, pitcher; Eddie Gehrke, Jack Martz and Jim Seibert, infield; COACH—Paul Moss.

Kirkwood.

LETTERMAN—None. PROSPECTS—None. KIRKWOOD.

FALLING BIRTH RATE
DISTURBING SWEDEN

If Continues, Actual Decline in Population Is Expected in 1950.

BOSTON Associated Press.

STOCKHOLM, April 2.—The question whether Sweden, which once sent thousands of immigrants to United States, may in time have to import labor because of the declining population, is raised by students of the situation.

The estimated birth rate may diminish Sweden's present population of 8,000,000 by no less than 200,000 to 300,000 by 1950, according to an estimate by the Social Ministry.

The actual decline is expected to begin in 1935, when the population would reach a maximum of 6,340,000 before starting downward.

The problem of old age pensions will then become most serious for Sweden, as indicated, inasmuch as the bulk of the population will be advancing into old age, with the number of active workers greatly increased.

At present the population includes 82 persons more than 65 years old in the 1,000 inhabitants, this figure will, it is estimated, advance to 21 a thousand by 1950.

The number of inhabitants between the ages of 15 and 67 is expected to drop to 2,954,000 in 1950 as compared with a maximum of 4,081,000 in 1930.

Prof Gunnar Myrdal, has pointed out that 40 per cent more children must be born yearly in Sweden if the population is to be held steady over a long period. He thinks the population can be kept up, not through Government bonuses for marriage, but through "measures which will diminish the extra cost attendant upon having children."

Through loans and subsidies, Prof. Myrdal, "it is possible to facilitate the economic existence of various married couples; through loans, but first class nurseries and playgrounds it can be made easier for even employed married women to have children."

FORMER ANNE GOULD LEAVES
HER BANK CLERK HUSBAND

Frank Meador Says He Is "Still Very Fond" of Her, but She Refuses to Return.

BOSTON Associated Press.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., April 2.—The Senate passed a bill today to make possession of a bomb with intent to use it unlawfully against the person or property of another a felony, subject to penalty, on conviction, of a penitentiary sentence of from two to 10 years.

The measure now returns to the House for concurrence in Senate amendments, most of them corrective and which provide that military or peace officers shall be exempted from provisions of the bill.

The bill, passed by the House several weeks ago, was introduced by Representative Crain of St. Louis County, following the bombing of several partly constructed buildings in St. Louis County.

I am still very fond of my wife," Meador said. "I wouldn't want to do anything to hurt her feelings." He said he had no inkling that his wife would not return when she went East to attend the funeral of her father about a month ago. Instead of coming back to San Antonio, she went to Florida.

Asked if the simplicity of the life Mrs. Meador led as his wife brought about dissatisfaction and eventual separation, Meador said: "It may have been an indirect cause, but it was not the primary reason. She couldn't have stood her life as a steady diet. She was used to traveling and entertaining more than \$25 to \$35 per week, depending upon the sizes of the cities in which they live and work. The Senate has not yet acted on the measure."

"My wife is very decided in her refusal to return and I'll certainly not leave my business connections here."

J. GARNEAU WELD SUED; DOG KILLED SOW, FARMER SAYS

for Hog and \$250 Punitive Damages Sought From Insurance Dealer.

J. B. Morgan, tenant farmer on 100-acre farm road, St. Louis County, filed suit at Clayton today against J. Garneau Weld, owner of an estate at Watson and Litsinger roads, in the alleged killing of a sow belonging to Morgan by a Great Dane belonging to Weld. The suit is for \$75 actual and \$250 punitive damages.

Morgan stated in the suit that the dog was vicious and dangerous, and had a bad record, of which the dog's owner was aware, in molesting farm animals. The sow, he stated, was one-half Duroc Jersey and one-half Poland-China, and would have had a litter of pigs in a month. It was kept in an enclosure on a pasture, where it was found March 8, according to the paper.

Weld, an insurance dealer, was at his office when a reporter called to ask for his version of the matter.

SUPERIOR FORWARDING CO.
LOSES ITS BLUE EAGLE

Decision as to Trucking Firm Made by NRA's Regional Compliance Board.

The Superior Forwarding Co., 30 South Tenth street, was notified today of the withdrawal of its Blue Eagle in a decision by the Regional Compliance Board of the NRA at Chicago.

State Compliance Director Charles Dodge said the case had been sent to the regional board recently after employees complained that the company had violated wage and hour provisions of the NRA code governing the trucking industry. Officers of the company could not be reached.

Oklahoma State's House Burns. Fire of undetermined origin did \$300 damage last night to the two-family frame home of Police Magistrate Louis Mosbacher on highway 3 in Cushing, Okla. Damage to furnishings was estimated at \$1,000. No one was home at the time of the fire.

BEDFORD-JONES RELATES
HE THOUGHT OF SUICIDE

Writer Testifies for Present Wife in Her Predecessor's \$200,000 Alienation Suit.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Henry Bedford-Jones, fiction writer, today completed his testimony in behalf of his present wife, defendant in a \$200,000 suit charging alienation of affections brought by his first wife, with a description of how he almost attempted suicide because of his troubles.

Under cross-examination he said that in 1928 his difficulties with his first wife, Mrs. Helen Bedford-Jones, had reached a point where he considered his life unbearable.

"I was at Ann Arbor, Mich., when I made the decision," he said. "I went to the garage with the intention of taking my life. Once there I realized it would be a cowardly thing to do, so I desisted."

Asked if he had ever stayed from 9:30 p.m. to 4 a.m. with Mrs. Mary Bernardin, widow of an Evansville, Ind., manufacturer and now the second Mrs. Bedford-Jones, in an Evansville speakeasy, Bedford-Jones said he had not.

"Didn't you pay the orchestra \$60 for overtime?" asked Irwin. "I did not," Bedford-Jones answered.

POLICE DEPARTMENT ASKS
FOR \$75,093 MORE NEXT YEAR

Wants \$39,503 Additional for Civilian Employees — Total \$51,564,240.

The Police Department asked for \$51,564,240, an increase of \$75,093 over this year, in its budget for the fiscal year beginning April 7, which has been prepared for submission to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

The largest increase was sought in funds for civilian employees. This year the item was \$574,647 while \$714,240 was requested for next year, an increase of \$39,593. For new equipment, including automobiles, \$60,000 was asked, an increase of \$29,000. A \$2,000 increase to \$4,667,700 was sought in the fund for salaried employees doing police duty.

Consideration of the police budget will not be given until after the new Board of Aldermen convenes April 16. In the past it has been the practice to approve it as submitted.

STATE SENATE FOR BOMB BILL

Measure to Make Possession of Explosives to Return.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 2.—The Senate passed a bill today to make possession of a bomb with intent to use it unlawfully against the person or property of another a felony, subject to penalty, on conviction, of a penitentiary sentence of from two to 10 years.

The measure now returns to the House for concurrence in Senate amendments, most of them corrective and which provide that military or peace officers shall be exempted from provisions of the bill.

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PRODUCE ELSEWHERE

NEW YORK, April 2.—Live poultry, mostly fowls, were up 20%; turkeys, 20% to 25%; other fowl prices unchanged.

Livestock, by express, Powell, 20@22c; roasters, 13@14c; turkeys unquoted; other express prices unchanged.

Dressed poultry—steaks. All fresh and frozen, 10c to 12c; unquoted.

Eggs—various. From regular mixed colors, 94@95c; from irregular mixed colors, 94@95c; white, 94@95c; green, 94@95c; blue, 94@95c.

CASES—26x36, 26x45, 26x54, 26x63, 26x72, 26x81, 26x90, 26x99, 26x108, 26x117, 26x126, 26x135, 26x144, 26x153, 26x162, 26x171, 26x180, 26x189, 26x198, 26x207, 26x216, 26x225, 26x234, 26x243, 26x252, 26x261, 26x270, 26x279, 26x288, 26x297, 26x306, 26x315, 26x324, 26x333, 26x342, 26x351, 26x360, 26x369, 26x378, 26x387, 26x396, 26x405, 26x414, 26x423, 26x432, 26x441, 26x450, 26x459, 26x468, 26x477, 26x486, 26x495, 26x504, 26x513, 26x522, 26x531, 26x540, 26x549, 26x558, 26x567, 26x576, 26x585, 26x594, 26x603, 26x612, 26x621, 26x630, 26x639, 26x648, 26x657, 26x666, 26x675, 26x684, 26x693, 26x702, 26x711, 26x720, 26x729, 26x738, 26x747, 26x756, 26x765, 26x774, 26x783, 26x792, 26x801, 26x810, 26x819, 26x828, 26x837, 26x846, 26x855, 26x864, 26x873, 26x882, 26x891, 26x900, 26x909, 26x918, 26x927, 26x936, 26x945, 26x954, 26x963, 26x972, 26x981, 26x990, 26x1009, 26x1018, 26x1027, 26x1036, 26x1045, 26x1054, 26x1063, 26x1072, 26x1081, 26x1090, 26x1099, 26x1108, 26x1117, 26x1126, 26x1135, 26x1144, 26x1153, 26x1162, 26x1171, 26x1180, 26x1189, 26x1198, 26x1207, 26x1216, 26x1225, 26x1234, 26x1243, 26x1252, 26x1261, 26x1270, 26x1279, 26x1288, 26x1297, 26x1306, 26x1315, 26x1324, 26x1333, 26x1342, 26x1351, 26x1360, 26x1369, 26x1378, 26x1387, 26x1396, 26x1405, 26x1414, 26x1423, 26x1432, 26x1441, 26x1450, 26x1459, 26x1468, 26x1477, 26x1486, 26x1495, 26x1504, 26x1513, 26x1522, 26x1531, 26x1540, 26x1549, 26x1558, 26x1567, 26x1576, 26x1585, 26x1594, 26x1603, 26x1612, 26x1621, 26x1630, 26x1639, 26x1648, 26x1657, 26x1666, 26x1675, 26x1684, 26x1693, 26x1702, 26x1711, 26x1720, 26x1729, 26x1738, 26x1747, 26x1756, 26x1765, 26x1774, 26x1783, 26x1792, 26x1801, 26x1810, 26x1819, 26x1828, 26x1837, 26x1846, 26x1855, 26x1864, 26x1873, 26x1882, 26x1891, 26x1900, 26x1909, 26x1918, 26x1927, 26x1936, 26x1945, 26x1954, 26x1963, 26x1972, 26x1981, 26x1990, 26x2009, 26x2018, 26x2027, 26x2036, 26x2045, 26x2054, 26x2063, 26x2072, 26x2081, 26x2090, 26x2099, 26x2108, 26x2117, 26x2126, 26x2135, 26x2144, 26x2153, 26x2162, 26x2171, 26x2180, 26x2189, 26x2198, 26x2207, 26x2216, 26x2225, 26x2234, 26x2243, 26x2252, 26x2261, 26x2270, 26x2279, 26x2288, 26x2297, 26x2306, 26x2315, 26x2324, 26x2333, 26x2342, 26x2351, 26x2360, 26x2369, 26x2378, 26x2387, 26x2396, 26x2405, 26x2414, 26x2423, 26x2432, 26x2441, 26x2450, 26x2459, 26x2468, 26x2477, 26x2486, 26x2495, 26x2504, 26x2513, 26x2522, 26x2531, 26x2540, 26x2549, 26x2558, 26x2567, 26x2576, 26x2585, 26x2594, 26x2603, 26x2612, 26x2621, 26x2630, 26x2639, 26x2648, 26x2657, 26x2666, 26x2675, 26x2684, 26x2693, 26x2702, 26x2711, 26x2720, 26x2729, 26x2738, 26x2747, 26x2756, 26x2765, 26x2774, 26x2783, 26x2792, 26x2801, 26x2810, 26x2819, 26x2828, 26x2837, 26x2846, 26x2855, 26x2864, 26x2873, 26x2882, 26x2891, 26x2900, 26x2909, 26x2918, 26x2927, 26x2936, 26x2945, 26x2954, 26x2963, 26x2972, 26x2981, 26x2990, 26x2999, 26x3008, 26x3017, 26x3026, 26x3035, 26x3044, 26x3053, 26x3062, 26x3071, 26x3080, 26x3089, 26x3098, 26x3107, 26x3116, 26x3125, 26x3134, 26x3143, 26x3152, 26x3161, 26x3170, 26x3179, 26x3188, 26x3197, 26x3206, 26x3215, 26x3224, 26x3233, 26x3242, 26x3251, 26x3260, 26x3269, 26x3278, 26x3287, 26x3296, 26x3305, 26x3314, 26x3323, 26x3332, 26x3341, 26x3350, 26x3359, 26x3368, 26x3377, 26x3386, 26x3395, 26x3404, 26x3413, 26x3422, 26x3431, 26x3440, 26x3449, 26x3458, 26x3467, 26x3476, 26x3485, 26x3494, 26x3503, 26x3512, 26x3521, 26x3530, 26x3539, 26x3548, 26x3557, 26x3566, 26x3575, 26x3584, 26x3593, 26x3602, 26x3611, 26x3620, 26x3629, 26x3638, 26x3647, 26x3656, 26x3665, 26x3674, 26x3683, 26x3692, 26x3701, 26x3710, 26x3719, 26x3728, 26x3737, 26x3746, 26x3755, 26x3764, 26x3773, 26x3782, 26x3791, 26x3790, 26x3799, 26x3808, 26x3817, 26x3826, 26x3835, 26x384

COAL & COKE

GUARANTEED lump or egg. 1 ton, \$3.75; 2 tons, \$7.50; shovels lump or egg, 1 ton, \$2.75; 1 ton, \$5.25; 2 tons, \$6. Richard Coal Co., 6138 Barmer, R.R. 641-2.

CALL ABC, CE, 6010, 1200 Gratiot. Dealers. See us Sunday.

LAUNDRY, clean coal, screens, coke.

CANTINE, St. Louis, 1 ton, R.R. 10.

Joe Klemm, 4521 Eastern, R.R. 1260.

EGG or lump, 1/2 ton, \$2.25; 4 bushels, \$1. E. S. Coal, 6200 S. Broadway, R.R. 4210.

ALL EGGS— 1 ton or more, prompt delivery. Frank, 4529 N. Western, R.R. 1260.

LUMP— Or egg, 1 ton, \$3.75. Thaddeus, 4042 Evans, JE 2574.

Kindling Wood

KINDLING— Rich, rosin pine; clean, ready cut; 3 big bags, sacks; delivered, \$1. GA. 9143, Sun Blaze, 1301 Russell.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

BRICKLAYING & TUCKPOINTING

TUCK POINTING—Chimney repairs, brick work. Nelson, 5071 Delmar, FO 2976.

CARPET CLEANING

Rugs Cleaned, \$1.00

Chemical, 60 lbs, guaranteed workmanship, sizes 12x12 on up, \$1.00.

SUITS CLEANED & REPAIRED, \$8.50.

Phone Retail Department, Central 7269.

FURNITURE REPAIRS, \$1.00.

RUGS CHEMICALLY CLEANED, \$1.00.

LIVING ROOM SUITES, \$6.

WASHING, \$1.00.

REPAIRED, Central 7269.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS

WHEN IN NEED OF A GOOD JOB— build garages, porches and do general repair work. Call 6107, Oakwood, MI. 4338.

ALTERATIONS, repairs, carpentry, concreting, plastering. Wettlaufer, 2178 S. Euclid.

ALTERATIONS Any type; work, reason able. Barto, 5045 Raymond, FO 3457.

ALTERATIONS, repairs; garages, porches, "remodeling." 5439 Rosa, FL 3550.

CABINETMAKERS New or used. Nielsen, 1523 Aragon, FO 4542.

CARPENTER—Alterations, brick, concrete, painting. Warden, 1421 Rowan, MU 7985.

CARPENTER—Plastered, concrete, repairing. 1130 S. Euclid, MU 4361.

CARPENTER—New or repair, contract. Trumfeller, 4944 Germindale, MU. 6386.

CONCRETE & CEMENT WORK

WALKS, floors, driveways, asphalt, base ments, "Roseland," 5459 Rosa, FL 3550.

ELECTRIC WIRING, ETC.

WIRING, repairing, reasonable terms; li

Hansen, Hanekamp, 1724 Union, FO 2040.

South Side, FO 0078, 3428 Pennsylvania.

WIRING, repairing, fixtures, appliances. Rickard, 3571A Alberta, PR. 5745.

GARDENING AND SODDING

TREE SURGERY, 2514 Hillside, MU 5618.

WOODS FOR WOOD FLOOR, Sanders, refinishing, new floors installed.

DETROIT— Floor sanders, polishers.

WE Deliver, show you how, 2813 Clinton, MI. 9821.

DT STELES sanding, refinishing, painting, staining, 100% floors installed.

Duncan, 3309 Humphrey, LA. 0783.

RENT—160-LB SANDERS, EDGERS, Estimates, Fax 324-1000, FO 2444.

FLORS included, licensed, 16160 Forest, FL 3550.

FLOOR WORK— Sanders, edges refinished.

Gerhardt, 3109 Neesho, RI. 5866.

NW FLORS installed, old floors refinished.

Co., 5473 Sedlacek, 6854 Corbit.

PLASTERING

PLASTERING, tuckpointing, repairing, Son-

tee Glore, 4726 Colgate, FO 2731.

PAINTING

INTERIOR, exterior, best work and material guaranteed; dry or con-

tract; reasonable. CA. 02673. Mills, 5175 Delmar.

PAINTING—Reasonable work guaranteed. Schenck, 5618 Corbit, CA 2549R.

PLUMBERS

PLUMBING, heating, registered; low prices. Berger, 5067 Minerva, MU. 4316.

RADIO SERVICE

HOME Radio Service

Guaranteed, Low Prices

Prompts, efficient.

REFERRENCES FURNISHED

and reliable. Berger, 5067 Minerva, MU. 4316.

ATTENTION!! Our Low Prices and Experience. Call 447-5182 LAFAYETTE

RADIO REPAIRS

City-wide and county wide, day or night; written guarantee. STANDARD RADIO, 4625 Delmar, FO. 9610.

For dependable radio service, call Show-

boat, PR. 9010, 3004 S. Jefferson.

UPHOLSTERING

SAVE 50 FT. OR MORE; Repholster your living-room suite. Wm. B. Appel Upholstering Co., 4524 Delmar, FO. 8077.

EASY TERMS

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.

We apply fast frosting; sleep rooming and siding; Federal Housing loans.

FREE ROOF INSPECTION. By our roofing specialist; free estimates; new roofs, 100% insurance. FO 4664.

FREE ROOF INSPECTION. By our roofing specialist; free estimates; new roofs, 100% insurance. FO 4664.

LEADS, wrapped, guaranteed; low prices.

LEADS, wrapped, guaranteed; low prices.

NEW roofs and shingles, low prices. John's Roofing Co., 1443A Burd, FO. 4965.

RELIABLE roofer; leaky stopped; price right. White, 6647 Oldell, HI. 6013.

STORAGE, MOVING, EXPRESS

CRAWFORD MOVING VANS (BONDED)

FR. 8570 3059 CASS.

OVERLAND Moving Express Co. bonded, complete, credit, white help, FO 2348. Russell

C. CRAWFORD 3311 Cass, commercial furniture in exchange; white help, FR. 4706.

GUARDED Bonded moving; reliable low price. 2747 Wyoming, GR. 6055.

JANSEN'S moving, storage, 2601 S. Broad-

way; low rates; good service. GR. 4246.

WALL PAPER CLEANING

ASSORENE CLEANING

By expert, 15 years' experience; rugs cov-

ered; fast, efficient service, and expert

agent rating; reasonable rates; very

best references; reasonable.

Young, 3814 Page, JE. 7126.

ASSORENE cleaning, no streaks, reason-

able. Scarborough, 4740 Adkins, RI.

3544W.

ASSORENE cleaning; experienced; quick

service. Nuele, 3933 Delor, RI. 0736W.

ASSORENE cleaning; experienced; refer-

ences; full time. Room 913, CE.

1350.

CLEAN UP with first-class papering, paint-

ing; prompt service. B. Bauer, 5029 Page.

PAPER CLEANING and paint washing;

guaranteed; reasonable. CE. 3740. Mc-

Mahon, 2332 Montgomery.

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PAPER CLEANING and paint washing;

DIAMONDS
Furs, Shotguns,
Uggage, Musical In-
struments, Microscopes, Etc.

**MERC. &
LOAN CO.**
Company in the City
FRANKLIN AV.

ARTMENTS FOR RENT
— FURNISHED

West

\$500-\$800 - 3 or 4 room effec-
tive \$28.50 to \$40.

EFFICIENCY FURNISHED
APARTMENTS—Furnished
kitchen, dishes, desk set,

NO. 5544, ELLIOTT, \$60.00
per month; refrigerator: linens, silver

TON, 5916—Attractive 5 room
apartment; reasonable. CA. 0196.

RENTALS

SUBURBAN RENTS

Jennings

Modern 4 rooms. Call at

Jennings

Kirkwood

NEW HOME UNDER CONSTRUCTION

Also lots built to suit. ROLOFF, K.L. 1234

Maplewood

5 rooms, outside win-
dows in each room. See manager.

WEAVER—512—Modern 6-room house,
\$78. HL 0533 week days.

FLATS

FLATS FOR RENT

Central

N. 1806—3-room flats; modern
\$10. \$10. See to appreciate
\$10. 2 good, clean rooms

\$10 open.

North

5502A—5 rooms, bath, garage
near Fairgrounds Park, \$25.

5110A—Only new paper
\$10. 789.

210A—3 rooms, bath, heat
modern adults only

NO. 4307—4 rooms, attic
\$10. 789.

7, 2807—Four room, rooms
opposite Fairground Park,
\$10. 789.

2179A—Four room, bath, for
near school. COFFA 23069.

AHK—1400—3 rooms, bath, gas
water furnished \$10.

210A—3 rooms, bath, heat
modern, gas, electric, \$10.

JOHN—421A—6 rooms, bath, an
good location. CO. 3895V.

2060A—4 rooms, bath, tele-
phones, \$10. 789.

Northwest

5110C—3 rooms, bath, heat
modern.

5104A—Modern, 4 rooms, in-
heat, water heater, awnings, CO. 7616.

5104B—4 rooms, bath, heat
modern, \$10. 789.

South

5125A—3 rooms, bath, heat
modern, heat, heat.

5104C—3 rooms, good location
heat, heat, heat.

5104D—4 rooms, modern, heat
modern, heat, heat.

5104E—4 rooms, modern, heat
modern, heat, heat.

5104F—4 rooms, modern, heat
modern, heat, heat.

5104G—4 rooms, modern, heat
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5104H—4 rooms, modern, heat
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5104O—4 rooms, modern, heat
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5104V—4 rooms, modern, heat
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modern, heat, heat.

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CBO CONTINUES
CHANGE HEAD
Board Officers and
ors Are Named at
Annual Meeting.

SANTA FE 1934 NET EQUALS 33¢ A SHARE

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, April 2.—Following is a complete list of transactions on the New York Curb Exchange today, giving sales, highest, lowest and closing prices:

Net Corporate Income \$7,001,314 Against \$3,078,671 in 1933.

Leads was elected president of the St. Louis Stock Exchange, the annual meeting to be held in his third term.

Reinholdt was named next and W. M. Louder, co-owner, secretary-treasurer.

Those chosen were: W. H. G. Platt, W. H. Burg and J. F. T. The first two just came in as directors.

Annual convention of the Stock Exchanges, with no earnings available for the common stock in 1933.

In addition to \$6,208,640 paid in dividends, including the February dividend, the company paid \$1 per share on Sept. 29, drawing on the surplus for the funds needed to support its year's earnings.

Operating revenues totaled \$18,139,134 in 1933 against \$26,010,400 in 1932, while the gross income was \$18,728,671 in 1933 and \$20,179,000 in 1932.

See Associated Press.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Net profit of \$1,444,784 for the year minimums of 1933 was \$1,444,784.

Dividends equal to 22 cents a share were paid out with 20 cents a share in 1932.

President told the stockholders that the company's sales during the year were \$2,750,208, up from \$2,500,000 in 1932.

The company's raw material costs had been general increases in the price of the company's products.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Miami Copper for the year 1934 a net loss of \$1,000,000 after charges and taxes, but before charges and taxes with a loss in 1933.

Landis Machine sold high-Cold Bottling at unchanged \$1.25 a share, lower, on the 1st day.

Sales amounted to \$61, compared with \$61 in 1933, compared with \$233 yesterday.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Island Creek and subsidiaries reports 1934 net \$1,067,080 after charges and taxes, up from \$1,067,000 in 1933, a share on the common stock compares with \$1,097,680 a common share in 1933.

Condor Oil Manufacturing Co., 2756, 11 1/2% to 11 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Crescent Pet. Co., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Crocker Wh., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Crown C. Corp., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Dietograph, 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Dixie Liquors, 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Dust Corp. Seag., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Dust Bus. D Cast., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Dow Chem., 2 1/2% to 2 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Dowell Harr., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Duval Textile, 3 1/2% to 3 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Eagle Pich Lead, 2 3/4% to 2 3/4% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Easy W. M. B., 3 1/2% to 3 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

El Bond & Sh., 7 1/2% to 7 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Elmer P. As., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Emp. Corp., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Ent. Corp., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Ent. Corp., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Fidelity Brew., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Fiss. Rub., 6 1/2% to 7 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

Finst. Corp. Seag., 1 1/2% to 1 1/2% a share, up from \$1.00 in 1933.

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**HUSBANDS IN MARITAL
MIXUP FIGHT IT OUT**

Emerson Says He Knocked Sewell Down; Latter Says He Did It With Pistol.

By the Associated Press.
LOS ANGELES, April 2.—Displaying swollen hands, Walter Emerson, former actor and writer, told a story yesterday of a fight with Barton W. Sewell, his former sportsman-friend, whom he said he knocked down "four or five times." Sewell's version was that Emerson had hit him with a pistol.

They fought early yesterday on the driveway of the Beverly Hills home of Mrs. Jane Sholtz Emerson, estranged wife of Emerson, and her mother, Mrs. Blanche Sholtz, formerly of Denver.

Mrs. Sholtz was named custodian of the three Emerson children several weeks ago when Judge Ben Lindsey denied counter divorce petitions brought by the Emersons.

Emerson's Story.

"I had gone over to my house to see my children," Emerson said. "My oldest boy, Wally, had telephoned that no one was home except the children and the servants. As I was leaving the house a car drove up with Sewell at the wheel, my wife at his side and her mother in the rear seat.

"After explaining the purpose of my visit, I pleaded with my wife and Sewell to stop going around with each other. I pointed out that even though we were separated and both still desired a divorce, she is still my wife and owed it to our children to stop seeing Sewell."

"Sewell laughed at my pleas and made several uncomplimentary remarks. He insisted he would go with my wife until she turned him down."

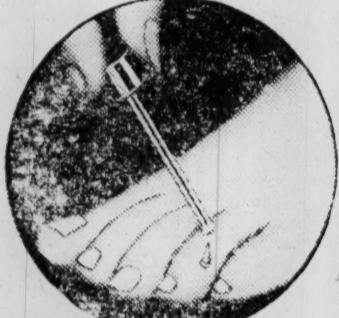
Then Sewell leaped out of the car and started swinging his fists. I saw red. Sewell struck me first. I remember. And then I began swinging until I knocked him down—feeling that each blow was a blow in defense of my own children, who have been denied me."

Sewell's Version.

Sewell, through his attorney, Jay Rinchhart, was: "Emerson tried to shoot me, but the gun jammed. He struck me over the head with the gun and that's the manner in which I was hurt. I finally succeeded in taking the gun away from him."

Police were summoned by neighbors.

Sewell, during the divorce trial, admitted intimacies with Mrs. Emerson, who testified the four once participated in a beach party where the men exchanged wives. Emerson and Mrs. Sewell denied misconduct.



Corns
Stop Hurting
Instantly
then Lift Right Off!

Drop FREEZONE on that aching corn. Instantly it stops hurting; then shortly you lift the corn right off with your fingers. You'll laugh, really! It is so easy and doesn't hurt one bit! Works like a charm, every time.

A tiny bottle of FREEZONE costs only a few cents at any drug store, and is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, and calluses. Try it!

FREEZONE

UNION-MAY-STERN'S Exchange Stores

STOP! *You can't afford to miss these Bargains*

8-Pc. Dining Suites . . . \$14.95	LIVING ROOM SUITES \$9.75 As low as . . .
5-Pc. Breakfast Sets . . . \$5.95	
Oak Refrigerators . . . \$1.95	
Lamp with Shade . . . \$1.00	
Lounge Chairs . . . \$9.95	
Odd Davenettes . . . \$2.95	
Phonographs, only . . . \$1.00	
Pull-Up Chairs . . . \$3.95	
Bungalow Ranges . . . \$14.95	
2-Pc. Davenette Suites . . . \$4.95	
2-Pc. Bed-Dav. Suites . . . \$12.95	
9x12 Velvette Rugs . . . \$6.95	
Metal Beds as Low as . . . \$1.00	Studio Couches . . . \$7.95

OPEN EVERY EVENING UNTIL 9

Union-May-Stern's Exchange Stores
Vandeveenter & Olive . . . 616-18 Franklin Ave.

Cor. Manchester, Sarah, Chouteau . . . 206 N. 12th St.

Astor Greeted by Zulu Chief



MAJ. JOHN JACOB ASTOR, on a visit to Natal, receiving a leopard skin from MSHIVENI KA DINIZULU, chief of the Zulu Nation. Maj. Astor made a delegation to the Empire Press Conference, which made a tour of South Africa.

**CALIFORNIA SENATE KILLS
SINCLAIR BARTER SCHEME**

Bill Provided for Production for Use Plan With Establishment of Co-operative Factories.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., April 2.—The production-for-use scheme of Upton Sinclair was defeated yesterday in the State Senate in its first legislative test, but only after its supporters had shown surprising strength. Opponents seized on a technicality to kill the bill.

The measure carried an urgency clause, which would have made it effective immediately on its passage and signing by Gov. Merriam, who nevertheless Sinclair and the majority voted first to be cast on a tie clause. Two hours of debate ended in a 19-to-19 vote, where 27 votes, or a two-thirds majority, were needed to adopt the clause.

With the clause lost, President Hatfield called for a vote on the bill. Senator Rich, Republican whip, on a point of order cited a rule providing that if the urgency clause is defeated, the measure likewise is lost. Hatfield found Rich was correct, and the bill was ruled dead.

The measure provided for series of exchange depots, at which products might be bartered by co-operative self-help groups. Co-operative factories would be established, public work projects undertaken and such commodities as necessary would be purchased under the bill.

CODE CONVICTIONS REVERSED

Killing Chicken Not Interstate Trade, Court Holds.

NEW YORK, April 2.—While affirming the conviction of four members of a firm of poultry dealers for violating NFA code provisions in the slaughtering and handling of their product, the United States Circuit Court of Appeals yesterday reversed convictions for code violations pertaining to the pay and hours of employees.

"These two counts," said Judge Martin T. Manton, "concern wages paid at the slaughter-house to employees not directly engaged in interstate commerce, and the number of hours of labor a week. They are invalid because they have no direct concern with interstate commerce, though they may affect intrastate commerce."

To Be Retired in 10 Years.

The proposed legislation, known as Senate Bill 116, would permit the County Court, on or before next Jan. 15, to submit a statement to the Circuit Court showing all outstanding current obligations and to ask for authority to sell bonds sufficient to pay them. The bonds would be retired over a 10-year period. It is contended that thousands of dollars in interest would thus be saved, the rate on the bonds being 3 or 3½ per cent, as compared with the 5 per cent paid on tax anticipation warrants under the present system.

Cash Budget Provision.

The bill provided also for preparation of a complete budget so that the county could operate on a cash basis living within its income.

A balance sheet would be available to the County Court at the end of each month, showing the actual cash balance of the various funds and the condition of the bond issue funds.

The County Court would designate either its Presiding Judge or the County Clerk as county budget officer, to serve without extra compensation.

Beginning next year, no warrants

**COUNTY C. OF C. URGES
PLEAS FOR BUDGET BILL**

Suggests Appeals to Legislators to Authorize Bond Issue to Pay Deficit.

UNION-MAY-STERN SALES OF PROGRESS

DOUBLE TRADE-IN ALLOWANCE

For Your Old Range When You Buy This New

MAGIC CHEF Gas Range



Regular Price . . . \$99.50
Double Trade-in . . . \$20.00
YOU PAY ONLY \$79.50

Magic Chef features the Lorain Regulator; full insulation; full porcelain inside and outside; 3-in-one, easy-to-clean burners; and other points of exceptional merit. Free gas connection.

No Money Down *

\$69 8-Pc. Dining Suites . . . \$42.50

\$149 8-Pc. Dining Suites . . . \$65.00

\$6.95 COIL SPRINGS . . . \$4.49

\$14.95 5-Pc. Breakfast Sets \$7.88

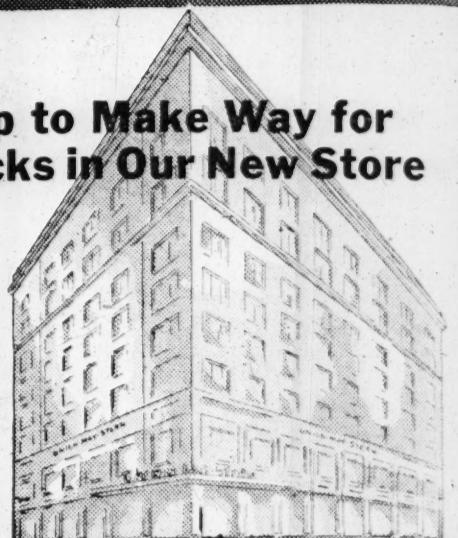
\$17.50 5-Pc. Br'kfst Sets \$10.89

\$14.95 9x12 Seamless Rugs \$7.88

\$7.50 PULL-UP CHAIRS . . . \$4.95

\$8.95 OIL STOVES . . . \$6.88

A Clean Sweep to Make Way for Brand-New Stocks in Our New Store



When we move into our new location at 12th & Olive, everything in the new building is scheduled to be brand-new. That means everything in our enormous present stocks must go and prices have been reduced to such a great extent that we should accomplish this purpose in a short time. Here are a few of the host of unusual bargains. Now is the time for you to act! Dress up your home for Spring while these great savings are available.

\$69 2-Pc. Liv.-R'm Suites . . . \$28.99

\$99 2-Pc. Liv.-R'm Suites . . . \$50.00

\$150 2-Pc. Liv.-R'm Suites \$65.00

\$109 3-Pc. Bedroom Suites \$50.00

\$139 4-Pc. Bedroom Suites \$65.00

No Money Down *

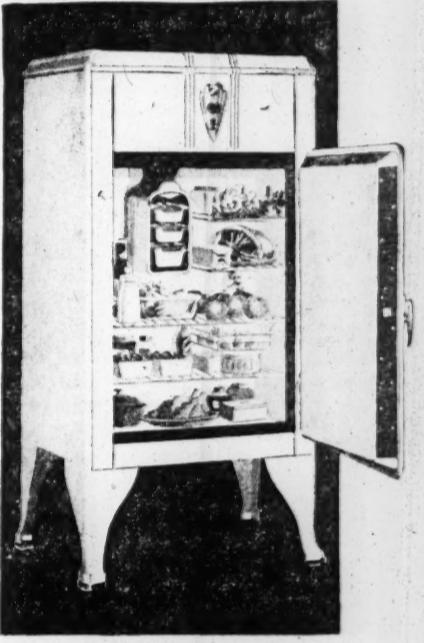
**CHOICE OF 3
CREDIT PLANS**
Deferred Payment Plan
—Government
Insured Loan—
and Meter Plan*

**The Greatest
Refrigerator Value
in St. Louis**

This \$228 (Original Factory Price)

**DE LUXE
GIBSON
\$149.50**

Full 6.05 Cu. Ft. Capacity; Super-powered, twin-cylinder hermetically sealed unit; 84 ice cubes; and other outstanding features.



TRADE IN YOUR
OLD REFRIGERATOR

To \$12.50 LAMPS . . . \$5.95

\$7.50 OCCAS'L TABLES . . . \$4.89

\$6.95 METAL BEDS . . . \$3.89

\$17.50 Studio COUCHES . . . \$10.48

\$12 INFANTS' CRIBS . . . \$5.95

\$2.25 KITCHEN CHAIRS . . . 98c

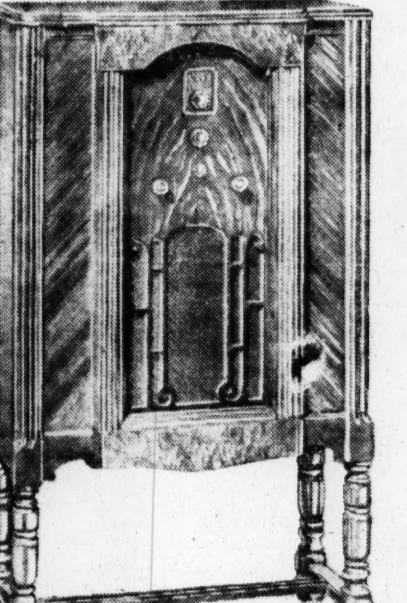
\$5.95 DISH CABINETS . . . \$2.89

\$29.75 KIT. CABINETS . . . \$16.88

\$11.75 SPINET DESKS . . . \$5.62

This New 1935

LOWBOY



Gets Police and Airplane Calls,
Electro-Dynamic Speaker
2-Point Tone Control
Illuminated Station Rec. Dial
Automatic Volume Control
PHILCO High-Efficiency Tubes
Hand-Rubbed Walnut Cabinet.

32.95

AND YOUR OLD RADIO

\$1 DELIVERS*

30-DAY FREE TRIAL

We Will Exchange for Any Other
Radio within That Time if Desired.

ALL STORES OPEN EVERY NIGHT UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK

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7150 Manchester—2720-22 Cherokee
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* Small Carrying Charge

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EXCHANGE STORES

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Vandeveenter & Olive—206 N. 12th St.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

DAILY MAGAZINE

PART THREE

MORE ABOUT BARBARA HUTTON AND HER PRINCE

A Novel
Way to Teach
Music

WALTER WINCHELL . . . ELSIE ROBINSON
MARTHA CARR . . . HAL SIMS . . . EMILY POST
NEWS ITEMS FROM HOLLYWOOD
FICTION . . . COMICS
DISHES FOR LENTEN DAYS

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1935.

PAGES 1-6C

Today

Lloyd George Knows.
The Author of Utopia.
The Biggest Mammal.
Scottsboro Negroes.

By ARTHUR BRISBANE.

AVID LLOYD GEORGE says, "Ten days ago everybody was asking 'does this mean war?' Today the question is not often put, and when it is the answer is an emphatic 'not this time.'"

Coming from Lloyd George that means something. He went through the big war, carrying the big load. He and Clemenceau won the war, and kept the Kaiser from putting his sons on "newly-captured thrones."

Firing of guns in a small village, Kathawar, near Bombay, India, celebrated a mass service in which 351 young children were united in marriage, some of them actually infants.

The British have stopped, as far as possible, the actual marriage of little girls to full-grown men, but numerous hospitals reporting the deaths in childbirth of brides 10 years old and younger, still tell a sad story.

Millions in India are told by their religion that any girl dying unmarried is cursed through eternity. Britain taking the ground that a child married to an adult is cursed. Now stops many such marriages, save the burning alive of young widows with the corpses of their old husbands, in the ceremony called "suttee."

Pope Pius, addressing the cardinals in Vatican City, declared yesterday: "It would be a horrible crime, a foolish manifestation of wrath, if the peoples again took arms, one against the other to spill blood, so that destruction and ruin would be sown from the skies, on land and at sea."

Pope Pius, who well knows what the next war would be like, told his distinguished hearers that he would suggest this prayer: "Confound those peoples who desire war."

The Pope approved the canonization of John Fisher and Thomas More, who refused to acknowledge the authority of Henry VIII, as greater than that of the Pope. Henry VIII had both their heads cut off. More is one of the most interesting characters in history and the author of "Utopia" whence comes a much used word. His was a very dull Utopia.

In New York's American Museum of Natural History is shown a drawing of the largest land mammal that ever lived, named baluchitherium. This huge animal, which vanished from earth 25,000,000 years ago, stood 17 feet 9 inches high at the shoulder, was as big as two big elephants, weighed 20,000 pounds or more. It was not as big as a dinosaur, but the dinosaur laid eggs and was no mammal. A food problem might be solved if the "biggest mammal" could be brought back and raised by captive men. It ate 500 pounds of food a day; that must be considered. In America it might be necessary to drown the mamma baluchitherium with her unborn babies.

Circuit Justice Hughes writes the opinion of the Supreme Court reversing the death sentences of two Negroes, Morris and Patterson, condemned in the Scottsboro case, in which one of two white women, found in a box car with seven Negroes, confessed that she and her companion accused the Negroes of crime to save themselves from disgrace.

Circuit Justice Hughes finds that excluding Negroes from the jury, which he consistently favored, would make the indictments invalid. The Supreme Court decision, it is believed, may free all seven of the accused Scottsboro Negroes.

Important to doctors: Scientists in the University of Illinois have found a way to destroy typhoid bacteria in "typhoid carriers," patients cured of typhoid who still carry bacteria with them and spread the disease.

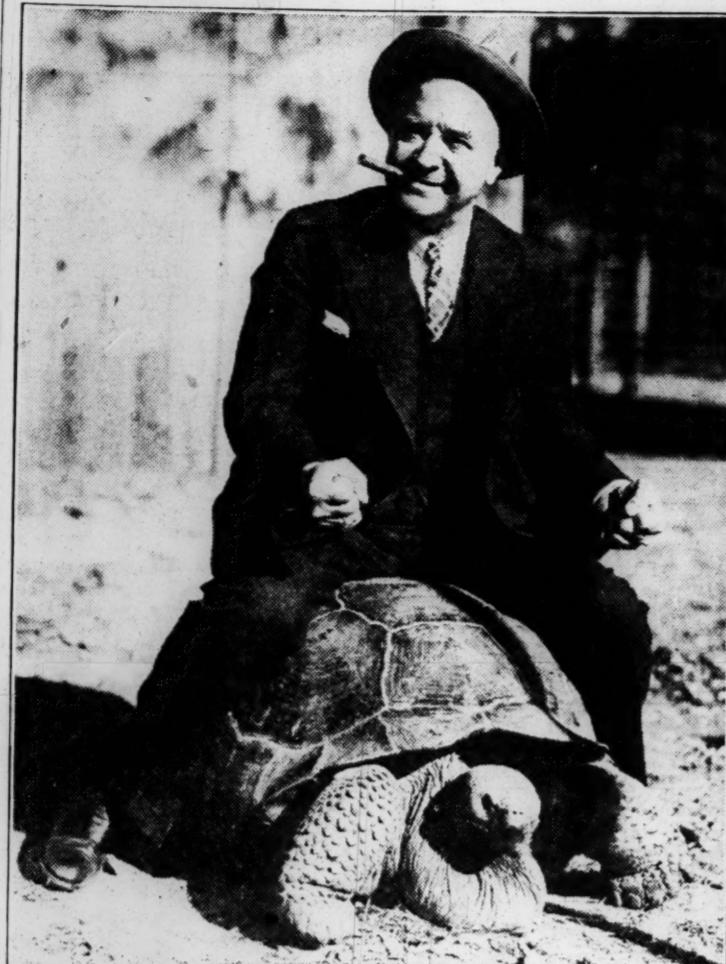
Sometimes carriers are identified and locked up. Harsh, but necessary. More often they continue through life spreading typhoid germs.

Application of X-rays above the liver and gall bladder of the typhoid carrier kills the bacteria.

Following that news for doctors, the University of California Medical School reports that surgery, dividing the splanchnic nerves in the chest, relieves high blood pressure, improving eyesight and kidney conditions in a way that "depends on the miraculous." By diverting those nerves, surgeons cut down "over-stimulation" that forces the heart to dangerous pressure. It is something like cutting down the pressure on a steam boiler. Man is a wonderful creature.

This writer, who tries to be a farmer, growing alfalfa on the

CHANGE OF PACE



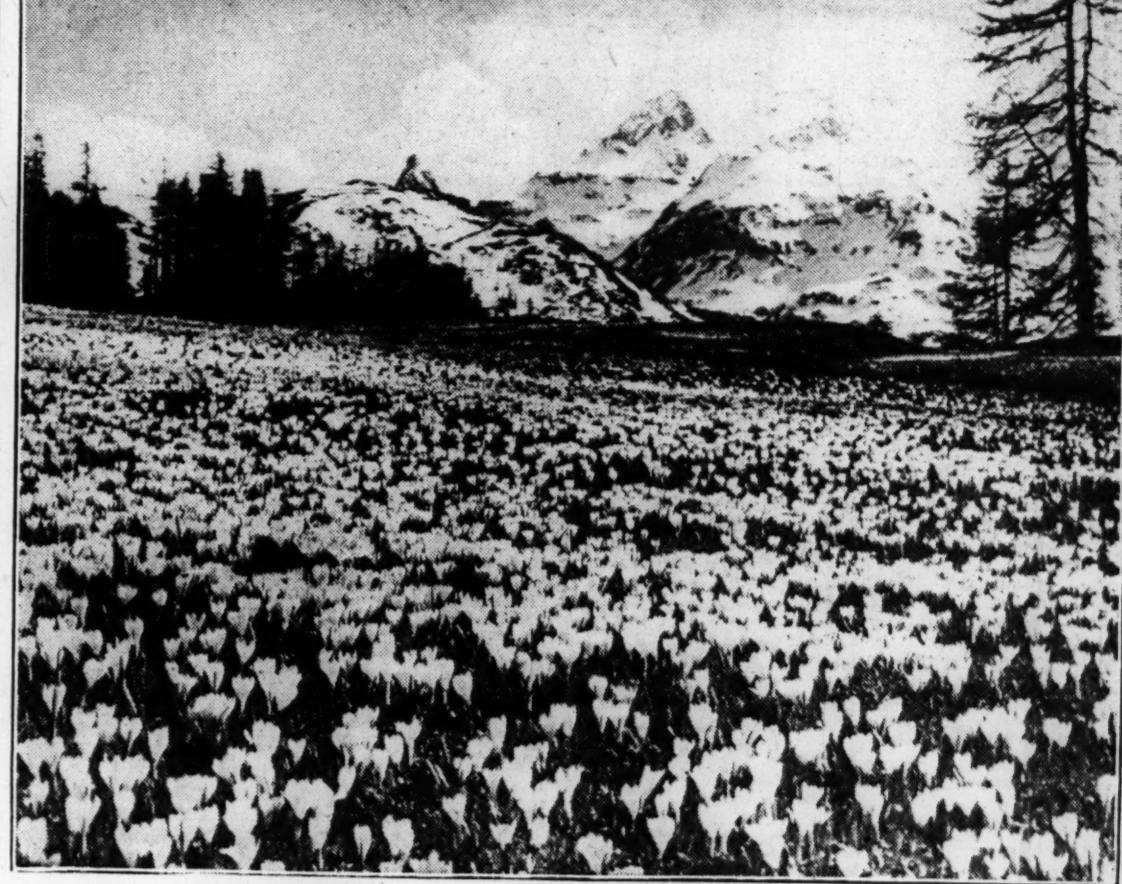
Barney Oldfield, many years ago the champion of auto racers, rides a 150-year-old tortoise at San Diego, Cal.

QUEEN OF PROM



Miss Tommy Birch, 7529 Ellis avenue, who has been elected queen of the Maplewood High School senior prom.

SPRING IN THE ALPS



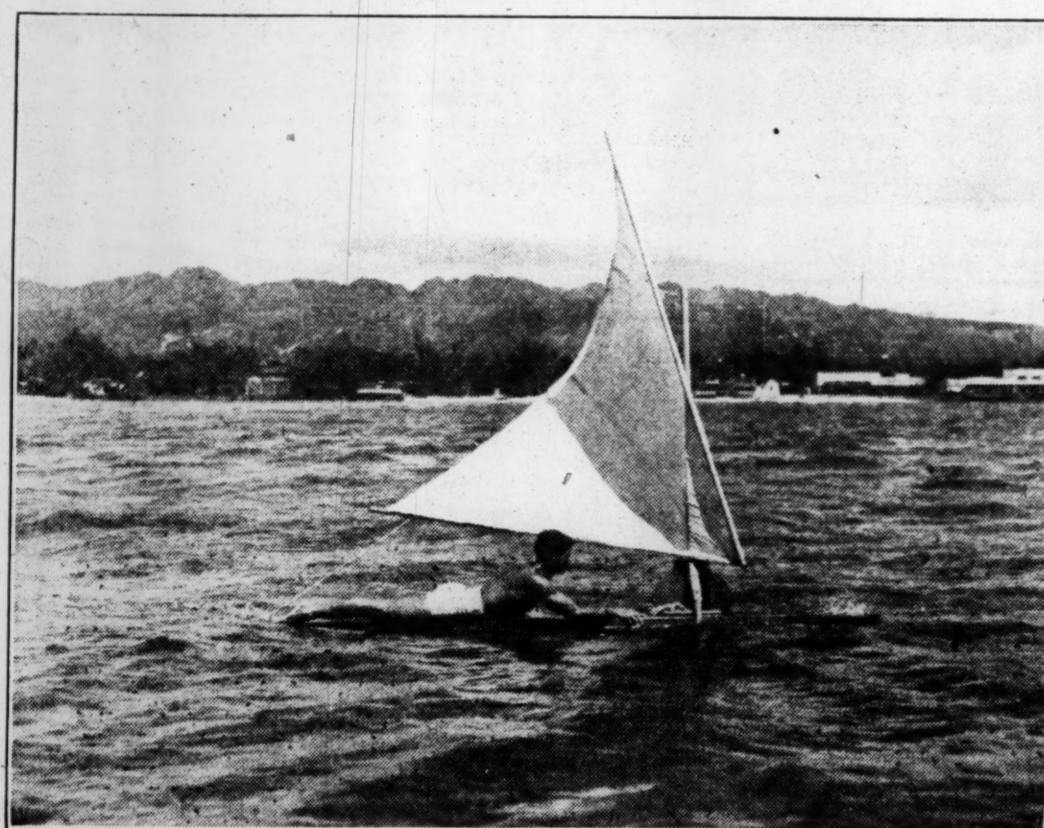
The crocus blossoms in a pasture near St. Moritz, Switzerland.

CONFISCATED



Emperor Kangte of Manchoukuo at his desk in his palace. He is on his way to Tokio today to confer with the Emperor of Japan.

SAILING SURF BOARD



A venturesome lad at Waikiki Beach, Honolulu, attached a sail to a surf board and set out into the Pacific.

Associated Press photo.

PRIZE-WINNERS AT FLOWER SHOW



The rose garden that won first prize at the Garden and Flower Show at the St. Louis Arena.



A scene from the garden that won first prize in Class 3 at the exhibit.

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ORES
ah & Chouteau
N. 12th St.

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

TUESDAY
APRIL 2, 1935.LISTEN,
WORLD!

By Elsie Robinson

(Copyright, 1935.)

Funny thing about men—they're always talking about women.
Always saying how they like their women bright, brave, strong and useful.

But when you get right down to brass tacks
You'll find that men STILL LIKE 'EM DUMB.

There never yet was any man or any age who didn't say—
"Gimme a gal with brains, a sensible gal who doesn't demand a lot 'uv expensive service,"

Elsie Robinson "Like orchids, 'n' taxis 'n' first night seats, 'n' swell cabarets" ritzy eats.

"Gimme gal who's game;"
A gal wholl let you treat her just the same as another fellow—
"Wholl dig right in and be a pal if you're broke—

"A gal who doesn't give a darn whether she's wearing a Paris model or overalls.

"Never mind if she isn't pretty, or hasn't a good shape, or a slick line of chatter."

"Such things don't matter."

"A good brain and a kind heart—They're what count in a woman—

"They're what I want in a gal."

There never yet was any man of any age.

Who didn't say exactly that when you asked him what kind of a gal he wanted.

And having said it, then what?

Did he go out and pick himself such a gal?

No, dearie, he did NOT! And you know as well as I.

The very minute he gets through yelling

For a nice, sensible, brave, kind-hearted, modest, hard-working gal with simple tastes,

He goes right out and does his darndest to find himself

Some mean, lazy, pouty, whiny, helpless, extravagant H'll wholl shake him down for his last nickel—

And then sue him for breach of pocketbook because he hasn't got a million more.

And why is this?

Aren't there any good, sensible gals like he says he wants?

There certainly are, thousands of 'em!

He meets them every day, and has their phone numbers—And what's more, he knows they're sitting waiting for him to call.

But does our hero give them a jingle?

Don't be silly! Of course he doesn't.

Never mind what he SAYS he wants—

The way he REALLY likes 'em is DUMB.

And the reason's plain—the dumber they are, the smarter HE looks.

A swell gal is really no treat to the average male—

SHE'S TOO HARD TO LIVE UP TO.

And a bright gal is apt to make him look like thirty cents—

Which is something no vain H'll boy can stand.

But a dumb gal makes even a moron seem a Bernard Shaw by comparison.

And a helpless gal makes a bantam-weight feel like a Carnera, Which, after all, isn't such an awful lot to expect in return

For providing a Jane with board n' lodgin' n' free millinery for life. So maybe there's a lesson in this for you, Sally;

And then, again, maybe there isn't.

But whether you take it or don't, You can bet your last nickel on this MALES STILL LIKE 'EM DUMB!

And, everything considered, Maybe that isn't such a bad break, after all, for us, Sisters.

Marshmallow Fruit Whip
(With Cookies)

Two egg whites beaten

Two-thirds cup diced pineapple

Two-thirds cup diced peaches

One cup diced marshmallows

One-third cup sugar

One tablespoon lemon juice

One-eighth teaspoon salt

Two-thirds cup cookies, crushed.

Mix and chill ingredients. Serve in glass cups.

Leftover sugar, spice or nut cookies can be used.

Today

Continued From Page One.

Mojave Desert in California and horses and fruit in Monmouth County, New Jersey, orders 150 tons of fertilizer, according to the prescription of the learned Elwood Douglass, who advises farmers in the State of New Jersey.

This was the prescription for orchard fertilizer: Fifty tons of 4 per cent nitrogen, 9 per cent phosphoric acid, 5 per cent potash. There were also some tons of nitrate of superphosphate. Eighteen per cent is the value of actual fertilizer, 82 per cent is "filler," a substance which dilutes the fertilizer and means waste of hauling freight payments, bag handling. This is no Soviet cry against the poor, downtrodden fertilizer gentlemen. Could they not, without sacrificing profit, arrange to let farmers supply their own "filler" of light soil, powdered lime rock or other surface?

Different Dishes for Lent

Funny thing about men—they're always talking about women.
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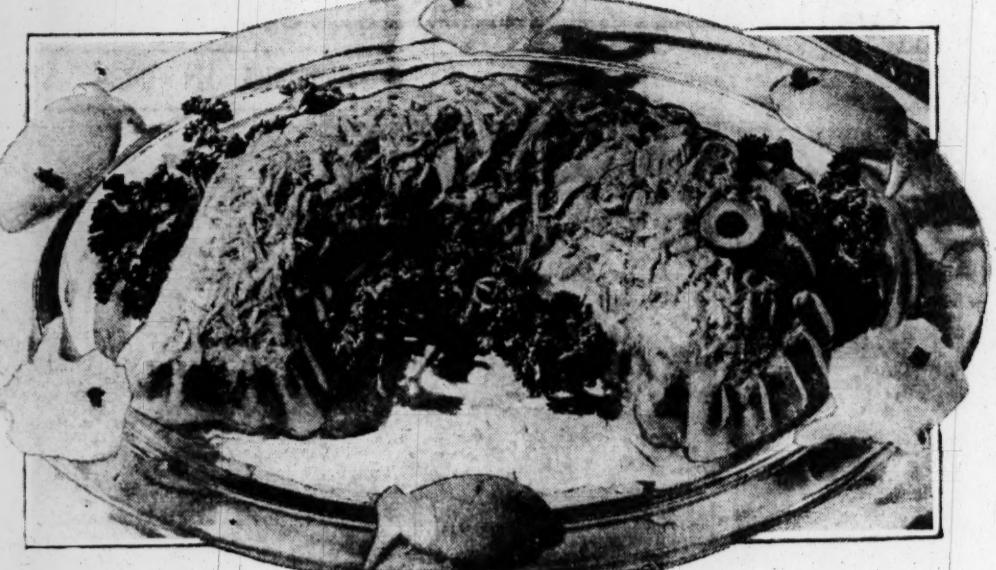
One tablespoon lemon juice

One-eighth teaspoon salt

Two-thirds cup cookies, crushed.

Mix and chill ingredients. Serve in glass cups.

Leftover sugar, spice or nut cookies can be used.



Fish in aspic makes a fine Lenten dish.

Some Hints
For Hostesses During
Fish Season

or baking dish, put a layer of fish and macaroni mixture, place hard cooked eggs and cover with the remaining mixture. Place loaf pan in larger pan containing a little water. Bake in a moderate oven (375 degrees) for 30 minutes.

For tomato grapefruit garnish out tomato in half crosswise, notch the edges with shears, scoop out a little of the inside and place a section of grapefruit which has been skinned. Place under a broiler flame for about five minutes or until the grapefruit juice has started to drop onto the tomato. Turn the loaf out on a platter and garnish with parsley and the tomato caps.

Logan Clendening to have reached a paradise of bliss. There is still plenty of constipation in the world. But there is a great deal in what he says. Constipation is no longer regarded as a serious disease entity.

There are, I believe, two reasons for this. One, and perhaps the most important, is the changing diet of people—at least, the American people, within the memory of many of us who are not yet entirely in our dotage, the standard American meal was meat and potatoes. Somewhere in the late nineties there came to me for private lessons, backward and shy as well as impetuously prepared, it had occurred to me that they might do better with the stimulus of competition and the inspiration of the class spirit. I could afford to teach a class of five or six at the same price per hour that I ask for a private lesson. The cost thus divided among several pupils would make lessons available to many pupils who could not afford them otherwise. On these theories I have organized the classes and am most gratified in the way it is working out. Children, I find, progress half again as rapidly in class as in private lessons. Two of my pupils in Alton, one in high school, one a grade school student, won first prizes in district and state music contests and our State champion has had the advantages offered by the great city of Chicago.

Methods and texts especially adapted to teaching the violin class have been originated by Miss Ahle. These she has reduced to a common denominator of learning with many illustrations and parables to amuse as well as instruct the student in the language and literature of music while he is acquiring the technique. The Alton school, occupying a three-story building rented from public school authorities, has branched out to include instruction in all the arts as well as music with 11 teachers employed, the whole institution inspired and under the direction of the St. Louis girl.

Salad has become a regular part of a meal. Indeed, for some business men and business women it is the meal in itself. And with its watercress and lettuce, celery, fruit and tomatoes, it makes up a good load of bulk to act as a cleaner.

And if one uses mineral oil instead of olive oil (I defy anyone to tell the difference by taste if a little olive oil is put in and the whole skillfully mixed) in the dressing, it leaves out the fattening part and puts in the best laxative for chronic use.

The amount of fruits we use now in comparison to other days is simply overwhelming.

All of these articles are healthy and furnish the roughage or bulk that constitute a gentle but effective stimulus to the intestinal movements.

Furthermore, they are now produced and distributed so inexpensively that they are available to all.

The second reason that constipation is heard of is that fewer people take it seriously. It is no longer regarded as a health menace. But that is another story.

Editor's Note—Six pamphlets by Dr. Clendening can now be obtained by sending 10 cents in coin, for each, and a self-addressed envelope stamped with a three-cent stamp, to Dr. Logan Clendening, in care of this paper. The pamphlets are: "Indigestion and Constipation," "Reducing and Gaining," "Infant Feeding," "Instructions for the Treatment of Diabetes," "Feminine Hygiene" and "The Care of the Hair and Skin."

Two cups gelatin dissolved in one-half tablespoon water. Two cups boiling water. One cup granulated sugar. One-half cup lemon juice. Few grains salt.

One egg white beaten stiff. With a sharp knife cut the tops from the lemons, then cut the peel to simulate petals. Remove meat and juice of fruit, leaving shells clean.

Boil the sugar and water together for 10 minutes, add softened gelatin to hot syrup and stir until dissolved. Cool slightly and add the lemon juice and salt. Cool. Pour into a freezing tray of refrigerator and place in the unit, turning cold control to most rapid freezing point. Freeze until mixture is mushy. Stir mixture and return to freezing compartment.

When very stiff, turn the mixture into a mold and beat well with a rotary egg beater and fold in the beaten egg white. Continue freezing until mixture is firm. Serve in the lemon shells, opening out strips of peel to simulate tulip petals. These lemon cups may be returned to the freezing tray and kept until ready to serve.

Orange Bread

Two-thirds cup orange peel, chopped.

One cup water.

One-third cup orange juice.

One cup milk.

One egg.

Four-thirds cup sugar.

One-half teaspoon salt.

Three and one-third cups flour.

Three teaspoons baking powder.

Cook peel and water five minutes. Cool. Add rest of ingredients and pour into greased loaf pan. Let rise 15 minutes. Bake 50 minutes in moderately slow oven.

But life is continuous from birth to death, and no matter how we

long to guard and protect our children, they may at any moment be called upon to face sorrows and difficulties for which they must be prepared.

Ambition, energy, a joy for the struggle of life, a willingness as well as a capacity to meet situations, however difficult, are far better gifts to the young than gifts to the old.

Modern psychology has a tendency to treat children as a different species from the ordinary run of mankind, to make the break between youth and maturity too sharp. They would like to guard and protect the young against not only the

Brimmed Hats Halo brimmed hats are edged with light frilling to synchronize with gowns. The frilling is doubled on the right lower edge to give a chic touch. The brims usually are five or six inches in width at the top, sometimes cut in octagon lines, and narrow towards the nape of the neck in bonnet style.

Miscellaneous Problems of Social Usage

Tactful Explanation Needed to Prevent Undue Effort to "Run Things."

By Emily Post

Dear Mrs. Post:

OUR clergyman has a young fiancee who wants to run all the societies in our church even before she is his wife, and we older women are finding it very upsetting to our accustomed practices. We like our minister very much and that is why saying anything to him is difficult, but we feel that we must take a stand before she becomes his wife. Is it necessary that a clergyman's wife rule all the women's organizations in her husband's church?

Answer: On the contrary, most clergymen's wives — to say nothing of their wives-to-be — prefer to stay in the background and take part in the activities of the church only as any other interested members would. Ideally, they are ready and willing to help, but only as they are encouraged to do so. If your minister's fiancee is inclined to be overbearing rather than merely enthusiastic, the only thing to do — so it seems to me — is delegate one of the tactful and older members to explain to her kindly but firmly that the other ladies, who have been studying the problems of the parish for many years, would naturally like to continue the work in the way they have found best.

Dear Mrs. Post: I have been voted into a club that I am not able to join. What should I do about it?

Answer: Write to the secretary of the club — or whoever notified you — and say that you appreciate their kindness and that you are sorry you cannot join.

Dear Mrs. Post: The women in our bridge club want to give a shower for one of our members, and the husbands and one or two other men members of the club who are particular friends think that they ought to be included. I don't think that it is very suitable, but what do you think?

Answer: The very fact that property has been discussed by the men as well as the women of the club, has made it a matter of questionable taste to give a shower at all — even by the women alone. In other words, a very few devoted friends, husbands and wives together might have taken presents spontaneously because of an impulse to share in the happiness of the friends they love. But controversy has robbed the situation of its lowness and I think now it would be much better to wait and give a christening shower instead.

(Copyright, 1935.)

The father was put in jail for stealing. The relief provides them with a few things, but has done nothing for this baby. It cannot live without medical attention much longer. I have called hospitals, etc. But there was a lot of red tape and nothing done. I am hoping as soon as you receive this, you can do something for this baby, because it cannot live much longer than a week in present conditions. Some of the neighbors are doing what they can. I do not want this mother to know the case has been reported.

The County Hospital says she must find out a slip from her family doctor. She has no doctor and no money for one. I am leaving her name and address with you and you can investigate and see that I am telling the truth.

D. J.

Dear Martha Carr: WILL you please refer any girls wishing to join a soft ball team to us? We practice every Saturday afternoon in Tower Grove Park on Diamond No. 5, located at 4200 Arsenal.

I am one of the few who does not live in St. Louis. But I can just meet and thus have nothing to help a little baby child is four months old, pounds at birth and is about eight pounds. The child is gradually growing. It bed is and its clothes the mother has T. B. and there are two other effective for furnishing "bulk." It is a delicacy, and iron, an element of the

lemon-spoonfuls daily will combat constipation, due to the bulk in the diet. In fact, with each meal. If not this way see your doctor.

My personal reference is the Rev. A. E. Swedburg of the Zionist Methodist Church at Virginia and Koenig avenues.

W.M. H. PELL JR., 2532 S. Spring.

My dear Mrs. Carr: M. I. RIGHT" has started

"A quite a few, including myself, to thinking. I am a young married woman; happily married. I used to blame husbands' philanderings on their wives. But in the past few years I have found out that, no matter how beautiful a woman is, no matter how long she has been married, she will always seek variety of this kind. However, to put all men into one category is as foolish as to put all women in such a place. What interests me most, however, is that "dangerous age," or middle life. Men, who have amounted to something, with charming, well-groomed intelligent wives, with the slightest beckoning will seek the diversion of being with other women at the slightest excuse or chance.

How, may I ask, can they cheapen themselves and hurt their families they claim to love?

My husband is thrown with so many. Their influence hasn't touched him. But were these same

bound for this call, addressed to

the St. Louis

Mrs. Carr will

questions of general

or matters of a

or medical nature.

to not care to have

published may enclose and stamped personal reply.

the Sunny Side of Life

THE HEIRESS AND THE PRINCE



BARBARA ... three poses of the Woolworth heiress. Barbara Hutton Married the Polo Playing Noble Despite Objections Of Family and Friends.

Chapter Two.

WHEN Barbara Woolworth met the Prince Alexis Mdivani in Paris in the spring of 1932, it was the beginning of a struggle which lasted a little more than a year to convince her family and friends that at last she really knew what she wanted. With nothing to offer, but a slightly useless title, Alexis wasn't exactly encouraged in his suit by Barbara's family, but the dashing young prince and the Woolworth heiress made no secret of their romance, and when the Prince's wife, the former Louise Astor Van Alen, made him a free lance in November, it was an accepted fact that the Georgian noble and Frank W. Woolworth's granddaughter would be married within a short time.

Then Barbara left Paris, returned to the United States to spend the Christmas holidays with her family, and the fireworks began. Everyone knew she was marshalled against her and her decision to become the Princess Mdivani. They pointed out the rather unsavory matrimonial records of Alex's two brothers, Serge and David. They argued that the Mdivanis were only superplayboys who flitted from wife to wife. They ridiculed the title of "Prince" and unearthed the fact that it was not hereditary and even an inaccurate translation of "Tawad," the appellation bestowed on the Prince's great-grandfather for military services by the Czar of Russia.

The arguments at least cleared Barbara's head for she phoned Alex across the Atlantic and asked him not to follow her to New York. But, Alex, seeing Barbara and her \$42,000,000 about to escape, disregarded instructions and came on to Manhattan only to find himself a bit out in the cold. Bob Hutton was undecided. The battles with her family and friends had put her on her guard and she was fighting with herself to end the affair. Suddenly she sailed for the Orient to escape the Prince, the traditional veil and a gown of shimmering white satin. Following the custom of the Mdivani family, the Prince and Barbara went through the picturesqueness of the Russian Orthodox Church, she wore a diamond-encrusted diadem, the alliance was when the Princess left her husband in Paris, set out for London and sent for her father. The Curley Hut, was purchased at the wedding over, Barbara announced that she was "perfectly happy and that after their around-the-world honeymoon tour she intended to continue living very much as she had before her marriage, "with everything in moderation, gaiety, night clubs and travel." Her gift to her Prince was a string of polo ponies and the guests wore titles ranging from Prince to Baronet. The orchestra was imported from London and the music alone was reported to have cost \$10,000. The tables were transformed into beds of orchids and when the party was over, estimates placed the total cost at \$30,000. Alex arranged the party, Barbara paid the check, and recalling that she had said at the time of her marriage, "I think Prince Mdivani will know how to help me spend my money," everybody agreed that the Prince was doing a pretty good job of just that.

FRIENDS at the birthday party reported the Prince and Princess "radiantly happy" but in less than a month, Barbara turned up in New York without her husband. Her rather vague excuse for appearing without him was that he had gone to shoot tigers — "or some thing." And since she didn't want to go shooting tigers, she came to New York to spend the holidays with her family. She denied that they were having any marital difficulties and continued to issue statements to the effect that there

that they were being crowned with ponies than to his 20-year-old wife.

The highest earthly happiness."

But Papa Hutton affected a reconciliation and Barbara and Alex resumed the task of spending her \$400,000 yearly income.

November rolled around and the Prince gave up his polo long enough to arrange a birthday party for his Princess. The Ritz Hotel in Paris was rented for the occasion and more than one-third of the

guests wore titles ranging from Prince to Baronet. The orchestra was imported from London and the

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statements to the effect that there

was absolutely no trouble, until

early this month, when she finally

broke down and admitted that she

had instructed her lawyer to start

divorce proceedings.

FORTY-FOUR pounds thinner

and reported "on the verge of

hysterics" the Woolworth heiress

is now on her way to Reno.

She insists that she is going to

lead her own life just because

that's the kind of girl she is.

Barbara still has her five- and ten-cent

store millions and the Prince has

the string of polo ponies she gave

him for a wedding present, and

probably enough cash to live fairly

comfortably. The premarriage set-

tlement which was never made

public is believed to be large

enough to enable the Prince to

maintain himself and his polo

ponies and besides, as has been

pointed out, he still has the Mdivani

title.

If he exaggerates his own im-

portance, and pretends to gifts he

does not possess, it is his pathetic

effort to make up for what he has

lost and heal a bitter hurt which

he is trying to forget.

HOW PATHETIC we are—all of us—

pretending to be what we are not

in order to escape what we are;

whereas if we were simple, natural

and unafraid we should be both

lovely and lovable.

The Pretense To Excessive Importance

By The Rev. J. F. Newton

"SHAKESPEARE," said Hazlitt in a famous essay, "was the least of an egotist that it was possible to be. He was nothing in himself; but he was all that others were, or that they could be."

In other words, the peculiarity of Shakespeare was that he was not peculiar; he had every gift and seemed not to be aware of it. He was not only just like any other man, he was like all other men, having in himself the germs of every faculty and feeling known to man.

How odd that a man should have no additioes to show off and be proud of to his friends! He just went on with his work, doing impossible things with inevitable ease, and thought no more about it.

Always it is so. The greater a man is the less of an egotist he is, or has to be. His work speaks for itself, and he does not have to advertise it, much less write a prospectus prophesying it.

Taken Lincoln. It has long been debated whether he believed in immortality. But we now know that it was not unbelief in immortality, but his inability to believe that he was worthy of it, or that he had done anything to entitle him to it! Here is real humility.

Not so the big-feeler; he thinks he is immortal here, and takes his immortality hereafter for granted. What spectacle he makes of himself with his strut, all puffed up like a peacock pup!

The Prince was known that he is a sick man, suffering from an inferiority complex, and does not know it. If he thinks more highly of himself than he ought to think, it is because something, or somebody, has hurt him and made him think less highly of himself than he ought.

If he exaggerates his own importance, and pretends to gifts he does not possess, it is his pathetic effort to make up for what he has lost and heal a bitter hurt which he is trying to forget.

How pathetic we are—all of us—pretending to be what we are not in order to escape what we are; whereas if we were simple, natural and unafraid we should be both lovely and lovable.

(Copyright, 1935.)

ALEXIS ... telephones to his wife.

that they were being crowned with ponies than to his 20-year-old wife.

But Papa Hutton affected a recon-

ciliation and Barbara and Alex re-

sumed the task of spending her

\$400,000 yearly income.

November rolled around and the

Prince gave up his polo long

enough to arrange a birthday party

for his Princess. The Ritz Hotel in

several new 1935 frocks. One taffeta has a belt made of lace; another has an emerald necklace, crossed over the

Dr. Wiggam's Questions
The Day on the Radio

TUESDAY,
APRIL 2, 1935.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

PAGE 5C

Odd News From Ripley
The Daily Short Story

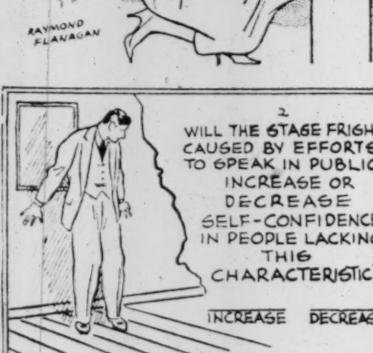
DAILY MAGAZINE

Let's EXPLORE Your MIND

By ALBERT EDWARD WIGGAM, D. Sc.

See Whether His Opinions Agree With Your Own

AUTHOR'S NOTE: These answers are given from the scientific point of view. Science puts the rights of organized society above the rights of individuals.



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brings an astonishing limbering up of both their tongues and personality.

—Prof. Lewis M. Terman of Stanford, gave tests on a large group of moral problems to over 500 of the famous 1000 exceptionally

KSD Programs

For Tonight.

At 5:00, Junior League Program

At 5:15, mid-week hymn sing

At 5:30, Organ Melodies and Mary Smale, singer

At 5:45, Norman Neilson, baritone

At 6:00, Latest news bulletins; baseball brightights

At 6:10, "Old Favorites."

At 6:15, Bernard Ferguson, English

At 6:30, "Easy Aces," American home life sketch

At 6:45, Olin Gibson, pianist, and musical cocktail

At 7:00, Leo Reisman's orchestra and Phil Duey, baritone, and Johnny

At 7:30, Wayne King's orchestra

At 8:00, Ben Bernie's orchestra; Jack Dempsey and Hannah Williams

At 8:30, Ed Wynn and Eddie Dugan's orchestra

At 9:00, light opera hour, "Pirates of Penzance"; Frank Parker, tenor; John Wiedahl, baritone; Szwarcowit, John Barey, baritone, and others; Al Goodman's orchestra

At 9:30, "The Exchange," KMOX

At 10:00, "Lorraine's Exchange," KMOX

At 10:15, "The Exchange," KMOX

At 10:30, "The Exchange," KMOX

At 11:00, "Joe Winter's Orchestra," KMOX

At 11:15, "Joe Winter's Orchestra," KMOX

At 11:30, "Gene Beecher's orchestra," KMOX

At 11:45, George Duffy's orchestra

At 12:30 midnight, Popular Music

Williams, stage star

WILL—Melodies, KMOX—Bing Crosby and George Stoll's orchestra

WGN—(720)—"Mardi Gras," KWK—(700)—"Melody Parade," KWK—(Red Trails," sketch

WIB—(720)—"Lawrence Salerno, baritone, and concert orchestra; "The Second Chance," KMOX

WIS—(720)—"Lunchtime," KMOX

WLS—(720)—"Lunchtime," KMOX

WMA—(720)—"Lunchtime," KMOX

WMB—(720)—"Lunchtime," KMOX

WMC—(720)—"Lunchtime," KMOX

WMD—(720)—"Lunchtime," KMOX

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WZQ—

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Toonerville Folks—By Fontaine Fox



Popeye—By Segar



Ringside Seats

(Copyright, 1935.)



Jane Arden—By Monte Barrett and Russell Ross



The Bungle Family—By Harry J. Tuthill



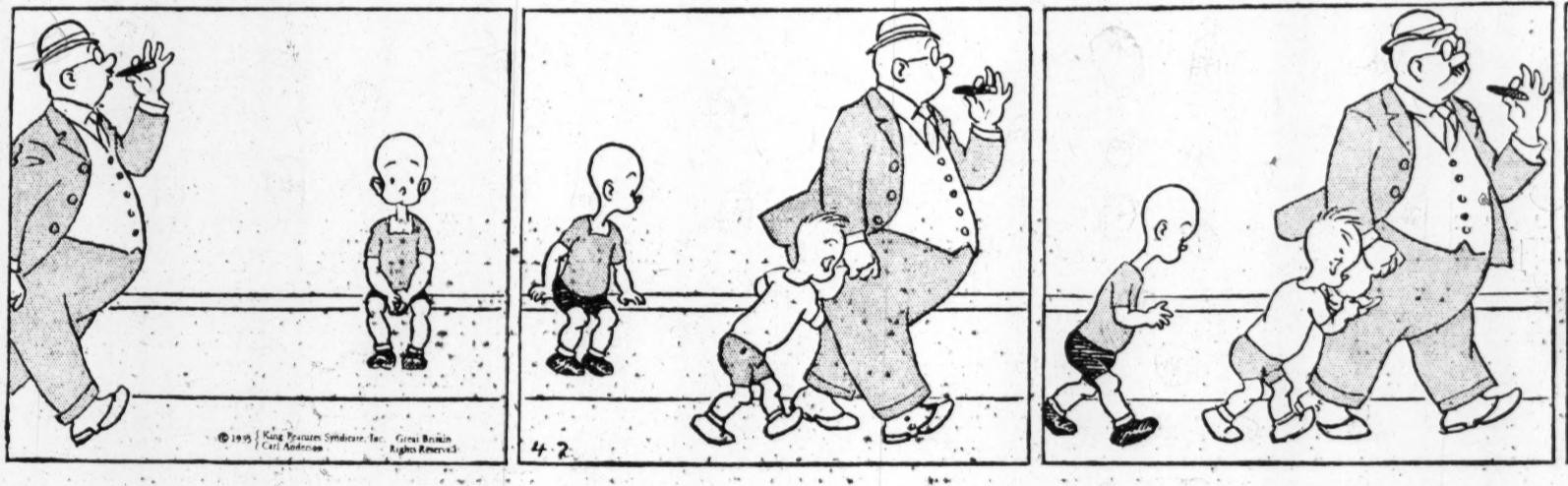
A Gift

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Henry—By Carl Anderson

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Bringing Up Father—By George McManus

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Ella Cinders—By Bill Conselman and Charlie Plumb

Telling Him Off

(Copyright, 1935.)



Finland Gave Us a Decoy

By ARTHUR "BUGS" BAER

OT of important men think it would be good idea if we called off European debts.

Wipe the slate clean, throw the chalk away, swallow the sponge. Start all over again with a lot of pals.

There's only one thing about it. We'd have to give what we did get back to Finland.

That's the big item that keeps us here. It's a great relief a clean bill of health.

We realize that France, Germany, England and the others haven't got enough coin to make a noise in a thump.

But we can't do it. We don't want to get Finland sore.

(Copyright, 1935.)



DEMOCRATIC BY BIG E ALL RE ALDER

Party Polls
44,000, to
Third Victo
—Mason
for Board

MAYOR DI
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159,178 V
Heaviest 't
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Per Cent
tration.

For the first history of the B its entire membe eratic as a res municipal electio Democrats achieve ccessive local land tory in the pres 1932. There were the board pri

William L. M Democratic nomi president, defeat opponent: William 101,962 to 57,216. Democratic ticket but little difference. The administration \$3,600,000 pur due was carried 24,194 votes more than two-thirds n Three of the fo nation candidate majority of the Committee under sian law were school board can the Democratic A. Blumeier. R. bent.

Majority in over the democratic election. The active control over after, as all the candidates had been nomination. This proved the effort oration. During in office he has a majority of 16 to but some of the men have not shown Mayor. While a not show up in the first time in the Democrats have tire membership body. Comptroller Lo left as the only official in the Dickmann, Mason comprise the B and Apportionm fiscal body. W (Rep.), alderman 1932, did not seek

The vote was 1 cen of the legis fulfilled the Chairman Waechter Election Board, w balloting began to be 150,000 to 160,000 canvasses of the afternoon, sh aatively light voti of the vote w the latter pa Waechter though passage of the bond among the 147,000 relief role was much of the vote fewer persons exp on the bond issue dermathe 44

Plurality 44. Mason, a natural formed with a \$4,746. Other plu 44,511 to 65,710. The split ticket Democratic plur al election last 23,000 to 43,000. Nick Riedy, a former profe led the Democratic st, with a vote of lowest man on Representative L elected to represent Ward, was only him. Harry J. P nominee and for Peace, led the with 57,280 votes ter, Republican nominee, was on Pfeifer, in whose former wife Louise Weilbrin Ward, the only w Pfeifer. Only one wa

Continued on